The New-York Times.

VOL. XIII.—NO. 3906. NEW-YORK, THURSDAY, MARCH 31, 1864. PRICE THREE CENTS.

THREE DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE AFRICA AT HALIFAX.

Rumored Acceptance of the Proposed Conference by Denmark.

The War in the Duchies Still Being Prosecuted.

Bombardment of Duppel by the Allies.

Naval Victory of Danish Ships Over the Prussians.

The Atlantic Cable to be Laid in the Summer of 1865.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

HALIFAX, Wednesday, March 30.

The steamship *Africa*, from Liverpool at eight o'clock on the morning of the 19th, via Queenstown on the 20th instant, arrived at this port at ten o'clock this morning. Her dates are three days later than those already received.

The *Africa* has forty-seven passengers for Halifax and forty-one for Boston.

The steamship *Hammonia*, from New-York, arrived at Southampton on the morning of the 18th instant.

The steamship *Damascus*, from Portland, arrived at Londonderry at half-past four o'clock on the morning of the 19th instant.

The steamships *City of London* and *Kangaroo*, from New-York, arrived at Liverpool on the 18th instant. Both were detained by a low tide.

The *Africa* reports: Passed, March 25, in lat. 46°, lon. 36°, American ship *Robert Lane*, bound east; March 27, lat. 42°, lon. 48°, steamship *Australasian*, bound to Liverpool.

The Canadian steamship *North American* sailed from Liverpool on the afternoon of the 17th, and Londonderry 18th, for Portland.

The steamship *Virginia* arrived out on the 16th.

The *Africa* sailed at 2 P. M. for Boston, where she will be due on Friday morning.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The suspension of the mails via Galway until further notice is officially announced by the Post-office Department.

In the House of Commons, on the 17th inst., Lord PALMERSTON said, that he could not produce the opinions of the law officers of the Crown with respect to the seizure of the *Tuscaloosa*. They were confidential advice for the Government, and it would be objectionable to produce them.

Lord PALMERSTON, in reply to inquiries relative to the proposed "Conference," said that the reply of Denmark was still awaited, but that he had good reason to hope and believe that the Danish Government would assent.

Sir H. S. TRACEY, moved that the statement of the French Procureur-General, at the trial of GRECO, implicating a member of the House and of Her Majesty's Government, Mr. STANSFIELD, in the plot to assassinate the Emperor of the French, deserved the serious consideration of the House.

Lord HAMILTON seconded the motion, and it was supported by Mr. D'ISRAELI, Mr. PAKINGTON and other opposition members.

Mr. STANSFIELD defended himself, and reiterated his denial of any complicity in the matter.

Lord PALMERSTON said he had no explanation to make to the French Government, and thought that none was necessary. If he had thought for a moment that STANSFIELD could have the slightest participation in the conspiracy, he should have called upon him to resign; but he had not done so because he knew that he was incapable of such conduct.

The motion was rejected by yeas 161; nays 171. The Government majority of ten was received with great cheering. The vote was generally regarded as a decided Conservative attack on the whole Government.

In the House of Lords on the 18th inst., Earl RUSSELL appealed to Earl ELLENBOROUGH to postpone his inquiries relative to the Danish question, as it was very desirable that no discussion should take place just now on the subject.

Earl RUSSELL said that England had fond hopes that Denmark would agree to a conference, and that an armistice would be acceptable to all parties.

Earl ELLENBOROUGH assented to the proposition.

Marquis CLANRICARDE called attention to the recruiting of sailors for the Federal steamer *Kearsage* at Cork, and pointed out the leniency of the British Government as compared with that shown by the Federal Government toward England in 1854. He pointed out the inducements which were held out in Ireland by Federal agents to induce young men to go to America.

Earl RUSSELL said that the Marquis of Clanricarde had answered his own complaint of the remissness of the Government when he referred to the prosecution going on in the *Kearsage* case. He denied that the Government were remiss in watching the proceedings of the Federal agents in Ireland.

Earl DONOUGHMORE reflected on the false statements that had been made by the Captain of the *Kearsage*.

Earl RUSSELL said that the Captain's explanation must be accepted as satisfactory.

In the House of Commons there was another party debate on Mr. STANSFIELD's connection with the conspirators against the life of the Emperor NAPOLEON.

Lord PALMERSTON said that Mr. STANSFIELD had placed himself and his office entirely at the disposal of the Government. He (PALMERSTON) therefore assumed all responsibility in the matter.

The Lord Chancellor announced that the House of Lords would give judgment in the *Alexandra* case soon after Easter.

The London *Morning Post* regards the opening of the Spring campaigns in America as disastrous failures for the Federals.

The London *Globe* says that the Federal attempts to penetrate the South have failed; but, nevertheless, that the operations of SHERMAN and KILPATRICK show that the Confederates are weaker than a year ago.

At the Cork Assizes nine men, convicted or illegally practicing military exercises at Blaney, were sentenced to twelve months' imprisonment, and another to fifteen months'.

The Manchester *Examiner* publishes a letter from sundry persons in New-York, emphatically denying the assertions of the correspondent of the London *Herald*, that, owing to the prevalence of kidnapping, there was no security for emigrants landing at New-York. They denounce the assertion as a gross falsehood.

At a meeting of the Atlantic Telegraph Company, on the 16th, the directors report announce that the tender of Messrs. GLASS, ELLIOTT & Co., to make and lay the cable, had been definitely accepted. The details of the contract were not quite ready, but would be submitted to an adjourned meeting. The report was unanimously adopted. The Chairman said that the position of the company was most encouraging. The retiring officers were reelected. Moderate estimates, founded on the capacity of the new cable, fix the net revenue at £425,000 per year.

The ship *Gibraltar* had sailed for New-York with 1,000 tons of coal, given by Mr. GEORGE ELLIOTT, of the firm of GLASS, ELLIOTT & Co., in aid of the United States Sanitary Commission.

THE DANISH WAR.

The London *Daily News* of the 18th inst. announces authoritatively that Denmark has accepted of the proposed conference on the basis of the negotiations of 1851 and 1852, without an armistice. The consent of the Germanic Confederation is now necessary, and it is doubtful if they will assent on the basis named.

Some continental journals confirm the above statement, but it is not officially announced.

Duppel was vigorously bombarded on the 16th instant without effect.

A sortie by the Danes against Rockebull was repulsed by the Austrians.

The Prussians had taken Ostler, near West Duppel. Their loss was about 100. They took 300 prisoners.

The capture of the Island of Fernern by the Russians is confirmed.

The Prussians had arrested all the principal officials in that portion of Jutland which they occupied.

A sharp naval engagement had taken place off Rugen Island, between five Danish steamers and two Prussian men-of-war and several gunboats, resulting in the withdrawal of the Prussian ships, closely pursued by the Danes. The Prussian vessels, however, succeeded in reaching port safely.

It is asserted that Sweden is hastening her armaments.

INDIA.

CALCUTTA, Saturday, Feb. 27.

Shirtings and twist quiet. Exchange 2s. 1¾d.

BRAZIL.

The Brazil mails have reached Lisbon, bringing the following intelligence:

RIO DE JANEIRO, Wednesday, Feb. 24.

Coffee, 7$200@7$300 for good firsts. Stocks, 50,000 bags. Exchange 27¼@27⅝.

BAHIA, Thursday, Feb. 25.

Brown Sugar, 2$000@2$700.

PERNAMBUCO, Tuesday, March 1.

Brown Sugars, 2$700@2$850.

LATEST VIA LIVERPOOL.

LIVERPOOL, Saturday Evening.

A late Berlin dispatch says that five Prussian batteries are ready to open fire across the Weninberg. The Danish iron-clad *Golf Drake* has been repulsed.

The Danish batteries are armed with French rifled guns.

The London *Morning Herald* says the Conference has served the purpose of the English Cabinet, Parliament having separated for the Easter recess without expressing any opinion on the Government policy. Earl RUSSELL has therefore three weeks grace, during which time something may turn up to save him.

The trial of the *Pampero* seizure case is appointed to take place May 5.

The University boat race was won easily by the Oxfords. The great billiard match was won by Cambridge.

LATEST VIA QUEENSTOWN.

LONDON, Sunday Morning, March 20.

Consols, after official hours, yesterday, closed at 91¾@91⅞.

The Prince of Wales was present at the Oxford and Cambridge boat race. *Oxford* won by about eight lengths.

The Prince of Wales held a drawing-room reception on Saturday afternoon.

The American ship *North Atlantic*, bound to Boston, and partly loaded, was destroyed by fire at Calcutta.

LONDON, Saturday Evening, March 19.

The funds on the 18th were dull. To-day they remained unchanged. The advance in Exchange, at Bombay, has caused a recommencement of the drain of specie from England for cotton. Bar Silver was in greater demand for the East, and money was in more request.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET—MARCH 18.

The Broker's Circular reports: The sales of the week were 76,000 bales, including 15,000 bales to speculators, and 11,500 bales to exporters. The market was firm but unchanged for American, but ⅛d. for Indian, and inferior qualities of other descriptions also advanced. The sales to-day (Friday) were 10,000 bales, including 4,000 bales to speculators and exporters, the market closing buoyant at unchanged rates. Quotations are:

Fair Orleans.....Nominal Middling Orleans...27d.
Fair Mobile.....Nominal Middling Mobile....26⅜d.
Fair Uplands..Nominal Middling Uplands..26⅜d.

The stock of Cotton in port is estimated at 260,000 bales, of which 28,500 bales are American.

TRADE REPORT.

The market at Manchester was inactive but firmer.

LIVERPOOL BREADSTUFFS MARKET.

The market generally is very dull. Messrs. RICHARDSON, SPENCE & Co., WAKEFIELD, NASH & Co. and others report; FLOUR nominal and no sales to report; quotations range 18s.@22s. WHEAT very dull; Winter Red has declined 2d.@3d. per cental; Red Western quoted 8s.@8s. 7d.; Red Southern, 8s. 6d.@8s. 9d. CORN dull; Mixed, 28s. 3d.@28s. 9d.

LIVERPOOL PROVISION MARKET.

The Provision Market is generally quiet and steady. BIGLAND, ATHYA & Co., GORDON, BRUCE & Co., and others, report: BEEF quiet and steady. PORK firm. BACON quiet and steady. LARD quiet, but firm. TALLOW steady, at 40s.@42s. BUTTER firm.

LIVERPOOL PRODUCE MARKET.

ASHES firm; Pots 36s.; Pearls 35s. SUGAR steady. COFFEE firm. RICE inactive. COD OIL—sales small. LINSEED OIL firm. RESIN firmer. SPIRITS TURPENTINE upward; French quoted at 80s. PETROLEUM—BOULT, ENGLISH & BRANDON report the market quiet and steady for Refined at 1s. 9d.; Crude nominal at £14@£14 5s.

LONDON MARKETS.—(BARING.)

BREADSTUFFS dull, and quotations barely maintained. IRON quiet; Rails, £7 10s.; Bars, £6 15s. Scotch Pig, 58s. 6d. SUGARS quiet and steady. COFFEE buoyant and advancing. RICE firm. TEA steady. TALLOW quiet. LINSEED has an upward tendency. LINSEED CAKES firm. SPIRITS TURPENTINE active, at 82s. PETROLEUM quiet! Crude, £16@£16 10s.; Refined, 1s. 11d. SPERM OIL steady at 74s. LINSEED OIL advancing, quoted at 36s. 6d. TIN has declined 4s.

GROVES & TODD report BEEF dull; PORK firm; BUTTER declining but active; LARD firm; RESIN firm.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.

Consols closed on the 18th at 91⅛@91⅝ for money. Bullion in the Bank of England has increased £63,000.

AMERICAN SECURITIES.

The market is steady, with more doing for the Continent. United States Five-Twenties, 62@63; Illinois Central Railroad, 16@15 discount; Erie Railroad, 66⅝@67.

LATEST COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE PER AFRICA, VIA LIVERPOOL.

LIVERPOOL, Saturday Evening, March 19, 1864.

COTTON.—Sales to-day 7,000 bales, including 2,500 bales to speculators and exporters. The market is firm at unchanged quotations.

BREADSTUFFS.—The Breadstuffs market is very dull.

PROVISIONS.—The Provision market is quiet and steady. BACON is firmer.

PRODUCE.—The Produce market is steady.

LONDON, Saturday Evening, March 19, 1864.

CONSOLS closed at 91⅛@91⅝ for money.

AMERICAN SECURITIES.—Illinois Central Shares 16@15 discount; Erie Shares 66⅛@67⅜.

LATEST VIA QUEENSTOWN.

Havre Cotton Market.

COTTON—Sales of 14,000 bales New-Orleans tres ordinaire at 352f.; ditto bas 340f. Stock in port, 29,000 bales. The market is firmer.

PARIS, Sunday, March 20.

The Bourse is flat. The Rentes close at 66f. 5c.

THE WAR IN "EGYPT."

The Copperhead Fight in Coles County, Ill.—Troops Sent to the Infected District.

CHICAGO, Wednesday, March 30.

A special dispatch to the *Tribune*, dated Mattoon, Ill., last night, says:

"Four hundred men of the Fifty-fourth Illinois Regiment leave Charleston to-night to attack the rebels, who are said to be 300 strong, under the command of Sheriff JOHN S. O'HAIR, intrenched at Gilladay's Mills, ten miles northeast of Charleston.

A portion of the Fifty-fourth Illinois is at Mattoon, that place also being threatened by rebels from Shelby and Moultrie Counties.

Two companies of the Invalid Corps, en route for Springfield, have been stopped at Charleston for garrison duty.

Pickets are out on all the roads.

In the fight on Monday, four of the Fifty-fourth Illinois Regiment and one Union citizen were killed, and Col. MITCHELL, five privates and two Union citizens were wounded.

Two rebels were killed and several wounded.

Sailing of the Arabia.

BOSTON, Wednesday, March 30.

The steamship *Arabia* sailed at 1 o'clock, with 50 passengers for Liverpool and 23 for Halifax. She carries no specie.

A northeasterly storm is prevailing, with snow and rain.

FROM THE SOUTH.

A Union Advance in North Carolina—Latest from East Tennessee and Georgia—The Post of Arkansas Captured—Sleighing in Richmond—Interesting Miscellaneous News, etc., etc.

The Richmond *Enquirer* and Petersburgh *Register* of Feb. 25 have been received, and contain the following intelligence:

BURNSIDE IN NORTH CAROLINA.

From the Enquirer.

We understand official information has been received at the War Department concerning the landing of a large force of the enemy in Washington, N. C. The force is said to be under command of Gen. BURNSIDE. Whether an immediate forward movement was contemplated or not, the recent heavy fall of snow in that vicinity, together with the heavy condition in which it will leave the roads, and the attendant flooding of the swamps, will put a stop to any advance into the interior for some days to come. The "expedition" is no doubt composed largely of the new levies that have been recently encamped about Norfolk. It is not presumed that they have been withdrawn from MEADE's army.

EAST TENNESSEE.

From the Lynchburgh Republican.

We have the report from East Tennessee that the Yankees, who had advanced as far east as Morristown, have again taken the back track, and retired to Strawberry Plains, only some fifteen or twenty miles from Knoxville. This retreat of the enemy has dissipated, for the present at least, all prospects of a fight.

The enlistment of colored troops in Middle Tennessee goes on rapidly.

At Shelbyville and Lebanon there are five thousand ready for the field.

HENRY JONES and JAMES HAYS, paroled United States soldiers, charged with attempting to murder and rob HUGH L. KEAGAN, 31st December last, were tried, convicted, sentenced and sent to the Penitentiary, on the 24th, by Judge LYONS.

THE SENTIMENT OF EUROPE.

From the Petersburgh Express.

The Hon. L. Q. C. LAMAR, late Minister to Russia from the Confederate States, delivered an address in Milledgeville, Ga., a few nights ago, on the sentiment of Europe toward the Confederacy. Mr. LAMAR went to Europe over a year ago, and had good opportunities of ascertaining the tone of European opinion. He found the intelligent people everywhere candid in expression of sympathy with the Confederates, and of admiration for the dignity and statesmanship of our rulers, and the valor, endurance and fortitude of our soldiers and people, but there were considerations of a political character operating to deter official recognition or intervention by the Governments of Europe.

Still the approval of intelligent European opinion was cheering. Great Britain was sensitive of any act that would incur the hostility of the United States. France was deterred by the refusal of other Powers to join her. Russia alone was open in her partiality for the United States. The ignorant populace of Germany had been beguiled by Northern fanaticism, and had sent recruits to the Northern armies. The Pope has declared our nationality an established fact. The financiers of London had taken the Confederate loan, while they refused to touch that of the United States, which was a financial recognition of our national existence, and a substantial evidence of their confidence in our success.

TRANS-MISSISSIPPI.

A correspondent of the *Mississippian* furnishes the following:

"The infantry in Gen. PRICE's division is in high spirits, and 'spilin' for a fight."

Provisions are plentiful, as the way is open to Texas, the best beef market in the world. Gen. PRICE is still the pride and admiration of the army.

The spirit of the people of the Trans-Mississippi Department is looking up. If it is true that Gen. A. P. HILL will succeed HOLMES, we may expect better things.

The armies in Louisiana and Texas are in high spirits, and are ready for the fee.

The trade with Mexico has been of great benefit to the department. At the time I left, the cavalry, under Gen. REAGAN, had advanced to Monticello, and strong scouts had ventured near Pine Bluff, attended with heavy skirmishing. An attack upon Pine Bluff was daily anticipated."

AFFAIRS IN FLORIDA.

From the Richmond Enquirer.

Information had been received by the military authorities at Lake City, Fla., on Sunday evening last, that the Yankees had landed a force at Palatka. The force landed at that point is not known, but it was rumored that it was large. Gen. FINNEGAN had dispatched forces to meet them, consisting of cavalry, infantry and artillery. Our pickets in front of Jacksonville confirm previous intelligence that the greatest portion of the enemy's troops had left that place. Everything continued quiet in the neighborhood of Jacksonville.

MEXICAN AFFAIRS.

An editorial in the *Enquirer* is devoted to a discussion of Mexican affairs. It reviews the history of that unfortunate country, and declares that her people are utterly incapable of self-government, and lauds NAPOLEON for his efforts to produce peace and good government there, and says "he is doing the very best thing for Mexico that could possibly be done. He is rescuing the country from utter ruin." Of MAXIMILIAN the *Enquirer* says: "The agent chosen by NAPOLEON for the regeneration of Mexico is eminently qualified for the efficient accomplishment of the work before him. He belongs to the Loraine branch of the proud, imperial house of Hapsburg—one of the oldest dynasties in Europe. He is, therefore, invested with all the prestige which high birth can give."

SNOW STORM.

Correspondence of the Petersburgh Register.

RICHMOND, Wednesday, March 23.

The heaviest snow storm of two Winters, it is presumed, did not slight Petersburgh yesterday and last night. The average depth is about twelve inches, and some affirm that it is deeper. To-day was ushered in with a cloudless sky and merry ringing of sleighbells; the latter pastime at the tune of twenty dollars an hour to those who indulged. The roads in Northern Virginia, always cut up by the hundreds of wagons on the move, will be in a horrible condition for some time to come, and give a truce to any intention of activity on the part of the enemy.

DAHLGREN'S ORDERS.

The *Register* alludes to the Northern denial of the authenticity of the documents said to have been found on the body of Col. DAHLGREN, and declares that the papers as published were entirely genuine, and that they are "substantiated by citizens on the line of the road, to whom the design was boastingly announced, and confirmed by a mass of evidence, which, when published and given to the world, as shortly will be done, will not leave a twig of question for the originators of the barbarous scheme to grasp at, as they plunge to the abyss of lasting infamy, or a single doubtful strand in the rope that swings them to the execration of the civilized world."

FROM JOHNSTON'S ARMY.

DALTON, Ga., Tuesday, March 22.

The enemy have retired from our front, and their recent movements are supposed to be only reconnoissances.

A heavy snow fell here last night and to-day. It lies four inches deep.

Our troops have captured the Post of Arkansas.

DALTON, Ga., Thursday, March 24.

All quiet on our front. The enemy show no disposition to engage our forces.

MISCELLANEOUS.

—The *Enquirer* publishes an appeal to the benevolent in behalf of soldiers' families and other poor of the city, which says: "The poor have not been able to procure supplies at the shops established by the city councils, even at the reduced prices charged by the committee." The appeal states that pressing necessity exists for immediate aid to prevent absolute suffering.

The crops in Georgia are represented as looking very encouragingly. In some sections the growing wheat has been injured by the frost, but the general impression is that a few good warm rains will revive it. Thus far everything looks promising for a good crop this year.

—The Supreme Court of Georgia on Monday unanimously affirmed the constitutionality of the Confederate anti-substitute law.

—Gen. PILLOW has been placed in command of the cavalry of the Northern District of Alabama.

The Missing Italian Frigate.

The French steam corvettes *Phlegiton*, Commander MAUD, from a cruise in search of the Italian frigate *Re Galantuomo*, made a thorough search, but saw nothing of her. The *Phlegiton* has been absent fifteen days, during which time she has encountered furious gales, lost quarter boats and sustained other damage.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Secretary Chase's Report on the Negotiation of the Five-Twenty Loan.

McClellan's Omitted Dispatches to be Published.

Large Number of Confirmations by the Senate.

Consideration of the National Bank Act in the House.

The Rate of Interest Limited to Six Per Cent.

SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE N. Y. TIMES

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, March 30.

THE AGENCY OF THE FIVE-TWENTY LOAN.

The Secretary of the Treasury will soon make his report in answer to the inquiry of Congress, in regard to the employment of JAY COOKE, as agent for the disposal of the Five-Twenty Loan. His reply will show that on the ten millions, Mr. COOKE received a commission of one-half of one per cent.

For his commission on the balance he was limited in gross to three-eighths of one per cent., which he was bound by contract to apply as follows: One-eighth to sub-agents; one-eighth to expenses of publication and other means of popularizing and diffusing the loan over the whole country, and the remaining eighth as his own compensation for the risk, labor and responsibility, for his sub-agents and expenses. Of five hundred and ten millions sold, Mr. COOKE disposed of three hundred and sixty millions, and the Sub-Treasury, at New-York and elsewhere, of the balance. He did not clear expenses on the first ten millions, but his total share of the amount paid by the Government will range somewhere between $440,000 and $450,000 gross, but in no case will exceed one-eighth of one per cent. on three hundred and sixty millions of dollars. By a nice calculation, it is proven that the whole loan cost less than three-tenths of one per cent. paid to agents in effecting it.

M'CLELLAN'S OMITTED DISPATCHES.

It is stated at the War Department, that McCLELLAN, in his report to the Secretary of War on his operations on the Peninsula, omitted nearly one hundred bombastic dispatches, including his great "push them to the wall" dispatch. It is not at all unlikely that an amended and correct edition of his report will soon be published.

GEN. BLAIR.

The announcement that Gen. BLAIR will at once resign his seat is premature. After his claim to represent the First District in Missouri in Congress is definitely settled, and not until then, will he take the field as commander of the Seventeenth Army Corps.

THE STYLE OF LIVING IN THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC.

Gen. GRANT does not seem to fancy the luxurious style of living prevalent in the Army of the Potomac. He says he can maintain his physical integrity on pork and beans, as soldiers do out West, and he lieves it can be done by them here. Caterers to the delicate palates of our officers are in spasms at the report that the Lieutenant-General is about to banish their wares from the lines.

REIMBURSEMENT OF WAR EXPENSES.

The subject of reimbursement to States that have incurred expenditures for troops during the war, was up in the House Military Committee to-day. Gen GARFIELD was instructed in behalf of the committee to institute a general inquiry into the character of the claims of the several States that have furnished militia or other troops not mustered into the service of and not paid by the United States, but who have been employed in assisting to crush the rebellion. He was also authorized to draw up a bill providing for the creation of a commission, or any other feasible means to adjust and pay such claims on principles of equity and justice.

THE CASE OF MAJOR BOND.

We are assured by good authority that the paragraph concerning the arrest of Major FRANK BOND, of Gen. ROSECRANS' Staff, was incorrect in some essential particulars, and did very gross injustice to that officer. He made no complaint, either in the committee room or elsewhere, that he had not been promoted, nor was he placed under arrest for any such reason. He came to Washington in obedience to the orders of Gen. ROSECRANS, and for the purpose of bringing dispatches and papers from that officer; and he has been ordered back to Gen. ROSECRANS for trial. We believe the only ground of his arrest was the fact that his visit to Washington, even in obedience to the orders of his superior officer, was a technical violation of a rule of the War Department.

THE WASTE OF CAVALRY HORSES.

In order to remedy existing evils in waste and destruction of cavalry horses, a board of three officers is to be appointed by the War Department to make thorough inspections of mounted troops in each army in the field, and to report to the Adjutant-General such regiments and companies as for want of discipline and neglect and waste horses, ought to be dismounted and broken up and transferred to other organizations from the same State. Where regiments or companies are broken up, officers will be mustered out of service. Authority has been given to commanding Generals of armies and military departments to dismount and transfer to infantry regiments from the same State any mounted man whose horse is, through his own fault or neglect, rendered unfit for service.

CONSTERNATION AMONG HORSE DEALERS.

There is great consternation among horse contractors to-night. Secretary STANTON, by a skillful *coup d'etat*, has broken up the ring formed here to force up the price of horses on the Government. JOHN SPICER, of Chicago, one of the leaders of the gang, has been sent to the Old Capitol. Other arrests have been made, and more are to follow.

THE RARITAN AND DELAWARE RAILROAD ROUTE.

The Raritan and Delaware Bay Railway Bill comes up in the House to-morrow. The Camden and Amboy is here looking after its own interests. The debate promises to be spicy, but the result is extremely uncertain. Contestants on both sides are confident of success.

PAY OF RESIGNED OFFICERS.

An order just issued by the War Department, designates the pay of officers resigning or dismissed as follows: Officer on leave, who resigns, will be paid to the date given to his acceptance of his resignation; officer on duty, who resigns, will be paid to date at which he received notice of the acceptance of his resignation; provided he continued on duty till that time, otherwise to the date when he was relieved from duty. An officer on leave, when he is dropped or dismissed from the military service, will be paid to the date, inclusive of the order dropping or dismissing him, provided no other time be specified in the orders as the date when his pay should cease, or when he ceased to be an officer; and in such case to date so specified. An officer on duty or in hospital, when he is dropped or dismissed from military service, will be paid to the date at which the order dropping or dismissing him was received at his post or hospital, if no other time be specified in the order as the date when he ceased to be an officer, and, in such case, to the date so specified. An officer dismissed by sentence of court-martial will be paid to date when the order approving the sentence was received at the post where the officer was, if no other time be specified in the sentence, or in the order promulgating it, as the termination of his service and pay.

DISPATCHES TO THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, March 30.

CAPTURE OF A NOTORIOUS BUSHWHACKER.

Gen. PATRICK, Provost-Marshal-General of the Army of the Potomac, sent to this city yesterday a notorious rebel citizen and bushwhacker, charged with the murder of the son of Senator BROWN, of Virginia. The proof against this man is said to be positive, as the deed was witnessed by several of our officers. Col. INGRAHAM committed the prisoner to the Old Capitol Prison.

THE FRENCH DESERTERS.

Yesterday, at the request of M. L. DE GROPART, Acting French Minister, the four men who were committed to the Old Capitol Prison, as deserters from the French merchant service, were sent to New-York and turned over to the French Consul-General.

No authority has been given by the Treasury Department to receive subscriptions for the Ten-Forty bonds except to certain Assistant Treasurers and designated National Banks. All representations to the contrary are without any foundation in truth.

THE DANISH BLOCKADE.

The State Department has been officially advised that the port of Neustadt, in Holstein, is now blockaded by the Danish Government.

ECUADOR.

The President has signed the bill to carry into effect the convention with Ecuador for the mutual adjustment of claims.

GOVERNMENT EXPENSES.

The Senate Finance Committee have reported amendments to the House bill for paying the expenses of the Legislative, Judicial and Executive Departments, among them reducing the appropriations for the Agricultural Department from $155,000 to $100,000, and increasing the appropriations for the Adjutant-General, Quartermaster-General and Paymaster-General's offices nearly $500,000 in addition to the amounts already in the bill.

NAVAL CAPTURES.

The Navy Department has received information that on the 14th inst., off Mosquito Inlet, Florida, the United States schooner *Beauregard*, captured the schooner *Linda*, from Nassau to New-Smyrna, Fla., with a cargo of salt, liquor, coffee, &c.; also, of the capture on the same day, by the same vessel, the British sloop *Hannah*, of Nassau, N. P. The vessel had on board a small quantity of cotton, but the Captain threw it overboard before being captured.

CONFIRMATIONS.

The Senate, to-day, in Executive Session, confirmed a large number of surgeons in the volunteer force, among them the following:

From New-York—Edward B. Dalton, George L. Suiten, Andrew F. Sheldon, Peter H. Cleary, Edward G. Whitney, S. D. Carpenter, Richard D. Lynde, Nathan P. Rice, Charles S. Wood, M. K. Hagan, John Trenor, Jr., Francis Greene and A. C. Van Dyn.

From Pennsylvania—Benjamin B. Wilson, Wm. S. Thompson, Caleb W. Horner, Robert S. Kenderdive, Frederick A. Keffer, Lewis D. Harlon, David B. Sturgeon, James W. Pettinos, John Bradley, Alexander M. Spear, Robert Revburn, John M. Mintzer, Joseph B. Morrison, Lewis W. Reed, Jacob J. Delamater, Lewis G. Rice, William R. Dewitt and H. W. Ducachet.

From Massachusetts—John W. Faye, Cyrus N. Chamberlain, John W. Lawton, Abraham N. Wilder, Otis M. Murphy, Frank Meacham, Silas A. Holman, Samuel Kneland, Lincoln R. Stowe; also Wm. A. Conover and Jas. B. Bellanger, of New-Jersey; S. E. Fuller, W. C. Burnett and Abel C. Benedict, of Connecticut. A large number of Assistant Surgeons in the volunteer force was confirmed; also Surgeon John L. Lecoate, to be Medical Inspector, *vice* Hamilton, resigned; and John G. McMunn, of Wisconsin, to be Superintendent of Indian Affairs for Washington Territory, *vice* Calvin H. Hall, removed.

PROCEEDINGS OF CONGRESS.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, March 30.

CONCERNING CENSUS STATISTICS.

Mr. WILEY, of West Virginia, (Union,) from the Committee on Finance, reported adversely on the resolution directing the Superintendent of the Census to prepare certain tables showing the population, products and manufactures of certain sections by comparison and in detail. Ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. FESSENDEN, of Maine, (Union,) from the Finance Committee, reported back the House bill making appropriations for the legislative, executive and judicial expenses of the Government, for the current year, with amendments.

MILITARY ORDERS IN MARYLAND ELECTIONS.

On motion of Mr. JOHNSON, of Maryland, (Union,) it was resolved that the Secretary of War is requested to furnish the Senate with the original, or a copy, of a telegraphic dispatch or order, on the files of the department, of Maj.-Gen. DIX to Provost-Marshal DODGE, dated the 5th of November, 1861, concerning the election held in Maryland on the following day.

THE TAX ON TOBACCO.

Mr. BROWN, of Missouri, (Union,) presented a resolution of the Legislature of Missouri, adverse to the imposition of a tax on the growth of tobacco, or tobacco in the leaf. Referred to the Committee on Finance.

THE EXPENSES OF THE MINNESOTA INDIAN WAR.

Mr. WILSON, of Massachusetts, (Union,) reported back from the Military Committee the bill for paying to Minnesota the costs, charges and expenses of the Indian war of 1862. Referred to the Committee on Claims.

MRS. THROCKMORTON'S CLAIM.

Mr. SHERMAN, of Ohio, (Union,) submitted a letter received from Assistant Secretary of the Treasury FIELD, with details of the claim of Mrs. MARY THROCKMORTON, for compensation for six negroes, claimed as her own, which the District Commissioners of Emancipation could not allow, her husband being in the rebel army, though a son of an officer in the Union army, but recommended Congress to pay from the residue of that fund.

Mr. HARLAN, of Iowa, (Union,) from the Committee on Public Lands, reported favorably on the joint resolution explanatory of the tenth section of the act to reduce the expenses of the survey and sale of public lands. It was adopted.

AID TO IOWA RAILROADS.

Mr. HARLAN, of Iowa, (Union,) reported from the Committee on Public Lands, a bill to aid a railroad in Iowa, from McGregor, along the forty-third parallel, to a point on the Missouri River, with a branch up Cedar Valley, towards Mankota, Minn., and one from Sioux City to Mankota, giving five alternate sections per mile.

THE TERRITORY OF MONTANA.

Mr. WADE, of Ohio, (Union,) called up the bill to provide a temporary government for the Territory of Montana.

Mr. WILKINSON, of Minnesota, (Union,) offered an amendment to the sixth section, striking out the words "free white male inhabitants," and inserting "the male citizens of the United States, or those who shall have declared their intention to become such."

This clause refers to qualifications and eligibility to hold office.

Mr. JOHNSON briefly stated the reasons which would cause him to vote against the amendment.

THE ANTI-SLAVERY AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION.

The morning hour expired and the Senate proceeded to the consideration of the unfinished business of yesterday, the joint resolution amendatory to the Constitution.

Mr. DAVIS, of Kentucky, (Dem.,) said there was no subject more important to the people than the proposed amendment to the Constitution. The general reason assigned for this action, that Slavery was the cause of the rebellion, struck him as very unsound. He would be perfectly willing to acknowledge the guilt of Massachusetts and South Carolina, and abolish both of these States.

The Senate then went into Executive Session and adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, March 30.

A CLAIM FOR THE USE OF A PRIVATE INVENTION.

Much time was spent in the consideration of a report from the Naval Committee, proposing to refer to the Court of Claims the settlement of the claim of WILLIAM WHEELER HUBBELL, for the Government use of his patent thunderbolt shell and fuse, the compensation not to exceed $100,000. The subject was referred to the Court of Claims.

MILITARY HIGHWAY IN KENTUCKY.

On motion of Mr. YEAMAN, of Kentucky, (Dem.,) the Military Committee was instructed to inquire into the practicability and utility of furnishing and using as a military highway the railroad between Henderson, Ky., and Nashville, Tenn., and report by bill or otherwise.

THE NATIONAL BANK BILL.

The House went into committee on the National Bank Bill.

Mr. BROOKS, of New-York, (Dem.,) offered an amendment, to confine the engraving and printing of the notes to the Comptroller of the Currency, without the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, as the bill provides. Mr. BROOKS said the Secretary had already too much to do. He could not give sufficient time and attention to the printing and circulation of the notes. The business, therefore, should be exclusively under the direction of the Comptroller of the Currency. Heretofore he had called attention to the fact that the printing was now conducted by a man who was engaged in fraudulent transactions, but no special attention had been given to the subject. Some great mishap might occur, and, in view of the vast temptation, measures ought to be taken to prevent it.

Mr. GARFIELD, of Ohio, (Union,) was thoroughly tired of hearing insinuations of something very rotten in the management of the Government. The gentleman (BROOKS) should be specific.

Mr. BROOKS replied that he had already placed on record a public document, showing that the man who has control of printing money was heretofore engaged in a fraudulent transaction, as specified by a Republican committee. He now made the charge, and demanded a committee to investigate the whole subject of printing money.

Mr. STEVENS, of Pennsylvania, (Union,) said that the bill made the Currency Bureau a part of the Treasury Department, but the gentleman's (BROOKS') amendment was based on a different principle. No honest and intelligent man had charged the Secretary of the Treasury with corruption. Since the days of HAMILTON, no purer or abler man has filled the office than Secretary CHASE.

The amendment of Mr. BROOKS was rejected.

Mr. PIKE, of Maine, (Union,) offered an amendment, in effect to make the banks simply banks of deposit, and to issue only the notes of the Government. The people, so far as he knew, were very well satisfied with the "greenbacks."

Mr. HOOPER, of Massachusetts, (Union,) said that if the gentleman (PIKE) was sincere he would accept a substitute, "that it shall not be lawful for any person, association or corporation, to issue any note, check or other evidence of indebtedness, designed or calculated to be circulated as money." That would cover the whole subject.

Mr. PIKE could not accept of the substitute of the gentleman from Massachusetts, (HOOPER,) for the reason that it was in conflict with the decision of the United States Supreme Court, which, in the Kentucky case, held that the issues of State banks were constitutional.

The propositions of Mr. PIKE and Mr. HOOPER were rejected.

Mr. BROOKS offered an amendment to deprive the Secretary of the Treasury of the power of prescribing the devices and forms of the notes, saying that the vast money power of the country should be divided as much as possible, and not lodged in the hands of one man without limit or responsibility. Such consolidation and concentration of power was frightful. He (BROOKS) indorsed what the gentleman from Pennsylvania (STEVENS) had said of Secretary CHASE, but he (BROOKS) now repeated what he had said on a former occasion, namely: he had never known throughout his public life any one so surrounded and enveloped with so many unprincipled men as was the Secretary of the Treasury. Four hundred and fifty thousand dollars were made from the sale of the five million loan, and it was his (BROOKS') belief that the money thus obtained was used by the opponents of Mr. LINCOLN to establish Anti-Lincoln clubs and newspapers in New-York and elsewhere.

Mr. STEVENS said this was but a repetition of the remarks the gentleman had heretofore made. He was glad the gentleman conceded there was one honest man in the Treasury Department. He wished as much could be said of Secretary CHASE's predecessors. [Laughter.] He did not know who the gentleman meant in his remark, that a dishonest man was superintending the printing of money. Such vague denunciations were easily made. These were the weapons of the small men of the party—the weapons of skirmishers—not used by the main body of the party. As to $400,000 being put into the pockets of somebody, did the gentleman suppose there were no expenses in issuing and taking in the five hundred million loan, which was not taken until after agents were employed? He could scarcely believe moneyed men were so liberal as to establish Anti-Lincoln clubs and newspapers. If it were not for the high authority of the gentleman, he would not believe a word of it. He did not know of Anti-Lincoln clubs or newspapers being established.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

The Municipal Reform Movement.

The movement now on foot for municipal reform is the first really earnest and systematic one that has been made. The people have taken hold of the matter, as the already large and yet growing organizations in the different Wards attest. The movement is one entirely irrespective of party. There are no politicians in it, and no politician will find favor from it. Those who have taken hold most earnestly are the mechanics and the workingmen, who have now brought home to them, in increased rents, because of increased taxes, and in other ways, the knowledge that a reform is necessary. But all classes of citizens are interested and all classes are engaged. Meetings are being held and are always well attended, where facts and figures are given as to how the public moneys go, how valuable franchises are given away, and how the best interests of the City and of citizens are wholly ignored. These facts and figures cannot be controverted, and they are setting men to thinking and to acting. The present movement for reform is decidedly a strong and popular one.

Committees from each Ward of the organization to which reference has been made—the "Citizens' Association"—intend immediately proceeding to Albany to remonstrate against the new City Tax Bill, recently presented to the Legislature. It estimates the expenses for the present year at $15,000,000, requiring an addition of 1 per cent. over the taxes of last year. A committee, appointed by the Legislature, commenced yesterday sitting upon the bill.

Naval Intelligence.

IMPORTANT ORDER RELATIVE TO ENLISTMENTS.

The Navy Department has issued an order establishing a new rendezvous near the Navy yard, Brooklyn, where seamen transferred from the army under the new law will be quartered,. This depot will be opened on the first of April, or as soon after as possible. It was first intended to have all the transferred recruits sent on board the receiving-ship *North Carolina*, but Capt. MEADE of that vessel made such well-grounded objections that the project was not carried out.

The first applicant for transfer from the army presented himself on Monday to Commodore RADFORD, but on account of technical difficulties in enlisting him, he was obliged to go back to Bedloe's Island, whence he came.

THE MARINE CORPS.

This excellent body of soldiers is to be increased to 3,000. Enlistments have been few and far between for many months, in consequence of the superior inducements offered in the army. There are now about 2,000 men in the corps, it having been increased from 1,000. A bill is before Congress to make the present Commandant a Brigadier-General, as the late Gen. HENDERSON. There are some 800 men now at the different Navy-yards and shore stations, exclusive of those in California.

THE EXPECTED SUBMARINE EXPERIMENT.

Some weeks since a private individual was to blow up a vessel in the harbor with a new submarine invention. Chief Engineer STIMERS went over to witness the feat, but it didn't come off, because the projector was not ready. Yesterday it was to have come off once more, but the weather was bad. The Government has nothing at all to do with the affair.

CORRECTION.

The *Dictator*, and not the *Puritan*, is preparing for a trip to Europe. The mistake was our copyists.

THE ROGERS' TESTIMONIAL.

The presentation of the silver service to Commodore ROGERS has been unavoidably delayed in consequence of the lettering of one of the salvers. In describing the articles a few days since we omitted to state that the large salver has a fine illustration of the *Wachusken* and *Atlanta* as they appeared after the famous engagement.

The First Division and the Fair.

The following general orders have been issued by Gen. SANDFORD:

HEADQUARTERS FIRST DIVISION N. Y. S. N. G., } NEW-YORK, March 30, 1864. }

GENERAL ORDERS No. 2.—The division will parade on Monday next, the 4th of April, and will unite with the United States troops at this station, under Maj.-Gen. DIX, in celebrating the opening of the Metropolitan Fair, for the benefit of the Sanitary Commission.

The division line will be formed on the south side of Fourteenth-street, with the right on Broadway, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, and the review will take place immediately thereafter.

The line of march from Fourteenth-street will be through the Second-avenue, Stuyvesant-street and Astor-place to Broadway, and down Broadway to the City Hall, where the honors of a marching salute will be paid to the Mayor and Corporation.

By order of
Maj.-Gen. CHARLES W. SANDFORD,
ALEXANDER HAMILTON, A. D. C.

Extraordinary Arrival of Emigrants.

The number of emigrants arriving this week promises to exceed all precedent. On Monday, 1,044 landed at Castle Garden; on Tuesday, 1,798, making in the two days a total of 2,842. The following are the vessels and the number brought by each:

March 28.

	Passengers.
Steamship America, from Bremen	614
Ship Escort, from Liverpool	430
Total	1,044

March 29.

Steamship City of Manchester, from Liverpool and Queenstown	471
Ship Wisconsin, from Liverpool	347
Ship Arkwright, from Liverpool	350
Ship America, from Liverpool	300
Ship Cynosure, from Liverpool	350
Ship Victoria, from London	80
Total	1,798

THE RAILROAD ACCIDENT IN FIRST-AVENUE.—An inquest was held yesterday by Coroner COLLIN on the body of the lad, JOHN DONNELLY, who was accidentally run over on Monday evening by a car of the East River Railroad line, in First-avenue, near Twenty-sixth-street. The testimony showed the occurrence to be purely accidental, and the jury rendered a verdict accordingly.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND THE SANITARY COMMISSION.—The pupils of the Tenth Ward Public Schools give an exhibition at Cooper Institute, this evening, in aid of the funds of the Sanitary Commission. The exercises will consist of music, declamations, dialogues, military drill, calisthenics, tableaux, &c.

HISTORICAL LECTURE.—Rev. N. W. JONES will lecture this evening, at the hall of the Historical Society, on the "Origin and Antiquities of the North American Indians."

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange....MARCH 30, 1864.

$5,000	U. S. 6s, '67...	119	
$2,000	U. S. 6s, '81, Co.	113	
1,000	U. S. 6s, 5-20 Cou.	109½	
15,000	U.S. 6s, Or War Ln. ½ yearly...	100	
6,000	Treas. N. 7 3-10 Oct. & April S.	112⅜	
25,000	U. S. 6s, 1-yr C..	99⅜	
1,000	Ohio 5s, '65..	103	
1,000	Ill. Cen. 5s, '63.	101⅛	
10,000	Ten. 6s, '90...	61⅛	
5,000	Georgia 5s..	60	
25,000	Mo. 6s, issued to Pac. R.....	75⅛	
8,000	do.....	75⅝	
10,000	do.....	76	
12,000	Cal. State 7s.....	134	
200,000	O. & Miss. C.....	66	
20,000	do.....	66¼	
9,000	N. Y. C. 6s.....	109	
7,000	N. Y. Cen. 7s..	102½	
2,000	Cin., R. & Q. 8s 1st M.	128⅜	
1,000	M. C. 8s Co. 1st M.		
	St. Fd. R.....	136	
5,000	Al. & T. H. 2d M. P.	95¼	
10,000	Chic. & N. W. 1 M.	96	
2,000	C. & N. W. Ext.	95¼	
8,000	Tol. & W. 2d M.	96	
2,000	Clev. & Tol. S. F.	115	
3,000	Cl. & Alt. 1st M.	113	
8,000	Cl. & Pitts. 4th M.	90	
22,000	M. & Mo. L. G..	79	
20,000	do.....	79⅛	
6,000	Chic. & Alt. 1st M.	110	
1,000	do.....	110¾	
300	Chic. & Mil. R..	83	
1,500	Chic. & Al. In. B.	86	
2,000	Mar. 1st M. B..	82	
20,000	Amer. Gold.....	163¾	
3,000	do.....	164¼	
20,000	do.....	193⅞	
10	B'k of the Com'th.	108	
100	Merchants' Bank.	111	
161	do.....	112	
10	Bank of Com'rce.	113	
20	Ocean Bank.....	100	
20	Am. Exc. Bank....	117	
20	Continental Bank.	104⅜	
25	Imp. & Trad. Bank.	110	
180	Canton Co.....	69⅜	
100	do.....	70	
50	do.....	s10	69⅞
200	do.....	s60	69⅜
150	Del. & Rud. C. Co.	238	
173	do.....	s30	148¾
100	Com. Coal Co.....	92⅜	
100	do.....	93	
100	Cum. Coal Pr..	s30	84
100	do.....	b10	84⅜
100	do.....	b10	84⅜
100	do.....	s30	84⅜
500	do.....	s30	85⅜
200	do.....	c10	84⅜
100	Amer. Coal Co....	110	
200	Quick. Min. Co....	77	
100	do.....	77⅜	
200	do.....	78	
300	do.....	79	
500	do.....	79⅜	
400	do.....	79¾	
200	do.....	b15	80
100	do.....	b30	80⅜
200	do.....	16⅛	
200	do.....	16	
200	Wy. V. & C. Co....	95	
100	Canada Cop. Co....	11	
100	do.....	20¾	
200	Lehigh & Sasq. C.	19⅜	
600	do.....	19	
100	Mariposa M. Co.	b10	44⅜
400	do.....	s30	43⅜
200	do.....		43¼
200	do.....	s30	41
300	do.....		43
100	Hope Gold Co.....		14⅜
700	do.....		14⅜
100	Briggs Gold Co....		125
300	Pacific M. S. Co....		234
100	do.....		234⅜
200	do.....		235⅜
500	do.....		236
100	do.....	s30	137⅜
1300	Ill. C. Full Stock		135
100	do.....		134⅜
200	N. Y. Cen.....		145
100	do.....		145¼
1200	do.....		144½
200	do.....		144½
100	do.....		144½
100	do.....	s15	144¾
100	do.....	b10	145
1500	do.....	b30	145
100	do.....	b30	145⅜
100	do.....	b20	145½
100	do.....	b15	145
200	do.....	b10	144⅜
200	do.....	s30	144⅜
75	Peninsula R.....		70
1000	Cen. M. Co., Col.		13

SECOND BOARD.

$50,000	U.S. 6s, 5-20s, C.		109⅞
9,000	U. S. 6s, 1-yr c...		99¼
16,000	Mo. St. 6s.....		73⅜
10,000	Ohio & Miss. C...		66
15,000	do.....		65⅜
10,000	do.....	b3	66
30,000	Amer. Gold.....		164
1,350	do.....		163⅜
10	Bank of Comm'rce		108¾
100	Cum. Coal Prf....		83⅜
100	do.....		83⅜
100	do.....		83
1500	Quicksil. M. Co...		82⅜
1500	do.....		83
1000	do.....		84
250	Pacific M. S. S. Co.		236
50	do.....	b30	237⅜
200	N. Y. Cen. R.....		141
300	do.....		143¾
550	do.....		143⅜
2500	Erie R.....		125⅜
700	do.....		125⅝
208	Erie R. Pr.....		115⅜
200	do.....		115¼
300	do.....		115
500	do.....	b10	115
1000	Hud. R. R.....		161
100	do.....		161¼
500	do.....		161⅜
200	Harlem R.....		125
800	do.....		122
1000	do.....		121⅜
300	Mich. Cen. R.....		150
50	do.....		150¾
400	M. S. & N. I. R....		118⅜
150	do.....	s3	116
100	Briggs Gold Co....		122
100	Pacific M. S. Co....		234
100	do.....		234⅜
200	do.....		235⅜
500	do.....		236
100	do.....	s30	125
600	do.....		115⅜
300	do.....	b3	115⅜
100	do.....	b3	115⅜
300	do.....	b3	115⅜
100	do.....	b10	115⅜
400	Hud. R. R. ex-d..	s3	160⅜
100	do.....		161
100	do.....	c	160⅜
100	do.....	c	160⅜
200	do.....		160⅜
100	do.....	s3	160⅜
1700	Harlem R.....		126
600	do.....	s30	126⅛
1500	do.....	b30	127
5500	do.....	s30	126
500	do.....		126⅜
200	Reading R.....	s3	152⅜
1100	do.....		152⅜
1100	do.....		152⅝
1000	do.....	b3	152⅜
500	do.....	b10	153¼
100	Mich. Cen. R.....	s3	150
100	do.....		150
200	do.....	b3	150
400	M. S. & N. I. R....		116⅜
400	do.....		116⅜
200	do.....	b3	116⅜
100	M. S. & N. I. R.	b10	149½
1300	Ill. Cen. R.....		150⅜
600	do.....		150⅜
100	do.....	c	150⅜
100	Miss. & Mo. R....		62⅜

PUBLIC BOARD—11 A. M.

100	N. Y. Central..	s10	143⅜
50	do.....		143⅜
300	do.....	s3	143⅜
300	Erie R.....	s3	125⅜
500	do.....		125⅜
500	do.....	b3	125⅜
100	Erie Pr.....	b3	115¼
200	do.....		115
200	do.....		114⅜
400	do.....		114⅜
200	do.....		114⅜
100	Hud. R. R. ex-d.	s3	161
500	do.....		161
100	do.....	b3	161
100	do.....	b10	161
1600	Har. R.....		122⅜
400	do.....	b3	123
100	do.....	s30	122
600	do.....		123
1600	do.....	s30	123
200	Reading R.....	b3	152
500	do.....		151⅜
200	do.....	b3	151⅜
300	do.....	b3	151⅜
500	do.....		151⅜
300	M. S. & N. I. R....		118⅜
150	do.....	s3	116
100	Ill. Cen. R.....		148⅜
200	do.....		148¾
300	do.....	b3	148⅜
1500	do.....		148⅜
200	do.....		148⅜
200	do.....	b3	148⅜
200	Clev. & Pitts. R..	b3	126
200	do.....		126⅛
200	do.....	b3	126¼
100	do.....	b15	126⅜
100	do.....		126⅜
200	do.....		126⅜
100	do.....	b10	126⅜
100	Gal. & Chic. R....		126⅛
100	do.....	s3	126
100	do.....		126
200	do.....	b3	126⅜
800	Clev. & Tol. R....		148⅜
$10,000	Sandy R. Coal & Oil Co.		
1st M.	b.		100¼
100	Chi. & R. I. R....		125⅜
200	Chi. & N. W. R....		67
100	Mil. & Pr. du Ch...		85⅛
100	Chi. & Alt. R.....		95
$20,000	Miss. & Mo. L. G. Bds.....		78
100	Pacific Mail.....		235¾
50	do.....		235
10,000	Ohio & Miss C.	b10	67
20,000	do.....		66¾
10,000	do.....		66⅝
300	Cum. Coal..	b10	94
100	do.....		83¾
300	Canton Co.....		69⅜
200	Quick. M. Co.....		85½
200	do.....		84
500	do.....		85
100	do.....		85⅜
1000	do.....		86
1600	do.....		86⅜
500	do.....		86¾
100	Hope Gold Co.....		15
100	Mar. Min. Co.....		42
200	do.....	b3	42
300	do.....	b3	42¼
100	do.....	b10	42¾
100	Bucks Co. Lead...		1¾
100	Can. Cop.....		10⅜
20,000	do.....		11
100	Cen. Colorado.....		13¾
300	do.....		14

WEDNESDAY, March 30—P. M.

The price of Gold fell 1½ ℔ cent. to-day. The Customs demand was light, owing to the rain storm. The price was fixed at the Treasury at 164 ℔ cent., but through the forenoon the Street rate was a fraction lower, so that nine-tenths of the Customs were paid in Gold Coin, in place of Gold Coin Certificates bought at the Treasury counter. The latter amount to only $118,000 for the two days under the new arrangement, while the price in the open market has gone down 2½@3 ℔ cent. This afternoon 164@164¼ was the quotation.

The storm also worked against the subscriptions to the 10-40 Loan. These were:

At Treasury Office	$94,300
First National Bank	151,000
Together	$245,300

Since the Boston steamer mail last night, there is no settled quotation for Bills on London. The rates are made steadier by the daily quotation for Gold at the Treasury Office. The shipments of Cotton last week were 1,753 bales, which created a large amount of Exchange, and the engagements this week promise to be even larger. The stock of Cotton is very considerably in excess of the home demand, with continued liberal receipts from the Southwest.

The market for Money continues active at 6@7 ℔ cent., but the leading Stock and Money firms, to-day, appeared to be liberally supplied at or within the outside quotation. There is a demand for the Greenback Currency from the interior of this State; the local Bank Note Currency being all outstanding and no new issues making.

The buoyancy in the Stock speculations at the close of business yesterday afternoon, and the additional heavy and advancing sales of the Evening Exchange, influenced a free demand to-day for the Railways and several of the Miscellaneous Shares. Among the latter, the excitement was greatest in Quicksilver Company, which were up to 86 ℔ cent., or against 77½@78½ ℔ cent. yesterday. The transactions in the Stocks were large. There was less interest in Harlem after the rapid rise of yesterday, but no important decline. After the 4 o'clock quotation in our last paper of Hudson River, there was a sudden upward turn to 160@161 ℔ cent. which was well maintained to-day, and the advance in Reading continued up to 153 ℔ cent. The Western Roads were nearly all firm, though with occasional changes through the day in the spirit of the bidding. The Government Stocks rule very steady.

At 4 o'clock the Railway Speculation was less buoyant, and prices somewhat irregular. Gold was 164 ℔ cent., and Bills on London 177 @177½ ℔ cent., which relative rates are against the export of Gold at a profit by 1@1½ ℔ cent. The following general quotations for Stocks were made in comparison with the same hour yesterday. The Quicksilver Shares were higher. The rise in this stock is said to have carried down one of the speculators in the Street, who has been selling it *short*.

	Tues.	Wed.
Gold Coin	165½	164
U. S. 6s, 1861	112⅜	112⅜
N. Y. Central	144⅜	143⅜
Erie	125⅛	125⅜
Erie Preferred	114⅜	114⅜
Hudson	157⅜	160⅜
Pacific Mail	233⅜	236
Harlem	121⅜	122⅜
Canton	70	69⅜
Treas. Cer. new., 99¾		99¼
Toledo	143⅜	143⅜
Northwest	67¾	67

The following bids were made to-day for the City Bank Stocks. At the meeting of the old Associated Boards to day the question of admitting the National Banks to the Clearing House, was again postponed:

New-York	117	Mechanics' Bk. Ass.	104
Merchants'	112	Ocean	100
Mechanics'	115	Chatham	105
Union	120	Bank of the Republic	105
City	145	Bank of N. America	111
Phœnix	105	Metropolitan	120
National	111	Shoe and Leather	109
Mch'ts Exchange	103	Continental	104
Commerce	115¾		

The Railway Mortgages are generally firm. The following bids were made to-day:

N. Y. Cen. 6s	109	Chi. & N. W. S. F.	107
N. Y. Cen. 6s. Real Es.	105	Chic. & N. W. G. B. Ex.	95
N. Y. Cen. subscrip'n.	101	Chi. & N. W. firsts	95¾
N. Y. Cen. 7s. '64	107¾	Chi. & N. W. seconds	99
N. Y. Cen. 7s. '76	116	Han. & St. Jo. 1sts	101
Erie 2ds, '79	117	Han & St. Jo. 2ds	95
Erie 3ds, '83	117	Del. L. & W. 1sts	115
Erie 4ths, '80	126	Tol. & Wab. 1sts	108
B. N. Y. & E. 1sts	109	Tol. & Wab. seconds	96¾
Hud. R. 1sts, '69	113	M. & P. Du Ch. firsts	105
Hud. R. 3ds, '75	157	Gal. & Chic. Ext	115
Harlem 1sts, '69 & '73	113	Gal. & Chi. 2ds	112
Har. seconds, '64	100¾	Chi. & R. I. firsts	108
Mich. C. 6s & 7s	127	Cleve. & Tol. S. F.	115
Mich. C. new, 1sts, '63	108	Pitts. Ft. W. & C. firsts	113
Chi. B. & Q. 1sts	128⅜	Clev. & Pitts. thirds	107
Mich. S. seconds	108	Clev. & Pitts. 4ths	89⅜
M. S. & N. I. S. F.	113	Miss. & Mo. L. G.	79⅜
Pacific R. Guar	60	Chi. & Alt. firsts	110
Ill. Central, '75	122⅜	Chi. & Alt. Income	94
Alton & T. Haute firsts	111	Ohio & Miss certific'ts	65
Al. & T. H. seconds, Prf.	95		

The following is a statement of earnings of the Milwaukee and Prairie du Chien Road for the week ending March 21:

	1864.	1863.
Freight	$6,893 66	$4,063 95
Passengers	10,354 21	4,396 67
Mails and Rents	981 00	1,035 97
Total	$18,228 87	$9,496 59

From Jan. 1 to March 21:

	1864.	1863.
Freight	$171,697 81	$114,362 15
Passengers	90,766 50	46,788 53
Mails and Rents	10,569 96	11,132 52
Totals	$273,034 27	$174,283 20
3 weeks end. Mch. 21	55,150 18	29,021 25

Mr. ALBERT H. NICOLAY will hold his regular auction sale of Stocks and Bonds, to-morrow, Thursday, March 31, at 12½ o'clock, at the Stock Salesrooms, No. 52 William-street. For full particulars, see his advertisement in the auction column.

The following is the day's business at the office of the Assistant Treasurer of the United States, New-York: Receipts $1,151,477 29, including $279,000 for Customs; payments, $1,628,674 85; balance, $32,227,186 23; for 10-40 Bonds, $94,300.

E. H. LUDLOW & Co. will sell at auction, with other valuable real estate, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, at 12 o'clock to-morrow, (Friday,) those two very desirable three-story and basement high stoop houses, Nos. 86 and 88 Lexington-avenue. See notice in auction column.

Sales of Real Estate.—MARCH 30.

BY ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO.

House and lot No. 19 West 26th-st	$23,550
House and lot No. 204 Stanton-st	5,925
House and lot No. 50 Laight-st	6,950
Plot of ground with the brick slaughter-house thereon, north side 39th-st., 105 west of 2d-av.	5,000

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF NEW-YORK,
No. 4 Wall-st., New-York,
DESIGNATED DEPOSITORY AND FISCAL AGENT OF UNITED STATES.

NATIONAL 10-40 FIVE PER CENT. LOAN.

By instructions from the Secretary of the Treasury, dated March 26, 1864, this Bank will receive subscriptions for the *National* 10-40 *Five Per Cent.* Loan, in coupon bonds or registered certificates, redeemable after ten, and payable forty years from date, in coin, and will allow to banks, bankers and brokers the *usual commission of one-eighth of one per cent.*

This loan bears gold interest, payable *semi-annually*, on coupon and registered bonds of $500 and over, and *annually* on bonds of the denominations of 50 and 100 dollars.

In subscribing, parties are requested to pay the accrued interest from the first of March to the day of subscription *in coin, or in currency adding fifty per cent. premium.*

The interest on this Loan is payable on the first days of March and September in each year. The semi-annual coupons are payable at those dates, and the annual coupons on the 50 and 100 dollar bonds are payable on the first of March

The Secretary of the Treasury closes his instructions in the following words:

On the above terms, the First National Bank of the City of New-York, of which you are the President, is authorized to receive subscriptions to the National 10-40 Loan, and it is hoped that its exertions—on the most energetic and active employment of which great reliance is placed—will be attended with complete success.

Very respectfully,
(Signed) S. P. CHASE,
Secretary of the Treasury.

To S. C. THOMPSON, Esq., President.

The coupon bonds will be ready for delivery early in April, and registered bonds about the first of May.

Remittances may be made in legal tender notes, National Bank notes, or in drafts, &c., par in this City, addressed,

JAMES CURPHEY,
Cashier First National Bank,
NEW-YORK, March 28, 1864. New-York.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Wednesday, March 30, 1864—6 P. M.

The receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been: 110 bbls. Ashes, 4,544 bbls. Flour, 984 bags Corn Meal, 1,100 bushels Wheat, 1,063 bushels Corn, 11,233 bushels Oats, 4,985 pkgs. Provisions, and 1,682 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Sales to-day, 35 bbls., at $8 75@$8 87½ for Pots, and $10 50 for Pearls, ℔ 100 lbs. Stock to-day, 485 bbls.

COAL—At the auction sale of Scranton Coal, to-day, the competition of buyers (who were quite numerous) was active, and prices were higher than at the last monthly sale. The total amount sold to-day was 24,000 tons, including 3,500 tons of Steamboat Coal, at $7 65@$7 60; 6,000 tons of Lump Coal, $7 85@$7 80; 4,500 tons of Grate Coal, $7 75@$7 80; 2,000 tons of Egg Coal, $7 90@$7 85; 5,000 tons of Stove Coal, $8 05@$8; 3,000 tons of Chestnut Coal, $7 85@$7 80 ℔ ton, usual terms.

COFFEE—Is in moderate demand, at full prices. We quote: Java, 45c.@47c.; Laguayra and Maracaibo, 38c.@40c.; Rio, 38c.@40c.; St. Domingo, 35c. @35½c. ℔ lb.

COTTON—Is in moderate demand and steady. Strict Middlings, 76c. ℔ lb. Sales and resales, since our last, 700 bales. Week's receipts, 5,700 bales. Sales and resales, 9 200 bales; exports, 1,735 bales.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—State and Western Flour is very dull and heavy; prices are a shade lower, and declining. Sales since our last 6,500 bbls., including Superfine State and Western at $6 45@$6 65; poor to choice extra State at $6 70@$7,10, chiefly at $6 80@$7 90; round-hoop extra Ohio, shipping brands, at $7 15@$7 30, the latter an extreme. ℔ bbl. Superfine State and Western.....$6 45 @$6 65
Extra State..... 6 70 @ 7 10
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c 6 80 @ 9 00
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, ship'g brd's. 7 15 @ 7 30
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands. 7 35 @ 9 00
Extra Genessee..... 7 15 @ 9 00
Poor to very choice extra Missouri.. 7 20 @10 25

Southern Flour is in limited demand at drooping prices; sales since our last, 870 bbls., at $6 95@$7 75 for very poor to good superfine; $7 80@$10 50 for fancy to very choice extra brands. ℔ bbl. Canadian Flour is heavy; sales, 750 bbls. extra, at $6 65@$8 ℔ bbl. Rye Flour continues in limited request, at $5 45 @$6 30 ℔ bbl. Corn Meal is in moderate demand at $5 50@$5 60 for Jersey; $6 15@$6 20 for Brandywine ℔ bbl. Total sales, 180 bbls.

GRAIN—Wheat is inactive, lower and unsettled. Sales to-day have been confined to 7,100 bushels, including Amber Western, at $1 70@$1 72, in store and delivered; Red Western at $1 65@$1 69; Amber Iowa, Wisconsin and Green Bay at $1 65@$1 67, in store and delivered; Milwaukee Club at $1 63@$1 65, in store and delivered; Chicago Spring $1 61@$1 64; Red State at $1 65; Amber Jersey at $1 68, and Amber Pennsylvania at $1 70 ℔ bushel. Corn is in less demand at reduced prices. Sales have been reported, since our last, of 30,000 bushels, at $1 32@$1 33, closing at $1 32, for mixed Western, in store; and $1 29 for new Yellow Jersey and Southern, ℔ bushel. Rye continues inactive, at $1 25@$1 28 ℔ bushel. Oats are in moderate demand at drooping prices. We quote Canada at 89c.@90c.; Western at 90c.@91c.; State at 90c.@90¾c. ℔ bushel. Barley is in limited request, at $1 30@$1 53, as extremes, ℔ bushel. Barley Malt, at $1 50@$1 55 ℔ bushel.

HAY—North River Bale is in moderate demand, at $1 25@$1 40 ℔ 100 lbs.

HOPS—Are in limited request at 18c.@30c. for poor to strictly choice, ℔ lb.

HIDES—Are held at a shade higher prices, but are inactive. Stock, 213,265.

LEATHER—Sole is in more demand; Hemlock-tanned is very firm; Oak is quoted up 1c. ℔ lb.

LIME—Rockland is selling, in lots, at $1 35 for Common, and $1 75 for Lump, ℔ bbl.

OILS—Are in demand, and held more firmly. We quote: Crude Whale at $1 05@$1 10; Crude Sperm at $1 57@$1 60; Bleached Winter Whale at $1 20@$1 25; Unbleached Sperm at $1 82½@$1 87½; Linseed at $1 58@$1 60; No. 1 Lard at $1 10@$1 15; City Red at 78c.; Olive at $2 10@$2 12½ ℔ gallon, and $6 25@$6 37½ and $5 25 for pints and quarts; Crude Petroleum at 31½c.@32¾c., here; Refined do. at 60c.@63c., free, and 51c.@53., in bond, ℔ gallon.

NEW BEDFORD MARKET—*Week ending March* 28.—*Sperm*—The market has been buoyant the past week, and the sales embrace parcels of 3,654 bbls. We quote: 2,840 bbls. (including 600 bbls. landed from the *Fredonia* at Boston) at $1 60 ℔ gallon; 180 bbls. ℔ *Acaso*, at $1 58; 580 do. ℔ *Fredonia*, for export, at $1 57½; 54 do. at $1 58 ℔ gallon. *Whale*—Is in more demand and prices for prime are unchanged. The transactions include 2000 obls. prime Northern at $1 10; 300 do. do. (in Boston) at same price; 200 do. (in Boston) at $1 09, and sales from the *Jeuncible's* cargo at Boston, quantity not ascertained, at $1 10 ℔ gallon.

Imports of Sperm and Whale Oil and Whalebone into the United States.

	Bbls. sp.	Bbls. wh.	Lbs. bone.
From Jan. 1 to March 28, 1864	7,425	6,998	154,800
Same time last year	7,435	10,840	113,300

[Whalemen's Shipping List.

PROVISIONS—Pork is in moderate demand and heavy. Sales since our last 2,600 bbls., at $23 62½@$23 75 for New Mess, and $24 25 for May delivery; $22 37½@$22 50 for the last season's packing, and $23 for April delivery; $21 12@$22 37½ for two year old Mess, and $22 37½ for April delivery; $24@$26 for Old and New Clear Mess; $22@$23 50 for Thin Mess; $22 50@$24 50 for Western and City Prime Mess; $18 25@$20 50 for Old and New Prime, ℔ bbl. Cut Meats are in request, at 13c.@14¾c. for Hams, and 9¾c.@10¼c. for Shoulders, ℔ lb.; sales 350 packages. Bacon continues in fair demand at 11¾c.@14¼c., according to quality, ℔ lb.; sales since our last 600 bxs., for immediate and future delivery. Lard continues heavy; sales 850 tcs. and bbls., for immediate and future delivery, at 13c.@13¾c. ℔ lb. Beef is in moderate demand at steady rates; sales 700 obls., at $16 25@$17 75 for Extra Mess, and $13 25@$15 75 for Plain Mess, ℔ bbl.; Prime Mess $25@$26; Indian Mess $28@$29; Choice India $40@$42 ℔ tierce. Beef Hams $22@$24 ℔ bbl. Butter is in request at 28c.@48c. for poor to very choice State, and 28c.@40c. for Western ℔ lb. Cheese is less active, at 15c.@18c. ℔ lb.

RICE—East India has been in moderate demand at equal to $8@$9 ℔ 100 lbs., duty paid.

SEEDS—Continue in moderate request, including Clover at 12c.@12¾c. ℔ lb.; rough Flax at $3 45@$3 55; Timothy at $2 80@$3 15; Linseed at $4 10@$4 12½ ℔ bushel.

SUGARS—Are in fair demand, and very firm. Sales since our last, 1,250 hhds., including New Orleans at 15c.@16¾c.; Porto Rico at 15¾c.@16¾c.; and Cuba at 13¾c.@16c., and 570 boxes Havana, part at 15c. ℔ lb. Refined Sugars are in fair request, at 15¾c.@20c. ℔ lb.

TALLOW—Sales since our last, 80,000 lbs., at 12¾c.@12¾c. ℔ lb.

WHISKY—Is in fair demand at irregular prices. Sales have been reported of 1,850 bbls. State and Western, at $1 01@$1 05, chiefly $1 02@$1 03 ℔ gallon.

FREIGHTS—Have been very quiet, to-day; rates steady. Total number of vessels in port, this morning 420, of all classes. For Liverpool the engagements included 500 bbls. Flour, at 1s. 6d.; 5,000 bushels Wheat, at 4d.; in ship's bags; 1,100 boxes Bacon, at 14s.@22s. 6d. by sailing vessels, and 30s. by steamer; 70 hhds. Tallow, at 22s. 6d.; also, by steamer 250 bales Cotton, at ½d.; and 100 bags Clover Seed, at 40s. For London—500 boxes Bacon, at 17s. 6d. For Glasgow—200 boxes Bacon, at 16s.

DRY GOODS.

ABBATT & RATHBUN,
Under St. Nicholas Hotel,
No. 507 BROADWAY,
having for many years paid particular attention to the manufacture of

BOYS' CLOTHING,
and attained a degree of excellence rarely equaled, would call the attention of parents and guardians to the large and attractive stock they are now getting up for the Spring and Summer trade. Also,

MEN'S CLOTHING,
of

AUCTION SALES

CORPORATION SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Public notice is hereby given that, by virtue of the powers vested in the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund of the City of New-York, by an ordinance of the Common Council, passed Feb. 22, 1844, and an act of the Legislature of this State, passed May 13, 1845, the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund will offer for sale at public auction, on SATURDAY, the 9th day of April, 1864, at noon, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, in the City of New York, by William Kennelly, Auctioneer, the following real estate belonging to the City of New-York, viz.:

1. One lot of land on the south side of City Hall-place, in the City of New-York, between Chambers and Reade streets.

2. One lot of land on the west side of Main-street, in the City of Brooklyn, between Water-street and the East River.

Maps may be obtained at the Comptroller's Offie, Hall of Records, on and after March 20, 1864.

Terms of Sale—Ten per cent. of the purchase money and expenses of auction and sale to be paid at the Comptroller's Office immediately after the sale; thirty per cent. on the 1st day of May next, when the deeds will be ready for delivery; the balance may remain on bond and mortgage for five years from May 1, 1864, with interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable half yearly. MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller.

CITY OF NEW-YORK, DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, March 9, 1864.

VALUABLE FERRY FRANCHISES AT PUBLIC AUCTION,

AT THE CITY HALL.

On MONDAY, April 11, 1864, at 11 o'clock A. M., will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder, with adequate security, for a term of ten years from the first day of May, 1864:

The lease of the franchise of the ferry now established north of and immediately adjoining the present ferry slip at the foot of Grand-st., East River, New-York, to the foot of South 7th-st., Brooklyn, E. D.

The lease of the franchise of the ferry about to be established from the slip or basin between piers Nos. 32 and 33, East River, New-York, to the slip foot of Bridge-street, Brooklyn.

The lease of the franchise of the ferry about to be established from the slip or basin between piers Nos. 32 and 33 East River, New-York, to the foot of South Sixth-street, Brooklyn, E. D., or some other point adjacent thereto.

The said several ferry leases will be sold, with all the rights, privileges and advantages thereof belonging to the Corporation of the City of New-York.

CONDITIONS.

The conditions and covenants of the leases to be in the usual form of ferry leases heretofore entered into by the Corporation.

The lease for each of the above-named ferries to be made to conform to the requirements of the City charter in relation to ferries, and also contain covenants on the part of the lessee or lessees that he or they will conduct and manage the said ferry or ferries agreeably to such rules, regulations, ordinances or by-laws as are now or may hereafter from time to time be made or passed by the Common Council or State Legislature.

The purchaser of the ferry lease and its appendages, in each case, will be required to pay at the same time and place of sale, to the Collector of the City Revenue, a sum equal to twenty per cent. of the amount bid for the annual rent, to apply on the rent of the first quarter, in case he executes a lease with the usual covenants, otherwise to be forfeited to the Corporation. He will be required, also, to furnish an obligation at the same time, executed by two sureties, to this effect, that he will execute a bond with sureties to be approved by the Comptroller for the punctual payment of the rent quarter yearly, and for the faithful execution of the covenants of the lease. The fee of the auctioneer, and the expense of the lease, bonds and revenue stamps, to be paid by the purchaser, and no expense whatever is to be incurred by the Corporation for or in connection with the pier, slip or bulkhead, or premises proposed to be leased during the term of lease.

The lease shall also contain a covenant requiring each ferry-boat to have attached to its engine a fire apparatus or force-pump, with not less than 40 feet of hose of the quality and dimensions as that used by the Fire Department of the City of New-York, and to be used for the extinguishment of fires whenever called upon by the Chief Engineer, or his Assistants, of the Fire Department of the City of New-York, for which service the lessee shall receive twenty dollars per hour for each hour engaged, and no time to be counted less than one hour.

MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE HOUSE AND LOT ON WEST 37TH-STREET AT AUCTION.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on FRIDAY, April 1, 1864, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway (Trinity Building,) N. Y.:

WEST 37TH-ST.—The desirable two-story attic and basement frame house and lot on the south side of West 37th-st., between 8th and 10th avs., and known as No. 238 West 37th-st. The house is 22 feet front and rear by 25 feet deep, with extension, and has Croton water. Lot 25 feet front and rear by 98 feet 9 inches deep.

There is an alley-way of 3 feet to a stable on the rear of the lot. Maps and further particulars apply at the office of the auctioneers.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, MIRRORS, CHICKERING PIANO FORTE, GAS CHANDELIERS, &c.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on WEDNESDAY, April 6, 1864, at 11 o'clock, at the private residence, No. 41 West 11th-st., near University-place, the entire furniture contained in said house, consisting of richly-carved rosewood parlor suites, in crimson, plush and brocatel; carved rosewood etagere mirror doors and back; fine French plate pier glasses and cornices to match; rosewood 7-octave piano-forte, double round corners, Chickering, maker; heavily carved rosewood centre and fancy tables; walnut and mahogany French bedsteads; dressing bureaus, washstands, lounges, card-tables, enameled bedroom suite, paillasses, curled hair mattresses bolsters and pillows, elegant solid oak buffet, marble top, pillar extension table, dining-chairs in reps, mahogany sofas and chairs in hair-cloth, very rich gilt chandeliers and bracketts, window-shades, lace curtains, elegant Brussels and ingrain carpets, oil-cloths, china and glass ware, stair-rods, &c., together with an assortment of kitchen furniture, with which the sale will commence.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. WILL SELL at auction, on FRIDAY, April 1, 1864, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) New-York:

LEXINGTON-AV.—The two very desirable three-story, basement and und-r-cellar high-stoop houses and lots on the southwest corner of Lexington-av. and East 27th-st., and known as Nos. 86 and 88 Lexington-av. The houses are in good order, and have all the modern improvements. Each house is 19 feet 8 inches front and rear, by 46 feet deep. Lots 19 feet 9 inches front and rear, by 51 feet deep. Houses can be seen from 10 to 11 o'clock daily.

Maps and further particulars, apply at the office of the auctioneers.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

A. JOURNEAY, Auctioneer.

A. JOURNEAY WILL SELL AT 12 O'CLOCK THIS DAY, by public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, New-York, 180 lots at Oceanville, near Cedar Grove, town of Southfield, Richmond County, Staten Island. A very desirable location, situated about 4 miles from Vanderbilt Landing, 50 minutes from New-York by ferry, and Staten Island Railroad, only 5 minutes' walk from the New-Dorp Depot, at which the cars stop. These lots are beautifully located on the Lower Bay, and easy of access to the City. The location is very healthy and pleasant, and the land rich. As an investment there is no better chance within the same distance of the City, and for persons of moderate means to secure a homestead.

M. DOUGHTY, Auctioneer.

WILL SELL ON FRIDAY, APRIL 1, AT 10½ o'clock, the entire elegant furniture contained in the private residence No. 118 West 37th-st., near 6th-av., consisting of rosewood piano-forte, 6 octave; velvet, Brussels and ingrain carpets; rosewood parlor suites, oval Pier plate mirrors, lace curtains, black walnut dining-room furniture, cutlery, china dinner and tea sets, plated ware, mahogany bedroom furniture, hair mattresses, feather beds, bedding, oil-cloths, kitchen furniture, &c. Catalogues at sale.

HENRY D. MINER, Auctioneer—Salesrooms No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office.

MINER & SOMERVILLE WILL SELL at auction, on THURSDAY, March 31, at 12 o'clock, in front of their store, No. 37 Nassau-st., a sorrel horse, 14 hands high, seven years old, warranted sound and kind in every respect, an excellent saddle-horse; also, sorrel mare, about fifteen hands high, eight years old, kind and gentle in double and single harness, and a stylish driver. Also, a military saddle and bridle, in good order.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, MIRRORS, PIANO FORTE, GAS CHANDELIERS AND FIXTURES, &c.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on THURSDAY, March 31, 1864, at 12 o'clock, at the private residence, No. 39 West 24th-st., north side, between Broadway and 6th-av. House 20.10 by 65 feet; in fine order, and contains all the conveniences. Lot 20.10x98.9.

$8,000 can remain on mortgage, if desired.

Maps, &c., may be had at the office of the auctioneers, No. 3 Pine-st., New-York.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE VILLAGE PROPERTY FOR sale in the village of Sing Sing, containing about 12 acres; a stream of water through the place, with every advantage for a good water power; also an easily-worked marble quarry; abundance of good fruit; on the premises is a dwelling-house containing nine rooms. If not sold before the 20th of April it will then be offered at public auction on the premises, between 10 and 12 M. For particulars inquire of STEPHEN YALE on the premises, EDGAR FIRMAN, Niagara Insurance Company, No. 67 Wall-st., or ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., No. 55½ Pine-st.

WILLIAM IRVING, Auctioneer.

ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, CARPETS, &c.—OSGOOD & COOKE will sell, on THIS DAY, (Thursday,) March 31, at 10½ o'clock, at the salesroom No. 87 Cedar-st., near Broadway:

Rich velvet medallion and Brussels carpets.
Oil-cloths, stair carpets, three-ply do., stair rods.
Rosewood and oak suites, in brocatel and reps.
Dining-room and bedroom furniture in great variety, for which see catalogue.
Sale to commence with the kitchen furniture.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. WILL SELL AT auction, on THURSDAY, March 31, 1864, at twelve o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) New-York:

47TH-AV.—The two four-story brick English basement houses and lots Nos. 277 and 279 4th-av., east side, 20 feet 6in. Lots 20x70 feet.

Two-thirds of the purchase-money can remain on bond and mortgage. Possession May 1, 1864.

Maps, &c., may be had at the office of the auctioneers, No. 3 Pine-st., New-York.

AUCTION SALES.

ALBERT H. NICOLAY, AUCTIONEER.
REGULAR SALE OF STOCKS & BONDS
ALBERT H. NICOLAY
WILL SELL THIS DAY
(THURSDAY,) MARCH 31,
AT 12½ O'CLOCK AT THE
STOCK SALESROOM No. 52 WILLIAM ST.

For account of whom it may concern.

Shares.		Shares.	
12	Continental Bank	15	Park Bank....$100
25	Phenix Bank	500	Brooklyn City R. R.. 10
80	Adriatic Fire Ins. Co.. 25	10	Indemnity Fire Ins...100
40	Mercantile Marine Ins.100	20	Col. Marine Ins.....100
40	Mech's & Traders' Ins. 25	60	Lenox Fire Ins..... 25
75	Security Fire Ins..... 50	5	Long Island Fire Ins. 50
50	Relief Fire Ins..... 50	40	Arctic Fire Ins..... 50
26	Equitable Ins. Co..... 8	10	Commonw'th Ins. Co.100
6	Lamar Fire Ins.....100		

$2,000 4 and 5 P cent. City of Mil. Readjustment Bonds.
$4,000 6 P cent. Michigan State Bonds.
$3,500 6 P cent. Sacramento City and County Bonds, interest paid in gold.
ALBERT H. NICOLAY, AUCTIONEER AND STOCK BROKER.

U. S. MARSHAL'S SALE.

DANIEL H. BURDETT, Auctioneer.
BY BURDETT, JONES & CO.

By virtue of orders of sale to me directed by the Honorable District Court of the United States for the Southern District of Florida, I will sell at

PUBLIC AUCTION,
FROM
Store No. 6 Barclay-st.,
AT 12 O'CLOCK NOON,
TUESDAY, April 5, 1864,

87 BALES SEA ISLAND COTTON.
28 BALES UPLAND COTTON.
FROM PRIZE VESSELS,

Sloop RACER,	Sloop LYDIA,
Sloop GARABALDI,	Sloop HOPE,
Sloop MARIALOUISA,	Schooner ELIZA,
Sloop MARY.	

Catalogues and samples at the office of BENNER & BROWN, No. 113 Wall-st., three days before the sale.

JAMES G. CLAPP,
UNITED STATES MARSHAL,
Southern District, Florida.

JOSEPH HEGEMAN, Auctioneer.

FRIDAY, APRIL 1,

At 10 o'clock A. M., at the Central Salesroom, Willoughby-st., corner Pearl, Brooklyn.

Handsome rosewood piano (Steinway,) rosewood parlor suites, mahogany and walnut wardrobes, marble-top dressing bureaus, bedsteads, hair and spring mattresses, sofas, chairs, mahogany marble-top buffet, oak and walnut extension tables, crockery, glassware, Brussels and ingrain carpets, oil-cloths, school desks, &c., &c.

Also, one-horse doctor's gig and harness.

DANIEL H. BURDETT, Auctioneer.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE.

BY BURDETT, JONES & CO.

By virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas to me directed and delivered, I will sell at public auction, on the 31st day of March, 1864, at 11 o'clock, A. M., at the United States Marshal's Office, No. 41 Chambers-st., 9,240 cigars,

R. MURRAY, United States Marshal.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO., Auctioneers.

SUPERB PARISIAN FURNITURE, BUHL &c., Mantel and Pier Mirrors, Bronze and Glass Chandeliers, Real Bronzes, large costly Vases, Marble and other Statuary, French and Bohemian Glass, costly Oil-paintings, &c., the property of P. Mallard, Esq., of New-Orleans: being the entire stock of this extensive establishment, removed to this City for sale.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. will sell by auction on THURSDAY, 31st inst., and FRIDAY, April 1, at 10½ o'clock each day, the above costly goods, mostly made in Paris to order, consisting in part of about 50 large pier and mantel glasses, do. frames, do. girandoles, superb parlor suites, covered in fine red brocade, silk brocatel and reps; antique do., marquetery do., buhl do., ebony do., bookcases, secretaries, rosewood dressing-bureaus and bedsteads, etageres, papier-mache boxes, &c.; lace curtains, fancy chairs, richly carved armoir-a-glace, library tables, inlaid centre-tables, French engraved crystal glass, Bohemian do., dessert sets mounted, ormolu and silver, ormolu and bronze clocks, large bronzes, rich painted vases, Parian and bisque figures, rich chandeliers, hall stands, and other costly articles. Refer to catalogue.

RICH AND COSTLY OIL-PAINTINGS,

comprising about 50 pictures. Among them is a full-length portrait of Washington by Peele, landscape by Sir J. Lawrence, originals by Boucher, R. Savery, Van Bloeman, Lebrun, Hogarth, Cartier, Benard, Latour, M. de Nos, Vanmont, and others, all of great merit. They can be examined, with catalogue, at the above place until sale.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, MIRRORS, PIANO FORTE, GAS CHANDELIERS AND FIXTURES, &c.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on TUESDAY, April 5, 1864, at 11 o'clock, at the northwest corner of Bleecker and Mercer sts., second floor:

HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.—The entire contents of a private dwelling, removed for convenience of sale, consisting in part of carved rosewood parlor suites, in crimson plush and hair-cloth, elegantly carved rosewood etagere, marble top, with mirror doors and back; fine French plate pier-glasses; mahogany sofas and chairs in hair-cloth; rosewood and mahogany centre, side and fancy tables; mahogany six-octave piano forte, Duboise & Seabury makers; mahogany and walnut French bedsteads, dressing bureaus, washstands, commodes, wardrobes, book-stands, secretary, quartette tables, paillasses, husk and hair mattresses, feather beds, bolsters and pillows, walnut arm and dining chairs, linen window-shades, foot ottomans, French china, cut glassware, elegant velvet, English, Brussels, and ingrain carpets; fine assortment of oil cloths, rugs, Wilship's ventilating refrigerator, together with an assortment of kitchen furniture, with which the sale will commence.

Catalogues on Monday, at the office of the auctioneers, No. 3 Pine-st.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO., Auctioneers.

ARTISTS' SALE OF OIL-PAINTINGS, WATER-COLOR AND PENCIL DRAWINGS.—HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. will sell, at auction, on THURSDAY, March 31, at 11 o'clock, at our gallery, No. 23 Vesey-st., being the entire collection of J. Douglass Brewerton, Esq., artist, comprising his best and latest works, the majority of which have never been exhibited. Included is his celebrated painting of Fort Sumter, the purchaser of which will be presented with Gen. Anderson's letter of indorsement; also, the splendid picture of "Niagara by Moonlight," the sale of which was exhibited at Messrs. Williams & Stevens'; also, a variety of local American views and scenery, from nature, of different sizes, all of which are in costly, new and appropriate frames, to be sold positively without reserve, frames included, by order of the artists. Also, a number of desirable and fine paintings by favorite American and European artists, all of wh ch are now on exhibition as above, with catalogues, until day of sale.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

HOUSE AND LOT ON WEST 33D-ST., NEAR 7TH-AV.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on FRIDAY, April 1, 1864, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) New-York:

WEST 33D-ST.—The three-story and basement frame cottage and lot No. 122 West 33d-st., south side, 100 feet east of 7th av. House 17.6 by 21 feet, with court-yard of 15 feet in front, and has bath, water and gas on every floor. Parlors and halls frescoed—all in good order. Lot 17.6 by 42 feet.

Terms—10 per cent. and an auction fee of $10 on the day of sale; balance on or before May 1, when the deed will be delivered and possession given.

Maps, &c., may be had at the office of the auctioneers, No. 3 Pine-st., New-York.

R. WALTERS, Auctioneer.

MAGNIFICENT SALE OF A SPLENDID collection of sea shells, corals and curiosities from all parts of the globe. To be sold without reserve or limit, THIS DAY, at 2 and 7 P. M., at No. 206 Chatham-square. The largest and finest collection of marine specimens ever imported to this country, comprising an immense variety of shells, large and small, every kind of corals and curiosities, numbering over 1,000 different specimens, being more than 100 for every 1 possessed by any got-up sale in this City. Some of the rarest cabinet specimens for naturalists and conchologists. Shells sold at any time, wholesale and retail, by private sale, packed and sent to all quarters. Orders promptly attended to.

T. BOYTON, Sole American Agent.

ADRIAN H MULLER, Auctioneer.

FIRST-CLASS PRIVATE STABLES ON 36TH-ST. AT AUCTION.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., will sell on THURSDAY, March 31, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:

36TH-ST.—Ten first-class two-story brick stables, situate on the southerly side of 36th st., between Lexington and 3d avs. The stables are each 20 by 41, with four stalls on first floor, unusually well drained and ventilated, very light and have good cellars and lofts, with perpetual right to 18 feet alley. These stables are new, built in the latest style; have iron racks, Croton water, &c.; handsome street entrance.

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS.

TO GROCERS AND TEA DEALERS.

PAPER BAGS, PAPER BAGS.

We are now manufacturing and prepared to furnish all sizes of paper bags, made of the best stock, and designed especially for grocers and tea dealers. Also, paper flour bags, to hold 12½, 25 and 50 pounds, made of the best manila paper, and suitable for grocers and millers, neatly printed to order, in various designs. All descriptions of bags constantly on hand and for sale at the

CORN EXCHANGE BAG MANUFACTORY.
B. E. CLARK & CO.,
Nos. 123, 125 and 127 Broad-st.

THE AMERICAN

JAVA COFFEE COMPANY.

Nos. 233, 235 and 237 Washington-st., New-York.

The Company have established the price of their Coffee at 25 cents per pound. Put up in one-pound packages 48 lbs in a case. Usual discount.

FURNITURE.

ENAMELED CHAMBER FURNITURE.—The best assortment of enameled furniture, in all colors and styles; walnut and chestnut, plain and ornamental, in suites, wholesale and retail; also, mattresses and paillasses. WARREN WARD, No. 277 Canal-st.

FURNITURE SALES.—THE UNDERSIGNED will give their attention to sales of furniture at the residences of owners during the coming season.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO.,
Auctioneers, No. 55½ Pine-st.

PARLOR FURNITURE.—ANY PERSON having a double suite of rosewood furniture, no much used, to dispose of may hear of a cash customer by addressing a line to V, Box No. 2,304 N. Y. Post-office.

REAL ESTATE.

WILLIAM M. WEEKS, Auctioneer.

PEREMPTORY SALE OF COUNTRY HOUSE AND FURNITURE AT AUCTION.

WILLIAM M. WEEKS will sell on THURSDAY, April 7, at 12 o'clock, on the premises, "Birch Hill," residence of late Sarah R. Embree, two miles from Glen Cove, near Matinecock Meeting House: About 2½ acres of good land, two dwelling houses, one new 24x36 feet, with wing 16x20; the other, gardener's house, five rooms; large chicken house and yard, about 50 fruit and ornamental trees, vines, small fruits, asparagus, &c. Situation healthy, views very fine, both water and inland; good school, churches, &c. Also entire furniture, piano, velvet and Brussels carpets, brocatel curtains, &c. Apply on premises, or to R. C. EMBREE, Executor, 37 Wall-st.

WE WOULD CALL ATTENTION TO THE sale of va uable property, to be sold at auction, by E. H. LUDLOW & CO., THIS DAY, (Thursday) at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:

47TH-AV.—English basement houses Nos. 277 and 279.
24TH-ST.—Handsome house No. 39, near 5th-av.
83D-ST.—Two lots outside 83d-st., 100 feet east of 5th-av.
Maps, &c., at No. 3 Pine-st.

GREAT REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT.—27 acres building ground adjoining East New-York, having two railroad fronts. The land is admirably adapted for manufacturing and building purposes generally. Will be sold at $800 per acre; adjoining land is selling at $150 per lot, or $1,800 per acre. H. A. MILLER, No. 74 Pearl-st., or C. R. MILLER, East New-York.

BROOKLYN PROPERTY FOR SALE—IN Portland-av., near the Washington Park; two brown-stone houses; price low; terms easy. F. B. JACKSON, on the premises.

FARMS.

FARMERS, ATTENTION!—CHEAP FARM for sale, to let, or rent on shares. Apply to GEO. H. NORCROSS, No. 17 Nassau-st., back office.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

GENERAL McCLELLAN AND THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC.

BY

GENERAL JUAN PRIM,

Count of Reus, &c.,

OF THE SPANISH ARMY,

OUT THIS DAY,

Fourth Edition of Lieut.-Col. Freemantle's Book,

THREE MONTHS IN THE SOUTHERN STATES.

Published by

JOHN BRADBURN,

(Successor to M. Doolady,

No. 49 Walker-st.

IRON-CLAD NO. 1;

OR, A

SCREAM FROM A MACHINE-SHOP!

By FITZGERALD DAIR, Foreman.

WILL BE LAUNCHED ON

MONDAY, April 4, 1864,

BY THE

AMERICAN NEWS COMPANY,

No. 121 Nassau-st.,

IRON-CLAD NO. 1.

"All slushed the ways down which she's bound to glide;
Loud shouts the boss, 'All's ready! Let her slide!"
The whirling ax strikes out the lingering shore;
Slowly she starts, amid the deafening four
Of men and cannon, and the jubilant noise
Of crowds of ragged, dirty little boys.
Down, down the smoking ways she grandly crashes,
And onward to her native fluid dashes.
She dips her stern, the yearning wave divides,
Then o'er the elemental breast she swiftly rides,
'Now sand her!' 'Scrub her quick!'—The rattling cable
Is stopper'd short soon as they are able."

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

KIGGINS & KELLOGG'S
BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURERS,
AND
WHOLESALE
BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS.
No. 123 and 125 William-st., New-York.

BOOKS AND LIBRARIES!!!
PURCHASED FOR CASH!!!
BY M. NUNAN, BOOKSELLER,
No. 84 Nassau-st.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
FORAGE DEPARTMENT, No. 56 CEDAR-ST.,
NEW-YORK, March 11, 1864.

PROPOSITIONS WILL BE RECEIVED daily, for the FREIGHTING OF FORAGE for the U. S. Quartermaster's Department, from New-York City, Philadelphia, Boston, Portland, and other ports on Coast of Maine,

TO

Washington, Alexandria, Va.; Newbern, N. C.; Port Royal, S. C., and New-Orleans, La.

PROPOSITIONS

must state name, standing, and capacity of vessel, quantity of hay and grain, respectively, they will require, and when ready for cargo, and addressed to

S. L. BROWN,
Captain and Asst. Quartermaster.

UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE—THIRTY-SECOND COLLECTION DISTRICT, NEW-YORK—ANNUAL TAX NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given, that the annual list of taxes assessed in this Collection District, for the year beginning May 1, 1863, has been received from the Assessor, and that the Duties, Taxes and Licences therein specified have become due and payable. I will attend personally, or by deputy, at my office, No. 130 Broadway, daily (except on Sundays,) from the date hereof, until and including Thursday, the 31st day of March, 1864, from 10 o'clock A. M. to 3 o'clock P. M. to receive the same.

The Taxes included in the aforesaid list are upon plate, carriages, yachts, billiard tables, licences, and on incomes for the year 1862.

All persons who shall neglect to pay the sums due by them, respectively, according to the list aforesaid, within the time herein specified, will, as the statute therefor, become liable to pay ten per cent. additional upon the amount thereof, excepting the Tax on Incomes, which will be liable to an addition of but five per cent.

SHERIDAN SHOOK, Collector
Thirty-second District, New-York.

DATED NEW-YORK, March 8, 1864.

THE COMMITTEE ON NATIONAL AFFAIRS OF THE COMMON COUNCIL will meet every day, during the present week, in the chamber of the Board of Aldermen, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of making arrangements to receive the regiments returning on furlough, for the purpose of recruiting. Also, to make suitable arrangements to give those already armed, and about to depart to the seat of war, an entertainment. Commandants of regiments now home on furlough, whose term is about to expire, are requested to communicate with the committee, by letter addressed to the Chairman or Secretary of the committee, No. 81 City Hall.

JOHN HARDY Chairman.
E. W. TAYLOR, Secretary.

THE COMMITTEE ON STREETS OF THE Board of Councilmen will meet on WEDNESDAYS, at 1 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.

All parties interested in papers referred to the committee are invited to attend.

PATRICK H. KEENAN,
PATRICK RUSSELL,
MICHAEL BROPHY,
Committee on Streets.

THE COMMITTEE ON CLEANING STREETS of the Board of Councilmen will meet on MONDAYS, at 1 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.

All parties interested in papers referred to the committee are invited to attend.

Councilman HAGERTY,
Councilman KOSTER,
Councilman RAVILAND,
Committee on Cleaning Streets.

THE COMMITTEE ON ROADS OF THE Board of Councilmen will hold a meeting in Room No. 5 City Hall on every WEDNESDAY, at 1 o'clock P. M. Parties having business with the committee are invited to attend.

PATRICK RUSSELL, } Committee
MICHAEL BROPHY, } on
WM. JOYCE, } Roads.

THE COMMITTEE ON SALARIES AND Offices of the Board of Councilmen, will meet every MONDAY, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

All parties having business before the Committee are requested to attend.

CHARLES RILEY,
MICHAEL C. GROSS,
JOHN BRICE,
Committee on Salaries and Offices.

THE COMMITTEE ON CROTON AQUEDUCT of the Board of Councilmen will meet on SATURDAYS, at 1 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.

All parties interested in papers referred to the committee are invited to attend.

Councilman HEALY,
Councilman HEFFERNAN,
Councilman FITZGERALD,
Committee on Croton Aqueduct.

THE COMMITTEE ON MARKETS OF the Board of Councilmen will meet every MONDAY, at 2 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.

All parties interested in papers referred to the committee, are invited to attend.

Councilman HAGERTY,
Councilman SCHAEFER,
Councilman COOK,
Committee on Markets.

THE COMMITTEE ON DONATIONS AND Charities of the Board of Councilmen, will meet every SATURDAY, at 12 o'clock, M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.

All parties having business before the Committee, are requested to attend.

SAMUEL T. WEBSTER,
WM. S. OPDYKE,
JOHN BRICK,
Committe on Donations and Charities.

THE COMMITTEE ON FIRE DEPARTMENT of the Board of Councilmen will meet every MONDAY, at 2 o'clock P. M. All parties having business with the committee are invited to attend.

GEORGE McGRATH,
JEREMIAH HEFFERNAN,
CHARLES RILEY,
Committee on Fire Department.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

FOR SALE—A HORSE, HARNESS AND GIG; horse suitable for an express wagon or for cart purposes: the entire establishment will be sold low if applied for soon. L. A. SEAMAN, Chelsea Stables, West 31st-st., near 9th-av.

REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—SPLENDID STORE PROPERTY, Nos. 371 and 375 Broadway, between Franklin and White sts.; each 25x150, running through to Franklin-alley, built in the best manner, five-story, white marble. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

MURRAY HILL PROPERTY FOR SALE.—The fine four-story high stoop brown-stone house, No. 14 East 37th-st., between Madison and Fifth avs.; house, 25 by 60 feet, with all modern improvements, lot 25 feet by half of the block. For particulars inquire of FOSTER & NICKERSON, No. 109 Pearl-st.

FURNISHED HOUSES FOR SALE OR RENT—On Seventh-av., near 14th-st. West 24th-st., between 7th and 8th avs. West 33th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

C. G. PRATT, No. 38 Pine-st.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A FINE TRACT of land about five miles from the City, suitable for building lots; a good investment for a building association. Terms easy. Apply to KING, SUTTON & CO., No. 62 William-st., New-York.

$100,000 TO LOAN ON BOND AND Mortgage, in sums to suit; also, real estate bought and sold.

W. H. MITCHELL, No. 77 Cedar-st.

TO LET.

STEADY POWER AND LIGHT ROOMS—Also a two-fronted store and basement, on Canal near Broadway. JOHN GAUDU, No. 102 Walker-st.

ROOM AND POWER, AT PATERSON, N. J., TO LET.

PHENIX MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

LARGE WELL-LIGHTED ROOMS, suitable for any light manufacturing business. Possession immediately. Apply there or to WARD McLEAN, No. 19 Wall-st.

TO LET

STORES ON THE 8TH-AV.,
Dwelling-houses on 52d-st.
W. H. ROOME, No. 188 West 21st-st.,
8 to 10 A. M., 2 to 6 P. M.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO RENT IN YONKERS—One of the most elegible situations upon Palisade-avenue, commanding a fine view of the Hudson for some 30 miles; with a laundry-furnace, gas and all the modern improvements, and a garden of half an acre well stocked with small fruit, for the Summer. Apply to A. M. HATCH, upon the premises, or to CHARLEY & HATCH, Bankers, No. 34 Wall-st., or to THOS. W. BIRDSALL, Vice-President of Security Fire Ins. Co., No. 31 Pine-st.

TO LEASE ON LONG LEASES BY COLUMBIA COLLEGE—Lots on the Fifth-av., between 47th and 48th sts., and between 50th and 51st sts, and on 47th, 48th, 49th 50th and 51st sts., between the 5th and 6th avs. Applications may be made to G. M. OGDEN Treasurer of the College, at No. 71 Wall-st., or to JAS. N. WELLS, at No. 167 9th-av. References will be required.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET.—A FAMILY about leaving for Europe desire to let for six months their four-story brown stone high-stoop house, located in West 23d-st., a very desirable neighborhood, and in one of the pleasantest parts of the City. The house is neatly and thoroughly furnished. Address EUROPE, Box No. 468 New-York Post-office.

TO LET IN BROOKLYN AND FURNITURE FOR SALE.—A neat two-story brick house, pleasantly located and having all the modern improvements. Possession 1st of May. The furniture is good and will be sold cheap. For further particulars address FURNITURE, Box No. 101 *Times* Office.

PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY TO LET—IN Brooklyn, situated in a central position, near the City Hall; the excellent place for first-class business. Possession given immediately. Inquire of B. BALDWIN & SON, corner of Washington and Fulton sts., over Central Bank, Brooklyn.

TO LET IN WEST FARMS—(OR FOR SALE with the stone property adjoining.) a two and a half story house, with double parlors, six bedrooms, piazza, &c., front lawn, garden, barn and stable; rent low. Apply to J. E. ACKERMAN, West Farms, or address F. THOMAS, Elizabeth, N. J.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—A BEAUTIFUL house, with all modern improvements and three acres of land attached, well stocked with fruit and ornamental trees, in neighborhood first class, within forty-five minutes of the City hourly. Inquire of H. HOAG, No. 75 Pine-st.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—FOR SIX months, from the 1st of May next, 1½ hours from New-York in a delightful, healthy region, within three minutes' walk of depot. For particulars inquire of HOMER MORGAN, No. 1 Pine-st., New-York.

TO LET.—A LARGE ROOM, EITHER ENTIRE or divided into offices to suit; the room is 60 feet deep and 40 feet wide, well lighted on three sides, with a large skylight in centre, known as "McCullough's Tea Salesroom," over the building No. 159 Front-st. Apply to WM. HOGE & CO., No. 58 Wall-st.

TO LET—FOR A YEAR OR THE SEASON—A furnished farm-house and 7 acres of land, situated about 3 miles below Rahway, at Uniontown, N. J. The house is pleasantly located, and surrounded by fruit trees. Possession given on or after April 1. Apply at WOOD, BROTHERS, No. 598 Broadway.

TO LET—FOR SALE—IN BROOKLYN, a genteel English basement house, in an excellent neighborhood, near the ferries; four stories, with modern improvements; rent, $700. Also, a three-story and basement brick house, with water, gas, &c.; price, $5,500. Inquire at No. 23 Concord-st., at 1, or at 6 o'clock P. M.

TO LET—A COUNTRY HOUSE, SOME 12 OR 14 rooms, in good order, and about an acre and a half of ground, near Tuckahoe depot, on Harlem Railroad. Rent, $250, with immediate possession. Apply to E. H. BROWN, No. 121 Nassau-st., from 1 to 3 P. M.

A FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET IN 32D-st., between 8th and 9th avs., has all the modern improvements; will be furnished to a small private family only; rent $1,200 per annum. Apply to JOHN E. HATCH, No. 375 9th-av.

FURNISHED COTTAGE TO LET—WITH carriage-house and stable, nine miles from City Hall, near the river and railroad; high ground and healthy; price $200 per month, or $1,200 per year. Address HAMPTON, Box No. 5,211 Post-office.

TO LET, FURNISHED—A LARGE DOUBLE house, with a two-acre lawn, garden, carriage-house, stable, &c., 1½ miles from Williams' Bridge Depot, Harlem Railroad; more land if required. Apply to S. M. VALENTINE, No. 165 Front-st.

STEAM POWER NEAR BROADWAY—Nos 53 and 55 Prince-st. To let, large rooms, with extra light, power, steam hoistway and heating pipes; a large basement in each building, 20x100 feet, lighted with skylights. Apply to E. C. MOORE, No. 207 Centre-st.

TO LET OR LEASE—NO. 463 BROOME-ST., north side, between Mercer and Greene sts., now occupied as a restaurant and dwelling. Apply at ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO.'S, corner of Canal and Mercer sts.

TO LET ON STATEN ISLAND—A COTTAGE containing eleven rooms, with garden attached, within five minutes' walk of the Vanderbilt Landing. Apply to B. F. ERRINGTON, near the premises, or No. 249 Pearl-st., New-York.

TO LET—IN RYE, ONE HOUR FROM THE City and half mile from the depot, a first-class house, nine rooms, furnished or unfurnished, for the Summer or the year; stables, garden, fruit, ample grounds, &c. Ap

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, THURSDAY, MARCH 31, 1864.

Amusements this Evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—Faust.

WINTER GARDEN—Lorlie's Wedding.

OLYMPIC THEATRE—Leap Year; or, The Ladies Privilege.

NIBLO'S GARDEN—The Fool's Revenge.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM—Great Arabian Giant, French Giant, Giant Girl, Giant Boy, Two Dwarfs, Moving Wax Figures, Infant Drummer, &c., at all hours—Aphrosa; Or, The Spirit of Beauty; Harrison, Comic Singer and Tyrolean Whistler, at 3 and 7½ P. M.

CIRCUS—BROADWAY AMPHITHEATRE—(No. 485 Broadway)—Equestrian Performances.

VAN AMBURGH & CO.'S MENAGERIE—(Nos. 539 and 541 Broadway)—Moral Exhibition and Egyptian Caravan.

THE HIPPOTHEATRON—Hippotheatronic Performances.

ART GALLERY—(No. 756 Broadway)—The Rocky Mountains.

HOPE CHAPEL—The Stereoscopticon,

DODWORTH'S HALL—Recitations.

THEATRE FRANCAIS—Pianella ou la Servante Maitresse—La Diplomatique du Menage.

WALLACK'S—Rosedale.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

The price of the Times (Daily) is Three Cents, except of the Sunday morning issue, which is Four Cents.

To Mail Subscribers per annum.....$8 00
Including Sunday morning edition, $10.

The Semi-Weekly Times.

One copy 1 year....$3 00 | Five copies 1 year.. 12 00
Two copies 1 year... 5 00 | Ten copies 1 year....22 50

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NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE REBELLION.

The report of an outbreak of the Copperheads, published yesterday, and located at Charleston, *Missouri*, should have read *Illinois*, the disturbance having occurred in one of the most Copperhead regions of "Egypt." Yesterday troops were dispatched from Mattoon, Ill., to suppress the outbreak. The rebels were reported to number three hundred, and to be intrenched at a point ten miles northeast of Charleston. Pickets were out on all the roads, and there seems to be war in earnest.

The rebel papers insist that the documents said to have been found on the body of Col. Dahlgren were entirely genuine, and that they are "substantiated by citizens on the line of the road, to whom the design was boastingly announced, and confirmed by a mass of evidence, which, when published and given to the world, as shortly will be done, will not leave a twig of question for the originators of the barbarous scheme to grasp at, as they plunge to the abyss of lasting infamy, or a single doubtful strand in the rope that swings them to the execration of the civilized world."

During the past Winter a new division of Western troops, commanded by Brig.-Gen. Ward of Kentucky, has been assigned to the Eleventh Corps. It is composed of some fine regiments, most of which are old, but having never been in a fight, it being their fortune to be doing garrison or guard duty during the most of their time.

The railroad has been completed from Chattanooga to Ringgold, and on Sunday, the 20th, the first train of cars run to that place. Major-Gens. Thomas and Palmer, accompanied by Gen. Whipple and other staff officers, made an excursion over the road.

The Memphis-Granada-Jackson-Atlanta *Appeal*, of March 12, says that the publication of the North Carolina *Standard*, suppressed by Jeff. Davis some time since for its opposition to his policy, has been resumed.

The authorities have ceased to grant passes to the Army of the Potomac, and all civilians and camp-followers generally, not having authority to remain, are being sent out of the lines to the rear.

FROM EUROPE.

By the arrival of the *Africa* at Halifax, yesterday, we have European news to the 20th—three days later. Lord Palmerston had said in the House of Commons, on the 17th inst., in regard to the proposed "conference," that the reply of Denmark was still awaited, but he had good reason to believe that the Danish Government would assent. The Lord Chancellor announced that the House of Lords would give judgment in the *Alexandra* case soon after Easter. The Manchester *Examiner* publishes a letter from sundry persons in New-York, emphatically denying the assertions of the correspondent of the London *Herald*, that, owing to the prevalence of kidnapping, there was no security for emigrants landing at New-York. They denounce the assertion as a gross falsehood. The ship *Gibraltar* had sailed for New-York with 1,000 tons of coal, given by Mr. George Elliott, of the firm of Glass, Elliott & Co., in aid of the United States Sanitary Commission. The Atlantic Telegraph Company Directors have announced that they have made a contract with Glass, Elliott & Co. to manufacture the improved cable, unanimously recommended by the Scientific Committee, and to lay the same in the Summer of 1865. The London *News* of the 18th announced, on authority, that Denmark had accepted the conference proposal, but the consent of the German Confederation was yet to be obtained, which was doubtful. The war in Denmark was progressing slowly. The Allies were laying siege to Duppel, and a vigorous bombardment was begun on the 16th, but without effect. A sharp naval engagement had taken place on Rugen Island, between five Danish steamers and two Prussian men-of-war and several gunboats, resulting in the withdrawal of the Prussian ships, closely pursued by the Danes. The Prussian vessels, however, succeeded in reaching port safely. It is asserted that Sweden is hastening her armaments.

CONGRESS.

In the Senate, yesterday, Mr. Fessenden reported back the House bill making appropriations for the legislative, judicial and executive expenses of the Government. Mr. Wilson reported a bill for the payment of the expenses of the Minnesota Indian war. Mr. Harlan, of Iowa, reported a bill to aid a railroad in Iowa, from McGregor, along the forty-third parallel, to a point on the Missouri River, with a branch up Cedar Valley, toward Mankota, Minn., and one from Sioux City to Mankota, giving five alternate sections per mile. The bill providing a temporary Government for the Territory of Montana was taken up, but no progress made. The resolution for amending the Constitution so as to prohibit Slavery, coming up as the special order, Mr. Davis spoke at length against the resolution, when the Senate adjourned.

In the House, yesterday, the Military Committee was instructed to inquire into the practicability and utility of furnishing and using as a military highway the railroad between Henderson, Ky., and Nashville, Tenn. The National Bank Bill came up in Committee of the Whole. An amendment to confine the engraving, printing, &c., of the notes to the Comptroller of the Currency, was rejected. Several other amendments of a minor character were offered and rejected. An amendment was finally adopted, providing that the rate of interest charged by the National Banks shall not exceed six per cent., and if more is taken, double the amount may be recovered by suit. No further progress was made with this bill. In the Committee of the Whole on the State of the Union, Mr. Ashley spoke on reconstruction, and was understood to oppose the plan of President Lincoln.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

In the Senate, yesterday, bills were passed for the payment of interest on canal drafts, certificates and awards; incorporating the Central Park Hotel Company and the Grand Hotel Company; incorporating the National Savings' Bank New-York; amending the charter of the Port Richmond and Bergen Point Ferry Company.

In the Assembly, bills were passed relative to docks in the Nineteenth Ward, Brooklyn; to continue the improvement of the navigation of the Hudson River; establishing an Inebriate Asylum in New-York; to amend the charter of the Columbia Insurance Company. Mr. Robinson reported a bill to amend the Metropolitan Police Law, which was made the special order for Saturday morning.

GENERAL NEWS.

Comptroller Brennan yesterday completed the sale of five-year leases of market cellars and other Corporation property, the leases for which had expired or will expire by May 1. The sale was a very successful one. The attendance was not so large as at the sale of wharf property on Monday, but the bidding was more spirited. The seventy-one pieces of property on the catalogue, which now rent at an aggregate of $24,785 per year, sold at rates aggregating $44,455 per year—an increase of $19,670, or about eighty per cent. The hotel at the foot of Eighty-sixth-street, East River, which is bringing but $400 per year, went off at $575. One cellar at Washington Market, now bringing $470 per year, sold for $2,550—an increase of $2,080. The brick building at the southeast corner of Fulton and West streets, now renting for $1,000, sold for $6,100 per annum.

The Chicago *Journal* learns that Gen. Ransom, with the Third and Fourth Divisions of the Thirteenth Army Corps, having returned from the Texas coast, was on the 9th inst., marching up from the Bayou Teche, in Southern Louisiana, and expected to be joined by Gen. Lee's cavalry at New-Iberia, where, as we have since learned, a fight took place, resulting in the capture of the place. The Nineteenth Army Corps, under Gen. Banks, was also coming up from New-Orleans to join this column. It is presumed that when these forces unite, they will move up toward Red River to act in concert with the column of troops from Vicksburgh, that is moving in that direction, and which, at last accounts, had captured Fort De Russy, on Red River.

A committee from the "Citizen's Association," intend visiting Albany to remonstrate against the City Tax Bill recently presented to the Legislature. In the bill the expenses for the present year are estimated at $15,000,000.

A limited business was transacted in Breadstuffs yesterday at drooping prices. Provisions were in less demand and heavy. Hay, Leather, Sugars and Whisky were in fair request and held very firmly. Freights were quiet, with 420 vessels of all classes in port. The changes in other branches of trade were unimportant.

The price of Gold fell 1½ ₱ cent. yesterday. The Stock Market was buoyant up to 4 o'clock, when prices on the Railways were less firm. Money 6@7 ₱ cent.

The Rebel Army Drawing Supplies From the United States—Important Revelations.

Some six weeks ago it was stated in some of the Western newspapers that Gen. E. Kirby Smith, of the rebel army in the Department of the Mississippi, had been negotiating with certain parties in the United States, with the knowledge and consent of the rebel Government at Richmond, to exchange *cotton* for provisions, army clothing and other articles of which the rebel troops were in most pressing need. The statements on this subject were at once denied, apparently on official authority, and the matter rested for a time; but it has more recently been revived, and the same statements have been repeated in the Western journals.

We have received, within a few days, certain documents which settle the matter beyond dispute. It seems that a Mr. John T. Chichester, of the City of Camden, County of Anachita, in the State of Arkansas, applied to the rebel Government at Richmond, through the Arkansas members of Congress, for authority to enter into such a trade—representing that he had special facilities for carrying it on within the Union lines. In regard to this application, the rebel Secretary of War, a year ago, wrote the following letter to Gen. Kirby Smith, giving him full authority to act upon his own judgment:

CONFEDERATE STATES OF AMERICA,
WAR DEPARTMENT,
RICHMOND, VA., March 12, 1863.

Gen. E. K. Smith, Commanding, &c.:

Application has been made to me, sustained by several of the members of Congress from Arkansas, to enter into arrangements, or contracts, with a Mr. John J. Chichester, of that State, by *which provisions and supplies for the army of Louisiana and Arkansas may be obtained from the United States, in exchange for cotton.* It is represented very strongly by the members that the supplies for subsistence, especially of meat, has, by the presence of the army in Arkansas and Louisiana, been so exhausted that *it is impossible to afford adequate provisions for the armies* from the provisions of these States without causing the most distressing want to the people. The gentleman offering to make the contracts is vouched for as reliable, loyal, and of adequate means, having peculiar facilities from his position as a farmer-planter on the river, and his past connections and business, to accomplish successfully the ends proposed. It is, of course, not desirable to resort to such a trade with the United States, which, under the laws of Congress, when carried on by citizens, is illicit, and the grounds of penalties; but, when necessities have compelled, *the Government has on many occasions resorted to it to a greater or less extent; and my own judgment much prefers the resort to such trade, rather than to allow our armies to suffer, or the people to be pinched by the withdrawal of their necessary supplies for the support of the armies.* I have not, however, felt myself sufficiently advised of your circumstances or the necessities of your armies to determine on the propriety of such contracts, and therefore I have preferred referring Mr. Chichester to you, and to your discretion and better knowledge the making of such engagements. If the wants of your armies require it even for the incidental relief of the people from serious pressure, *I have no hesitation in both authorizing and advising the course.* The terms and conditions I must leave likewise to your judgment. Provisions should be obtained very low from the Northwestern States, and cotton when sent forward must pay very largely. Still the risk is very serious, and parties engaging will of course have to be tempted with the prospect of large remuneration. *In the contracts I have made* in less convenient localities, I have endeavored either to make the contracts on the bases of the prices before the war of both articles of barter, or to have *four pounds of meat for three of cotton.* These are the exchange at the cost prices of each article; it may very probably be secured by you and would be satisfactory if better prices cannot be agreed upon. I have always, too, had it stipulated positively that *the cotton should not be delivered except in payment and after the provisions were received.* That there should be *no liberty of buying the cotton*, but the cotton should be obtained and forwarded by our own officers. That the cotton should not be sent to nor be shipped afterward at New-Orleans, and if *the stipulation could be obtained that the cotton, though passed to the United States should, passing through it, be shipped abroad.* All of them, except the last, should, I think, be insisted on. The party making the contract will need protection, and perhaps an armed escort to protect his provisions from guerrillas, and other transportation to your army. This will be reasonable and will, of course, be given. *He is likewise anxious that his motives in the matter should be recognized as loyal, so that he may not suffer in the estimation of his countrymen and this, if he deserves it, by fidelity in his transaction, it will be a matter of justice to accord.* He will, however, explain his views fully, and with all confidence I intrust the whole matter to your free judgment and action.

With high esteem, most truly yours,
(Signed,) JAMES A. SEDDON,
Secretary of War.

A true copy. (Signed,) H. P. Pratt, A. A. G.
A true copy. (Signed,) W. H. Haynes, Major and Q. M. C. S. A., Chief Clothing Bureau, Department Trans-Mississippi.

Gen. Smith at once gave the matter his approval, and on the 12th of June Maj. Haynes, the Quartermaster of that Department, entered into the following agreement with Mr. Chichester:

THE CONTRACT.

Articles of agreement made and entered into this 12th day of June, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, between Maj. W. H. Haynes, Quartermaster in the service of the Provisional Army of the Confederate States of America of the one part, and John T. Chichester, of the City of Camden, County of Anachita, State of Arkansas, of the other part. This agreement witnesseth that the said Maj. W. H. Haynes, Quartermaster, for and on behalf of the Confederate States of America, and John T. Chichester, his heirs, executors and administrators, have covenanted and agreed, and by these presents do mutually covenant and agree to and with each other as follows, viz:

First—That the said John T. Chichester, his heirs, executors and administrators, shall supply, or cause to be supplied, for the use of the Confederate States Army on White or Arkansas Rivers, within the State of Arkansas, thirty thousand (30,000) caps of gray or blue cloth, stiff leather viziers and oil-cloth covers complete; thirty thousand (30,000) best quality cadet gray cloth army jackets, lined through the body with good serviceable linsey, and through the sleeves with a good article of brown drilling; thirty thousand (30,000) best quality light blue cloth pants; sixty thousand (60,000) Sea Island brown cotton, or striped cotton shirts; sixty thousand (60,000) brown drilling drawers; thirty thousand (30,000) pair best quality double-sole kip shoes, quarters five inches high, and laced in front; sixty thousand (60,000) best quality German wool socks; thirty thousand (30,000) great coats for enlisted men of the Confederate States service, of cadet gray cloth, or dark blue or black English beaver cloth, stand-up collars, double breasted, cape to reach to the elbow when the arm is extended, and to button all the way up, (buttons eighteen,) lined through the body with linsey, and through the sleeves with brown drilling; twenty thousand (20,000) pair of Gunsler or merino blankets, weighing eight pounds to the pair. Or, in lieu of the jackets, pants and great coats, materials therefor, viz: one hundred and ninety-five thousand yards 6-4 best quality heavy cadet-gray cloth; seventy-eight thousand seven hundred and fifty yards heavy light blue army cloth; one hundred and fifty thousand yards best quality heavy plaid linsey; thirty thousand yards brown drilling; twelve hundred and fifty gross of brass buttons for jackets; one thousand eight hundred gross large sized brass buttons; twelve hundred and fifty gross small size brass buttons, for sleeves and capes; three thousand three hundred pounds Marshal's flax thread, assorted sizes, and eighteen great gross pant-buckles, on or before the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, at the price of two dollars ($2) for each cap; eight dollars for each jacket; ten dollars and fifty cents for each pair of pants; one dollar and twenty-five cents for each shirt; one dollar and twenty-five cents for each pair of drawers; three dollars for each pair of shoes; thirty-seven and a half cents for each pair of socks; fifteen dollars for each great coat; eight dollars for each pair of blankets; or, in event, material is supplied in lieu of pants, jackets and great coats, it is to be at the price of two dollars and sixty-five cents for every yard of cadet gray cloth, or dark blue, or black English beaver cloth; one dollar and five cents for every yard of plaid linsey; fifteen cents for every yard of brown drilling; twenty-five cents for every gross 27 line bone pant buttons; two dollars for every gross large size brass buttons; one dollar for every gross small size brass buttons; one dollar and fifty cents for every pound of flax thread; and nine dollars for every great gross of pant buttons.

Second.—That the said John T. Chichester, his heirs, executors and administrators, shall supply or cause to be supplied at the points herein mentioned, the following articles of camp and garrison equipage, and Quartermasters' property, and at the price herein specified, for the use of the Confederate States Army in the Department of Trans-Mississippi, viz.: Six hundred and fifty dozen spades at fifteen dollars for every dozen; six hundred and fifty dozen Collins' axes, at eighteen dollars for every dozen; six hundred and fifty dozen large size hand hatchets, with handle complete, at eighteen dollars for every dozen; six hundred and fifty dozen army camp kettles, of heavy double plate tin or sheet iron, at fifteen dollars for every dozen; two thousand five hundred dozen army mess pans, of heavy plate tin, at six dollars and fifty cents for every dozen; two hundred and fifty thousand yards Patapsco or Thistle Duck, at sixty cents for every yard; four thousand dozen Coates' spool thread, sizes eight to forty, at one dollar and twenty-five cents for every dozen; fifty best quality Singer's sewing machines, at one hundred dollars for every machine; and one hundred and fifty kegs of nails, assorted sizes, 6d., 8d., and 10d., at ten cents for every pound.

Third.—That the clothing or material therefor, camp and garrison equipage, and Quartermaster's property stipulated to be furnished and delivered under this contract, shall be of first quality.

Fourth.—That the said Maj. W. H. Haynes, Quartermaster, or such other officers as may be appointed to act in the premises, for and in behalf of the Confederate States of America, shall receive from the said John T. Chichester, his heirs, executors, administrators or duly appointed agents, all or any part of the articles that may be delivered under this contract on or before the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, and thereafter at the option of the General Commanding Department Trans-Mississippi.

Fifth.—That the certificates or receipts of the officers or agent empowered to receive the articles delivered under this contract, shall be sufficient voucher of the quality and quantity of the articles delivered upon which payments to be made as herein specified.

Sixth.—*It is understood and agreed that payment for all articles delivered under this contract shall be made with cotton of an average quality, at the rate of twenty-five cents for every pound,* and that payment is to be made at the time and place of delivery of the articles.

Seventh.—It is understood and agreed upon that the said John T. Chichester, or his duly appointed agent *shall be permitted to transport without molestation or hindrance on the part of the Confederate States Authorthorities all cotton paid to him or his duly authorized agents, by virtue of this contract, to any foreign part that he or his agents may select, provided the cotton is not sent to nor shipped afterwards at the City of New-Orleans, Louisiana.*

Eighth.—It is understood that all assistance that may be required by the said John T. Chichester, or his duly appointed agents, for the purpose of protecting his property from guerrillas, and otherwise assisting in transporting it to the point or points selected for delivery, shall be given by the military authorities of the Department Trans-Mississippi, provided such assistance is not detrimental to the public service.

Ninth.—*It is understood that no member of the Senate or House of Representatives of the Confederate States, shall be admitted to any share or benefit to arise from this contract.*

Tenth.—Should any difficulty arise respecting the quality of the articles delivered under the contract, or the quantity or condition of the cotton used in payment therefor, the officer directed by the Lieutenant-General Commanding Department, to receive the articles and make payment for the same, is to appoint a disinterested person to meet one of the same description, to be appointed by the contractor or the party or parties acting for him; these two thus appointed shall have power to adjust the difficulty, but should they disagree then a third person is to be chosen by the two already appointed, the whole to act under oath, and the opinion of the majority be final in the case.

In witness whereof we have hereunto set our hands and seals the day and date first above written.

(Signed,) W. H. HAYNES, [seal.]
Major and Q. M. P. C. S. A.
(Signed,) JOHN T. CHICHESTER, [seal.]
"Witness:"
Signed, George A. Goddard,
Signed, N. A. Johnson,
Signed, M. Jennigan.

Appointed by command of Lieut.-Gen. Smith.
(Signed,) W. K. BOGGS,
Brig.-Gen. and Chief of Staff.

SIGNED IN DUPLICATE.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Sept. 5, 1863.

Know all men by these presents, that I have this day constituted and appointed ——— my agent and attorney in fact, to act for me and in my stead, in carrying out the foregoing contract, which is a true and faithful copy of the original made with Major W. H. Haynes, Q. M. P. C. S. A., and approved by Lieut.-Gen. E. Kirby Smith, upon recommendation by letter by Hon. James A. Seddon, Secretary of War, June 12, 1863, hereby *clothing* him with full authority to do all such acts, make all such contracts, and sign and execute all such writings for me and in my name, as may be necessary to effectuate the objects of said contract and carry out its provisions. In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and seal the day and date above written.

(Signed,) J. T. CHICHESTER, [seal.]
"Witness:"
Signed, L. B. Robbins.
Signed, K. H. Forrester.

Further orders were given to Mr. Chichester from time to time for other articles needed by the army, and by him handed over to his agent to be filled. But the military operations of last Summer interfered with the practical execution of these orders, and in September the Secretary of War made the following indorsement on his original letter of authority to Gen. Smith:

On the representation of Mr. Chichester of the difficulties interposed by the fall of Vicksburgh, and other untoward events in the Trans-Mississippi Department to the delivery of the goods contracted by him to be delivered at points on the Arkansas and White Rivers, under an engagement made by him with the Quartermaster and other officers of the Trans-Mississippi Department, with the approval of Gen. Smith, I refer the matter again to the discretion of Gen. Smith, with the recommendation that the privilege be accorded of *delivering and receiving payment in cotton at one or more of the ports on the coast of Texas or at points on the White and Arkansas Rivers.*

JAMES A. SEDDON, Secretary of War.
2d September, 1863.

How much has been actually done in the execution of these agreements we have, of course, no means of knowing; but there is little room to doubt that immense quantities of such articles as the rebel army has needed most have been supplied to them *from the United States*, and payment received in cotton, very large quantities of which are known to have been received within our lines in the Southwest, in accordance with this arrangement.

Whether our Government, or its agents and Generals, have had any connection with this traffic, we have no means of knowing. It is scarcely possible that they should have remained ignorant of its existence, and it is not easy to see how it should have been carried on in defiance of their wishes. The "special agents" sent out into that region by the Secretary of the Treasury, undoubtedly had very large powers confided to them in regard to trade with the Southern States; but it can hardly be supposed that they were authorized to supply the rebel armies with clothing, provisions, hardware, and other articles of which they were most destitute. If they have any such authority, it should either be revoked or the war should be stopped. It is scarcely worth while to maintain an army of soldiers to fight the rebels, if an army of office-holders is also in the field with authority to feed them.

The Richmond Prisons—How Prisoners are Treated on Both Sides.

A chapter will be written by some future historian on the horrors of the "Libby Prison," which will almost equal in fearful interest the records of the Bastile. We shall hear of brave and enthusiastic young men who entered those gloomy walls, and who gradually, as month after month passed away of the dreary and filthy confinement, became depressed in spirit and broken in body, until when release came at last, it came too late. There will be stories of petty persecutions, of brutal indignities practiced on persons helpless and weak, of cruelties, of hopes deferred month by month, of weariness and sickness, and the lonely death of gallant men, which will make, in the future, that Richmond prison, or the place where it had been, one of the most painful places in the American memory.

No civilized nation at the present day insults or tortures its prisoners. This is left alone to savages. But the Confederate authorities and their subordinates have, from the beginning, acted toward our unfortunate men, taken as prisoners of war, as if they were New-Zealand savages with a fresh capture of unlucky white men. They have invariably rubbed their persons. They have tortured them with long and painful journeys, made on foot, under the burning sun or amid rain and sleet, while the captors rode. They have shut them up in such quarters as are not seen outside of the barbaric prisons of Asiatic rulers—dark, stifling, smoky, filthy, and full of vermin. Their scanty fuel, and still scantier rations of mouldy bread and corn meal, have been often cut short, as if the Confederate Government, fearing the opinion of the world, and not venturing on a cold-blooded massacre, would try the secret and more sure method of unhealthy quarters and bad food—of typhus and starvation. Then, in the prison itself, all that can annoy and insult brave men is continually tried to break the spirits and worry out the life of these unfortunate prisoners.

Nothing in all the records of modern prisons is so brutally and savagely cruel, as the treatment of our officers and men in the Libby Prison by these Richmond authorities. It sickens us at heart to think that such cowardly and base cruelty could exist among a people which had even called itself Christian. And then to hear from these torturers of the helpless the claim of "chivalry" or superior military honor! We all recognize now what is the soil from which all this crop of brutality and cruelty springs. We see that nothing but Slavery could harden the heart of any man, with even the exterior of a gentleman, so that he could insult and starve a prisoner. We know that no one but a man long used to rob the laborer of his wages, and to lash the women who served him, could first cheat a helpless captive of his own race, of the scanty sustenance sent him from the North, and then coolly shoot him behind prison bars, as we know to have happened.

The North has been too cool by far to these astounding brutalities. The recent returned prisoners inform us that to one-half of the twelve thousand unhappy men who, till lately, were in the various Richmond prisons, the long-delayed release will soon come too late. Filthy rooms, bad food, insult and disappointment will accomplish what the rebels would gladly effect by quicker and sterner methods. The great executioner is rapidly equaling the cartel of prisoners, North and South. Here the rebel prisoners have better fare than they have been accustomed to for years cleaner clothing, and a more invigorating climate. No insult or oppression touches them; on the contrary, they receive unbounded sympathy from the thousand half-sympathisers with treason among us. They return invigorated in constitution, and all ready for service again. Our doctors and inspectors will tell us how many Federal prisoners go into immediate service, and how many never return.

Such a state of things as this ought not to exist. It is a shame to our manhood that brave men, who have fought for our flag, should be thus left to the mercies of such utter barbarians. In some way the powerful hand of our Government ought to be extended over them.

Retaliation is a terrible thing, but the miseries and pains, and slow-wasting life of our brethren and friends in those horrible prisons, under brutal officers, is a worse thing.

No people or Government ought to allow its soldiers to be treated, for one day, as our men have been treated for the last three years. It weakens our cause and disgraces our character. Nothing will check enlistments so much, and nothing so enfeeble the arms of our soldiers in the field.

Agreement on Essentials.—*Wilkes' Spirit of the Times* and the *Journal of Commerce* are jointly and severely exercised over the decay of true religion in this country. The *Journal* is shocked at the irreverence of the Republican party. Mr. Wilkes is still more deeply impressed with the lack of vital piety in the land, and says "we are a godless, conscienceless, religionless people." He thinks "we have ungratefully forgotten a due reliance on Heaven," and exhorts his countrymen to remember that there can be "no enduring nationality without a universal sense of God."

We presume both our esteemed cotemporaries may be right,—but we have been a little struck with the different remedies which they prescribe for the evil. The *Journal* attributes the impiety of the age to the Republican Administration, and thinks it can only be cured by electing McClellan President. Mr. Wilkes also attributes this lack of saving grace to the "tricksters of the Cabinet,"—but thinks that redemption can come only from Fremont. The two accord wonderfully as to the fact; indeed it is a little "amusing to see how nicely they run cheek by jowl on the track of the next Presidential campaign"—until they come to the question of candidates. They both abuse the Administration, but differ as to its successors. We hope they will harmonize this little difference in due time.

Amusements.

Academy of Music.—Mr. Maretzek, if not always fortunate in the matter of weather, is at all events happy in the number of lieges who turn out in his honor when the elements are against him. Considering the almost impassible state of the streets, the attendance last night was quite flattering. We are glad to add that the performance was worthy of the sacrifice made to hear it. We have seldom heard the opera ("Martha") given with more spirit. Miss Kellogg was in admirable voice, and acted the *rôle* of *Lady Henrietta* with charming ease, grace and spirit. It is and always must remain one of her best efforts. Sig. Brignoli made his *rentree* as *Lionel*, and was, of course, the centre of attraction. It was this gentleman's misfortune to sing last season under adverse circumstances of health, that were painful to himself, and the cause of apprehension to his friends. It was rather harshly suggested that he had lost his voice, and a few, who had never, perhaps, enjoyed it, rejoiced at an accident that had apparently deprived the public of a favorite artist. These grumblers were happily silenced last evening. Sigor Brignoli was in capital voice, and sang throughout with unabated power and sweetness. We hardly remember to have ever heard him to greater advantage. The romanza in the third act was superbly delivered, and more than merited the rapturous encore which Signor Brignoli so reluctantly accepted.

Mr. Maretzek presided in the orchestra with his accustomed ability.

To-night, "Faust," with its incomparable caste.

Broadway Amphitheatre.—Robert Stickney, the great somerset rider, takes a benefit at the Broadway Amphitheatre this evening, when extraordinary attractions will be offered, including the first and only appearance this season of the celebrated Ella Zoyara.

Sale of Pictures.—Messrs. H. H. Leeds & Co. sell at their rooms, to-day, a collection of pictures by C. Douglass Brewerton. Among them is a fine view of Fort Sumter. Details of the sale will be found in our advertising columns.

CONFISCATION IN KENTUCKY.

Important Decision of the Court of Appeals—The Confiscation Act of Congress Decided to be Unconstitutional.

The Kentucky Court of Appeals in the case of Norris *vs.* Dompleon, on appeal from Mason County, have decided the following points in reference to the act of Congress to confiscate the property of certain classes of rebels, Judge Bullitt delivering the opinion of the court, in which he held that "the act under consideration is unconstitutional, because it attempts to authorize the confiscation of the property of citizens as a punishment of treason and other crimes, without due process of law by proceedings *in rem* in any district in which the the property may be, without presentment or indictment by a Grand Jury, without arrest or summons of the owner, and upon such evidence of his guilt as would be sufficient proof of any fact in admiralty or revenue cases. (*Constitution, article 3, section 2; sub-sec. 3 and section 3, sub-sec. 1; and articles 5th and 6th of Amendments.*)

"6. The clause of the Constitution which authorizes Congress 'to declare war, grant letters of marque and reprisal, and make rules concerning captures on land and water,' has no bearing on this question. It relates only to war with foreign nations.—[The *Brilliant* vs. United States.]"

Judge Williams delivered a separate opinion, in which he held among other things:

1. That both the Congress of the United States and State Legislatures are prohibited from passing bills of attainder; and that none but judicial attainder is known to our constitutions, whether Federal or State.

2. That judicial attainder can only be had upon a criminal proceeding, and must be upon indictment, or other legal proceeding, with a trial and judgment, as upon an indictment.

3. That treason against the United States can only be committed by actually levying war against them, or in adhering to their enemies in time of war, giving them aid and comfort.

4. That the trial and punishment for treason has been confined by the Constitution to the courts of the country; the punishment to be prescribed by Congress, within constitutional limits.

5. That even upon judicial attainder for treason, there can be no forfeiture of real or personal estate, save for the life of the person attainted.

6. That the limitation on the power to punish for treason is a limitation on the war power as to this crime.

7. That this act of Congress, of July 17, 1862, to suppress insurrection, &c., is in deroration of the personal rights, and rights of property, of the citizen, as guaranteed both in the Federal and State Constitutions.

8. That said act is not in conformity with the Federal Constitution, and is in conflict with the Constitution and laws of the States, and derogatory to their sovereignty.

9. That said act cannot be justified by the laws of nations, nor by the usages of war, as recognized by modern, civilized and Christian nations.

10. That, being in conflict with the United States Constitution, it cannot be upheld as a rule prescribed by a sovereign, in derrogation of the laws of nations, nor is a nullity.

THE RED RIVER EXPEDITION.

Details of the Capture of Fort De Russey—The Military and Naval Forces—What Remains to be Done.

Correspondence of the St. Louis Republican.

At Sea, on Board Flag-ship Fort De Russey, Tuesday, March 15, 1864.

To understand the importance of the great expedition up the Red River, it is necessary to review the military situation in the beginning of March. Sherman had returned to Vicksburgh from his grand but disappointing raid into Mississippi, and instead of directing his forces toward Mobile, the point of the greatest and almost the only position of vital concern to the rebels, he detached a portion of them to Gen. Banks' assistance, who, it appears, had predetermined on scattering or demolishing the force in West Louisiana.

It is altogether probable that something in the seasons had dictated this choice to Gen. Banks. For example, the Red River is only high enough to be navigable by the largest vessels during this month and the next, while the task of taking Mobile is one which might be undertaken at any time, though it is unaccountably strange that it was not begun in December instead of May.

As is well known, the column under Gen. Franklin crossed from New-Orleans to Brashear City about the 1st Inst., and thence took up the line of march along the Bayou Teche, substantially the same route pursued nearly a year ago, via Opelousas to Alexandria. The forces under Gen. A. J. Smith, from the Department of the Tennessee, comprising the brigade under Gens. F. K. Smith, Thomas and Ellet, embarked at Vicksburgh on the 10th, and proceeded down to the mouth of Red River, where they found an immense fleet of gunboats ready for the ascent.

THE ADVANCE.

The twenty transports, preceded by the twenty gunboats, started from the Mississippi on the 10th, and ascended the Red River as far as what is called the Old River, when we turned into the Atchafalaya, instead of continuing up Red River. We found it, for twelve miles, a deep and navigable stream.

THE NAVAL SQUADRON.

Touching the naval force, it may be well to remark that a more formidable fleet was never under single command than that now on the Western rivers under Admiral Porter, and, it might be said, also, never to less purpose. At the time of departure, the strength of the rebellion in the inland waters had been crushed. Its forts had been demolished at Henry, Donelson, Columbus, Island Number Ten, Vicksburgh, Hudson, and New Orleans, by the gallant Foote and Farragut, united with the army. Its fleet had been sunk by Ellet, Farragut, and Davis. All that remained to be extinguished was the insignificant fort at Gordon's Landing, and one ram and one gunboat on Red River.

To meet this force we had collected twenty powerful war-vessels of all classes, from the light draught to the heaviest monitor. Among them were the monitors *Ozark*, *Osage*, *Neosho*; the iron-clads *Benton*, *Carondelet*, *Pittsburg*, *Mound City*, *Louisville*, *Essex* and *Chilicothe*; the rams *Price*, *Choctaw*, *Lafayette*; besides the lighter boats *Blackhawk*, *Ouachita*, *Champion* and *Tyler*. Contemplating this vast array of armed vessels to meet so weak a foe, those who are familiar with the history cannot but contrast with it the different equipments with which the lamented Col. Ellet was dispatched on the same errand more than a year ago with the *Queen of the West* only.

BEFORE THE BATTLE.

The new earthworks were found in course of construction, and abundant evidences of the traffic across the stream at this point. A short distance up the bayou, which enters at this point, were found twenty-four pontoons used for a long bridge; also, portions of a raft of timber long enough to stretch across. News reached us that a camp near the river had been hastily evacuated at the sight of the fleet; afterward we heard that about two thousand had a fortified camp three miles from the river, at the intersection of Bayou Glaize (Yellow Bayou.) Next morning the land forces were disembarked, and marched out by sunrise to find the camp broken up, and the enemy gone, the bridge leading across the stream burning, and evidence of a fright.

There were two extensive earthworks still incomplete, and a prodigious raft being constructed across Bayou Glaize, so as to prevent the gunboats ascending the little channel during high water. This location of their principal fortifications is significant of two things, their intention to make the Atchalalaya as their line of defense, and their distrust of their ability to hold forts immediately on the banks of navigable streams. Henceforth we imagine their policy would be to hold the roads to the interior by works erected beyond the range of the gunboats. Their abandonment of Simmsport was indicative that they had lost hope of defending successfully these latter.

Five miles further out, our forces overtook five teams loaded with tents, which they burnt, and loaded up the teams with sugar and molasses, which the rebels had unsuccessfully attempted to destroy. The whole column then returned to the boats. I should not be a faithful historian if I omitted to mention that the conduct of the troops, since the late raid of Gen. Sherman, is becoming very prejudicial to our good name and their efficiency. A spirit of destruction and wanton ferocity seems to have seized upon many of them, which is quite incredible. At Red River Landing they robbed a house of several thousand dollars in specie, and then fired the house to conceal their crime. At Simmsport, a party of them stole out and robbed and insulted a family two miles distant. I am glad to say that Gen. Smith is disposed to punish all offenders severely.

MARCHING ON FORT DE RUSSEY.

It was decided that the column should march overland to Fort De Russey, the place to which it was supposed they had retreated, distant thirty-five miles. At daybreak they started, in light marching order. The boats were steamed up the Red River, which proved to be extremely tortuous and difficult of navigation. At a point sixty-five miles above the mouth, and twenty-five above Black River, we came upon a small earthwork, without guns, distant by land about five miles from the main fort. Hewn piles and timbers had floated past during the day, preparing us for the evacuation above.

Meanwhile the column under Gen. Smith, with Mower's Brigade in the advance, made a night march across from Simmsport. Before they had gotten five miles out on their march they were beset by the enemy's cavalry, which kept harrassing front and rear during the entire route. A company of cavalry, under Capt. Hughes, preceded the column, skirmishing continually. Gen. F. Kilby Smith, who commanded the division in the rear, was often obliged to form in line to repel their threatened attack.

Notwithstanding that a delay of three hours occurred in rebuilding a bridge destroyed by the flying enemy, the entire march, thirty miles, was accomplished in twenty hours, and, as the result showed, captured

POSTSCRIPT.

THURSDAY, 4 O'CLOCK A. M.

THE ILLINOIS REBELLION.

Serious Character of the Disturbances.

Five Thousand Men Called for to Suppress the Insurrection.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., Tednesday, March 30.

Col. OAKES, Assistant Provost Marshal General, started for Charleston last night and telegraphed to-day for the Forty-first Regiment, which left this afternoon. Gen. HEINTZELMAN has also been requested to send 5,000 troops from Indianapolis. This indicates that the troubles in that section are of a serious character.

THE WAR IN THE WEST.

Capture of Alexandria, La.—Retreat of the Rebels to Shreveport—Accidental Destruction of Fort De Russey—Forrest's Movements in Kentucky—Continued Excitement at Paducah.

ST. LOUIS, Wednesday, March 30.

The steamer *David Tatum*, which reached Cairo last night, reports a part of FORREST's forces crossing the Cumberland River at Eddyville. A gunboat has been sent up the river to look after the matter.

The First Alabama Cavalry, reported last night at Cairo, have unanimously reënlisted. They are 700 strong, and all Alabamians. They have seen hard service. They are on the way to Decatur to recruit.

It is reported that large numbers of Union men in northern Alabama are waiting to join the army.

Col. SPENCER has authority to raise a brigade there. He thinks it can be done in six weeks.

Alexandria, La., was occupied by our troops on the 16th. The enemy, under Gen. TAYLOR, crossed the river and retreated to Shreveport by land. Several rebel gunboats which were there had gone up the river.

The steamer *New Falls City*, laden with cotton, it is reported, has been burned.

The advance of Gen. BANK's cavalry, under LEE, arrived at Alexandria on the 19th. The remainder of the army was within two days march. When it arrives, the combined force will proceed westward by land. Supplies are going by river.

The rebels north and south of Red River are concentrating at Shreveport, except Gen. HARRISON's Cavalry at Columbia.

The gunboats made a prize of all the cotton captured, amounting to 5,000 bales.

Fort De Russy was accidentally blown up on the 17th, killing four and wounding six men.

AFFAIRS IN KENTUCKY.

CAIRO, Wednesday, March 30.

Memphis papers of the evening of the 28th contain no news.

The latest information from Paducah represents much excitement among the citizens, fearing another attack from FORREST's forces. The merchants and others are moving their goods and valuables to a safer place.

Many exciting rumors are afloat respecting FORREST's movements. Several planters from the vicinity of Skipwith's Landing have abandoned their plantations, and came north, in consequence of the depradations committed by the guerrillas.

LOUISVILLE, Wednesday, March 30.

The business portion of New-Liberty, Owen County, was destroyed by fire, on Sunday.

About 100 of FORREST's forces crossed the Cumberland, at Eddyville, yesterday.

Wisconsin Union Convention.

MILWAUKIE, Wednesday, March 30.

The Union Convention for choosing a delegates to the Baltimore Convention met at Madison at 12 o'clock. Gov. SOLOMON was made President. Among the delegates chosen are Ex-Gov. SOLOMON, Ex-Gov. RANDALL and Hon. J. F. POTTER.

Resolutions were adopted eulogizing President LINCOLN and favoring his renomination. The Convention was perfectly harmonious throughout. The delegates were unanimous for LINCOLN.

From Fortress Monroe.

FORTRESS MONROE, Wednesday, March 30.

The schooner *Lydia Ann* was lost at sea on the 23d instant. The crew was saved by the schooner *Maria H. Rossma*.

Death of William H. Colby.

BOSTON, Wednesday, March 30.

Mr. WILLIAM COLBY, for many years connected with the Sunday Press of New-York, died this morning at the Massachusetts Hospital, of paralysis.

Non-Arrival of the North American.

PORTLAND, Me., Wednesday, March 30—11 A. M.

There are, as yet, no signs of the steamship *North American*, now due at this port, with Liverpool dates of the 17th, and Londonderry of the 18th instant. Wind northeast, accompanied with a storm of rain and sleet. Thermometer 32° above zero.

FROM ALBANY.

Important Measures Pending—The Canal Contractors' Claims—Progress of Business in the Assembly.

Correspondence of the New-York Times.

ALBANY, Wednesday, March 30.

The two Houses of the Legislature are taking action upon important measures which have been debated a good deal in the course of the session. In the Assembly, last evening, the bill providing for the extension of the Chenango Canal was ordered to third reading, after a protracted discussion. The Lexington-avenue Railroad Bill was also favorably reported. The Mills Railroad Bill, which had been previously reported was recommitted to committee.

This morning, in the Senate, Buffalo got the better of Oswego in relation to the bill providing to rebuild the locks on the Oneida Lake Canal by a single vote. The yeas and nays on the question of the bill's passage stood sixteen to twelve, a majority vote of all the Senators elected (thirty-two) being required to pass the bill. The bill recognizing the claim of GEORGE D. LOAD, a Canal Contractor, which has been discussed at great length as involving a principle of general application, passed the Senate this morning by a vote of seventeen to thirteen. Beside these several important claim bills have passed the Senate this morning.

The process of passing bills is now in the Assembly *the business* of every day. Hour after hour the clerk, with a voice that has become hoarse from constant use, during the past week, reads for form's sake, bills for the third time, and then calls the roll of members and records their votes. It is a contest with time, as the effort is to get through with as many bills as possible in the course of the day. It is hard work, and few men can accomplish so much of it in a given time, or continue the process so unremittingly as the present able Clerk of the Assembly.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

ALBANY, Wednesday, March 30.

Petitions were presented from the State pupils in the Institution for the Blind, praying for relief.

Mr. STRONG said that the Commities on Charitable Institutions had examined several of these pupils in regard to the alleged ill-treatment received by them at the hands of the officers of the institution; that there are grounds, more or less strong, for these complaints, and that further investigation is demanded.

On motion, the committee was instructed not to pay over any of the next appropriation of this institution, except on the recommendation of the committee authorized to investigate the charges.

REPORTS.

Authorizing the Brooklyn City and Ridgewood Railroad Company to reduce their capital stock.

By Mr. WHITE—A majority report in favor of admitting colored children to the colored High School.

Mr. MURPHY made a minority report.

Incorporating the 'Longshoreman's Union Association.

Relative to securities deposited in the Insurance Department, by companies that have agencies in this State.

Mr. COZANS introduced a bill authorizing the Church of the Intercession to acquire real estate.

On motion of Mr. LAIMBEER, the Committee on Charitable Institutions were instructed to investigate the charges against the officers of the Institution for the Blind, and to report next Wednesday.

BILLS PASSED.

For the payment of the interest on the canal drafts, certificates and awards.

Incorporating the Central Park Hotel Company.

Incorporating the Grand Hotel Company.

Relative to devises, to corporations declaring them invalid unless made six months before death.

Incorporating the National Savings' Bank, New-York.

Amending the charter of the Port Richmond and Bergen Point Ferry Company. Recess.

ASSEMBLY.

ALBANY, Wednesday, March 30.

BILLS PASSED.

Relative to docks in the Nineteenth Ward, Brooklyn.

To continue the improvement of the navigation of the Hudson River.

For an interpreter for the King's County Court.

Establishing an Inebriate Asylum in New-York.

To amend the charter of the Columbian Insurance Company.

Mr. ROBINSON reported a bill to amend the Metropolitan Police Law, which was made the special order for Saturday morning. Recess.

The annual supply bill was under consideration the remainder of the afternoon session.

Mr. OLVANY having addressed an offensive ephithe to the Chairman of the Committee of the Whole, tha fact was reported to the House and Mr. CROOKE moved that the offending member be ordered under arrest, whereupon Mr. OLVANY apologized and the motion failed.

Adjourned.

ALBANY, Wednesday, March 30.

Neither House is in session this evening.

During the evening, a large number of pupils from the Deaf and Dumb Institution of New-York, gave an interesting exhibition before a large audience, in the Assembly Chamber, of their proficiency in sign language.

Court of Appeals.

ALBANY, Wednesday, March 30.

The following is the calendar of the Court of Appeals, for March 31: Nos. 25½, 26, 27, 28, 31, 32, 33, 34, 34½ and 89.

—WALTER LOW, whose elegant little establishment at No. 823 Broadway is the natural resort of the lovers of whatever is fresh, and good, and beautiful in the literary world, has issued, in very neat style, a volume of private poems entitled *Nests at Washington, and Other Poems*, by JOHN J. and SARAH M. B. PIATT. These productions, so modestly put forth, are of such excellent merit, that had they only the name of a Longfellow to herald them, they would be accepted without criticism. The names of the authors, however, are already associated with a number of beautiful poems, and these fragments worthily add to their modest claims. "The Monk's Vision of Christ," "The Golden Hand," and "A Disenchantment," are quite gems of excellence.

—PETER BADEAU, Esq., the oldest Sunday-school teacher in this City, and probably in the United States, if not in the world, departed this life on March 16, at his late residence in Eleventh-street. He was in his eighty-ninth year, and had been an active Sunday-school teacher from the first formation of Sunday schools in this City up to the time of his death.

—The famous oak tree, under which Gens. GRANT and PEMBERTON met, and agreed upon terms for the surrender of Vicksburgh, on the 3d of July last, has been cut to pieces by soldiers who wished to obtain souvenirs of the memorable event. The trunk and branches failing to supoly the demand, the roots were dug up.

NEW-YORK WEEKLY TIMES.

The NEW-YORK WEEKLY TIMES is published THIS MORNING, and may be had at the counter of the publication office, in wrappers, ready for mailing. Price FIVE CENTS.

In addition to the latest intelligence by telegraph up to the moment of going to press, there will be found in the current number full details of all military movements in the different departments, from the pens of our special correspondents. Also, all official orders, reports and documents, and the latest and fullest Washington news. European news, with graphic letters from our correspondents in London and Paris, giving the tone of public feeling abroad, is made a special and permanent feature. In addition to Editorials on all the current topics of the day, the WEEKLY TIMES has a page of carefully prepared commercial matter, giving the latest financial news and market reports; items of agriculture and domestic interest, compiled from sources many of which are otherwise inaccessible to the American reader; and marriages and deaths of the week.

The "WEEKLY RECORD," or news summary—being a careful synopsis and digest of the news of the day, both rebellion and general—is alone worth double the subscription price to the paper, as it preserves in a condensed and conveniently classified form all news of interest, and must prove valuable as a record to all time.

The WEEKLY TIMES will be sent to subscribers in any part of the country on the following terms: One copy one year, $2; three copies one year, $5; ten copies one year, $15; twenty copies one year, $26. To any one who will send us a Club of Twenty, the SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES will be sent gratuitously for one year. To any one sending us a Club of Fifty, the DAILY TIMES will be sent gratis for one year.

Best Coffee in the Market.

The subscriber has added to his stock of choice Family Groceries the celebrated

LONDON CLUB COFFEE,

which he can now furnish to his customers in large or small quantities.

C. E. KNAPP,
No. 301 Hudson, corner of Spring.

Hoyt's Hiawatha Hair Restorative
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The standard preparation for the hair, warranted in all cases to restore faded and gray hair and whiskers to their original color. It brings up the natural shading of one hair with another. Stops the falling out of the hair, makes it soft and silky, cleanses it and the scalp of all impurities and humors, and entirely overcomes bad effects of sulphur, sugar of lead, &c.

Hoyt's Imperial Coloring Cream, sold everywhere.

JOSEPH HOYT & CO., No. 10 University-place, N. Y.

N. B.—Ladies' French hair-dresser in attendance to apply the Hiawatha.

A New Perfume for the Handkerchief. Extract of the

Night Blooming Cereus,
Night Blooming Cereus,
Night Blooming Cereus,
Night Blooming Cereus,
Night Blooming Cereus,
Night Blooming Cereus,
Night Blooming Cereus,

A Most Exquisite, Delicate and Fragrant Perfume, Distilled from the Rare and Beautiful Flower from which it takes its name.

Manufactured only by PHALON & SON.
BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.
ASK FOR PHALON'S—TAKE NO OTHER.
Sold by druggists generally.

Chevalier's Life for the Hair.—The Best HAIR-DRESSING

ever yet offered to the public. IT RESTORES GRAY HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR. *Will stop its falling out in three days*, and keep the head clean, cool and healthy. *Does not stain the skin* or soil the whitest fabric. Is entirely different from any other preparation.

Its entire freedom from all injurious qualities,

ITS SWEET AND DELICATE PERFUME,

render it the *most desirable* article for the toilet and hair-dressing yet offered to the public. $1 per bottle; $5 per half dozen, in fancy boxes. Can be sent by express. For sale at the drug-stores.

SARAH A. CHEVALIER, M. D.,
No 1,123 Broadway, New-York.

Dr. C can be consulted gratuitously, personally or by letter, where information in regard to the treatment of the Head and Hair will be *clearly explained*.

Genin, No. 513 Broadway.

His New Spring Styles, which comprise the latest French and English novelties of

GENTLEMEN'S SILK HATS,
GENTLEMEN'S SOFT AND CLOTH HATS,
LADIES' RIDING HATS AND CAPS,
MISSES' HATS,
BOYS' HATS.
INFANTS' HATS.

The Millinery and Hatting Trade dealt with on liberal terms.

Attention is called to the Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods Department in this store, comprising all the latest novelties. GENIN, No. 513 Broadway.

To Consumptives.

Four-fifths of you are suffering from neglected colds, and consequent inflammation of the delicate lining of those tubes through which the air we breathe is distributed to the lungs. This obstruction produces pain and soreness, hoarseness, cough, difficulty of breathing, hectic fever, and a spitting of blood, matter or phlegm, which finally exhausts the strength of the patient, and death ensues. JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT never fails to remove this obstruction, and produces the most speedy and pleasant results. It is certain in its effects, and cannot fail to relieve. The EXPECTORANT and all of Dr. D. JAYNE & SON'S Family Medicines are sold by KITCHEN, TYLER & Co., No. 141 Chambers-st., and No. 1 Hudson-st., and by Druggists generally.

All First-class Sewing-Machines
FOR SALE AND TO RENT, BY
HICKS & COMPANY, 480 BROADWAY.
Three doors below Broome-st.

The Attention of Confectioners, Hotel-keepers and families, is respectfully invited to BURNETT'S FLAVORING EXTRACTS. They are superior to any others, and should be for sale by all dealers.

Prof. Alex. C. Barry's Tricopherous, or Medicated Compound, for preserving, restoring and beautifying the hair, eradicating scurf and dandruff, preventing baldness and gray hairs, curing diseases of the skin, glands and muscles, (such as salt rheum, pimples, chilblains, &c.,) chaps, rheumatism, swellings, sore throat, &c., and giving instant relief in cases of cuts, bruises, sprains, burns, scalds, &c. Price 25 cents. Sold by all druggists throughout the world. Principal office, No. 374 Pearl-st., New-York.

Armless Soldiers!—The Board of Surgeons and the Surgeon-General U. S. A. have given special honorary commendation to the Palmer Arm, and authorized its manufacture. Full information given by the inventor. Offices, Philadelphia, New-York and Boston. Palmer's Legs, also.

B. FRANK PALMER, Surgeon Artist.

Batchelor's Hair Dye.

The best in the world, the only reliable and perfect dye known. Instantaneous and harmless. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. Factory No. 81 Barclay-st.

Steinway & Sons—
Manufacturers of Grand, Square and Upright Pianos, have removed their warerooms to their new marble building,

Nos. 71 and 72 East 14th-st.,
Between Union-square and Irving-place, New-York.

G. Saunders' Metallic Tablet Razor-Strop.—The oldest and most approved Strop now in use, having been before the public for the last forty years. For sale, wholesale and retail, at the subscriber's.

J. & S. SAUNDERS, No. 7 Astor House.

Henry H. Leeds & Co., Auctioneers, will give their personal attention (as usual, for the past 17 years,) to SALES OF FURNITURE, at the residences of THOSE DECLINING HOUSEKEEPING OR REMOVING; will also hold regular weekly sales at their STORE, No. 23 NASSAU-ST., for the convenience of those preferring this medium of sale.

Artificial Limbs by E. D. Hudson, M. D., New-York, Astor-place, Clinton Hall, up stairs. United States soldiers and marines furnished without charge, by order of Surgeon-Gen. U. S. A. Surgeon Whelan, U. S. N.

Gold Pens.
FOLEY'S Celebrated "Bank" and extra fine GOLD PENS AND PENCILS.
Store and Factory, No. 169 Broadway.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also supporters, suspensory bandages, silk elastic stockings for varicose veins, shoulder-braces, &c. A lady attendant.

Dyspepsia Tablets for Indigestion, Heartburn, &c., prepared only by S. G. WELLING, No. 207 Centre-st. Sold by druggists generally. 50c. a box.

Children's Carriages and Spring Horses at TIBBAL'S, No. 512 Broadway, directly opposite the St. Nicholas Hotel.

Grover & Baker's Highest Premium Elastic Stich Sewing Machines.
SALESROOMS NO. 495 BROADWAY.

Wheeler & Wilson's Highest Premium Lock-stitch Sewing Machines.
No. 505 BROADWAY.

MARRIED.

ADAIR—MONTAGUE.—On Wednesday, March 30, by Rev. Alexander R. Thompson, JOHN ADAIR to E. SELINA, eldest daughter of Brainerd Montague, Esq., all of this City.

BELL—NEWELL.—On Tuesday, March 29, at the residence of Mrs. Eliza A. Newell, Boston, HENRY G. BELL, of Brooklyn, N. Y., to ELIZABETH NEWELL, of Boston, Mass.

GELLATLY—WHITE.—At Watertown, N. Y., on Tuesday, March 29, by Rev. Richard Keyes, FRANCIS GELLATLY, of Brooklyn, N. Y., and ADELINE B. WHITE, of Chicago, Ill.

MEIGS—CAMPBELL.—On Tuesday, March 29, by Rev. Dr. Stewart, U. S. N., Mr. CHARLES H. MEIGS to Miss KATE H. CAMPBELL, daughter of Jacob Campbell, Esq.

DIED.

ARKENBURGH.—At Bloomingdale, 68th-st. and 10th-av., on Friday, March 25, AMELIA, daughter of Robert H. and Eliza Jane Arkenburgh, aged 3 years, 1 month and 6 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral this day, at 1 o'clock.

ALEXANDER.—In Philadelphia, Penn., on Wednesday, March 23, ELIZABETH MARTIN, wife of Wm. H. Alexander, of Syracuse.

COOK.—On Wednesday, March 30, of diphtheria, WILLIAM HOWARD, son of Effingham and Harriet H. Cock, aged 2 years and 2 months.

The funeral will take place from the residence of the family, No. 260 Lexington-av., on Sixth day, at 3 o'clock P. M., (to-morrow.) The remains will be conveyed to Chappaqua, where the funeral will take place from Friends' Meeting-house, at 10½ A. M. on Seventh day. The friends of the family are respectfully requested to attend, without further invitation.

HAIGHT.—On Tuesday morning, March 29, at 7 o'clock, Mrs. CAROLINE CYNTHIA HAIGHT, widow of John Gilbert Haight, and daughter of Lawrence Ackerman, aged 54 years.

The friends and relatives are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, without further notice, at her late residence, No. 39 Smith-st., between Livingston and Schemerhorn, Brooklyn, on Friday, April 1, at 3 o'clock. Services at St. Peter's Church, State-st., near Hoyt, at 3½ P. M.

HETHERINGTON.—On Tuesday afternoon, March 29, after a long and painful illness, JAMES HETHERINGTON, Jr., aged 28 years, a native of Sligo, Ireland.

His friends and relatives are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 763 3d-av., corner of 51st-st., this (Thursday) forenoon, at 10 o'clock.

KETCHUM.—Suddenly, at Genoa, Ill., on Sunday, March 20, FANNY M., wife of Ira G. Ketchum, in the 42d year of her age.

☞ Boston papers please copy.

MOTT.—On Tuesday evening, March 29, after a short illness, of scarlet fever, JOHN GEDNEY MOTT, Jr., youngest son of Lawrence P. and Mary F. Mott, in the 5th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family, and the members of New-York Lodge No. 330, F. & A. M., are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this day, (Thursday,) the 31st inst., from No. 232 West 19th-st., without further invitation, at 2 o'clock.

SCHUYLER.—In Jersey City, on Wednesday, March 30, ANGELICA V. R. SCHUYLER.

The friends and relatives of the family are requested to attend the funeral, from Grace Church, Erie-st., Jersey City, on Friday, April 1, at 12 o'clock.

SWANY.—In Brooklyn, on Wednesday, March 30, Mrs. CAROLINE SWANY, wife of Thomas Swany, aged 44 years, 8 months and 15 days.

The friends and relatives are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, on Friday afternoon, at 3½ o'clock, from her late residence, corner of Court and Baltic sts., South Brooklyn, without further notice.

VOSBURGH.—On Wednesday, March 30, ABRAM ELMORE, youngest son of Emmegean and the late Col. Abram A. Vosburgh, aged 2 years and 4 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on Friday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, from the residence of his mother, No. 145 West 12th-st., without further invitation.

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS OF MURRAY, EDDY & CO.'S
KENTUCKY STATE LOTTERY.

KENTUCKY, EXTRA CLASS 249.—March 30, 1864.
22, 60, 67, 2, 75, 48, 56, 74, 35, 15, 23, 28.

KENTUCKY, CLASS 250.—March 30, 1864.
14, 22, 62, 4, 20, 53, 21, 19, 60, 40, 77, 42, 26.

Circulars sent free of charge, by addressing either to
MURRAY, EDDY & CO.,
Covington, Ky., or St. Louis, Mo.

DRAWING OF THE
SHELBY COLLEGE LOTTERY, OF KENTUCKY.

EXTRA CLASS 183—March 30, 1864.
59, 47, 27, 13, 46, 39, 20, 66, 62, 42, 11, 35.

CLASS 154—March 30, 1864.
20, 68, 4, 64, 74, 48, 33, 60, 76, 22, 42, 49, 73.

Z. E. SIMMONS & CO., Managers.
Covington, Ky.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY.—THIRTY per cent. premium paid for prizes; information furnished; the highest rates paid for doubloons, and all kinds of gold and silver.
TAYLOR & CO.,
Bankers, No. 16 Wall-st.

LOTTERY TICKETS CASHED IN ALL legalized Lotteries, and information given, by
JOSEPH BATES, Broker,
No. 11 Wall-st., Room No. 1.

DUST! DUST! DUST!

NOISE! NOISE! NOISE!
COLD! WIND! RAIN!

Browne's Metallic Weather Strips and Window Bands exclude cold, wind, rain and dust from doors and windows. They save one-half the fuel, stop the rattling of sashes, and are warranted good for five years. Local agents wanted every where.

Address the PATENT METALIC WEATHER STRIP COMPANY, No. 644 Broadway, corner Bleecker-st.

UNION LINCOLN ASSOCIATION.

The regular weekly meeting of this Association will be held THIS (Thursday) EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, at Hope Chapel. S. DRAPER, President.
S. J. GLASSEY, } Secretaries.
ALFRED GOODELL, }

LADIES' GILT COMBS—NEW STYLES— FROM PARIS—TWO, THREE, FOUR, SIX, EIGHT, TEN AND FIFTEEN DOLLARS each.
For sale by GEO. C. ALLEN,
No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

DEAFNESS,
IMPAIRED SIGHT,
NOISES IN THE HEAD.
CATARRHAL AFFECTIONS
IN THE
THROAT,
CHRONIC CATARRH,
CATARRH OF THE TYMPANIC MUCOUS MEMBRANE, OBSTRUCTION OF THE EUSTACHIAN TUBE, CURED, CROSS-EYE STRAIGHTENED IN ONE MINUTE.

And every disease of the Eye and Ear requiring either medical or surgical aid, attended to
BY
DR. VON EISENBERG,
Author of "Surgical and Practical Observations on the Diseases of the Ear, with the New Mode of Treatment," at his office,
NO. 816
BROADWAY.

AGAIN NEW TESTIMONY,

TESTIMONIAL FROM ONE OF THE MOST RESPECTABLE CITIZENS OF NEW-YORK.
DEAFNESS AND CATARRH CURED.

No. 420 SIXTH-AV., NEW-YORK, Dec. 2, 1863.

I was deaf for several years, and hearing of the great cures performed by Dr. Von Eisenberg, I was induced to place myself under his care, and I am now happy to state that my hearing was entirely restored after a short treatment. I was also suffering from chronic catarrh, of which I was also cured by the skillful treatment of Dr. Von Eisenberg. I do but justice to the Doctor in stating that in treating me he displayed that skill and knowledge which have already procured for him such a deserved reputation, and that the principles which direct his system of curing Deafness and Catarrh are such as to render success certain, in my opinion. Many months have passed since Dr. Von Eisenberg restored my hearing, and it continues as good as ever.

O. HOPKINS.

READ NEW TESTIMONY OF CATARRH CURED.
CATARRH CURED.
READ!

I have been suffering for a long time from a severe Catarrh, with a continual dullness in my head, a tightness across my chest, a weight over my eyes, which were weak, watery, and very painful. My nostrils were constantly obstructed with a pouring fluid. That frequent sneezing, hoarseness of my voice, often attended with a fullness of my throat, great soreness, and a continual dropping. Dr. Von Eisenberg has cured me of all these disagreeable sufferings. may, indeed, say that I feel a new life. The treatment of Dr. Von Eisenberg is as skillful as it is successful. It is in my opinion impossible to overrate the benefit I have received at his hands. I heartily recommend any one suffering like myself to place themselves under Dr. Von Eisenberg's care, with a certainty of being speedily cured.

W. S. HUTCHINS,
Lightning Calculator,
Barnum's Museum.

NEW-YORK, Jan. 21, 1864.

READ.

HARLEM, July 30, 1863.

I have been deaf for over TWENTY-FIVE YEARS, and Dr. VON EISENBERG operated on both of my ears without the slightest pain—a thing that I could not believe could be done. I now *hear* well, and feel as I never felt for the last twenty years. The dexterity and skill with which the operation was performed evince the highest practical ability. *hear perfectly.* It is now over a month since the operation, and I continue to feel as well as ever.

WILLIAM LIDDLE,
Harlem, 126th-st., between 2d and 3d avs.

No. 134 ALLEN-ST., NEW-YORK, Feb. 9, 1863.

I have been completely deaf in one ear, and partially so in the other, for above seventeen years, with a disagreeable discharge from both ears, combined with continual rumbling noise in the head, for which I have been treated by a most eminent practitioner in the City without the slightest relief.

I consulted Dr. Von Eisenberg, but I must candidly say that I had no faith in his success when I did so. It is, therefore, due to Dr. Von Eisenberg to acknowledge that I am entirely cured; also, that he displayed that skill and knowledge which have procured for him such an unrivaled reputation. As I have had an opportunity of comparing his mode of treatment with that of others, I can truly state that it is not only superior, but the principles which direct his mode of restoring the hearing are, in my opinion, certain. JOHN TAYLOR.

NEW-YORK, July 19, 1862.

This certifies that my mother has been for some time afflicted with partial deafness, suffering from pain, and rumbling noises in the head, together with other indications of a *total loss of hearing*. Dr. Von Eisenberg removed from her ears a great quantity of matter, together with coagulated blood, relieving her instantaneously, and all without pain. It is with grateful thanks that I give this testimony to his skill.

CARROLL J. POST, No. 2 South-st.

CHRONIC CATARRH CURED.

READ.

NEW-YORK, March 20, 1863.

"This is to certify, that I have suffered from very severe CHRONIC CATARRH, with a dull heaviness in the head. I felt my nose completely stopped up accompanied by continual soreness of the throat, the chills stealing over me with occasional hot flushes, a great tightness of the chest and pain, so much so, that every one thought it was consumption. Having heard of the great cures performed by Dr. Von Eisenberg, I consulted him with but little hope of cure. I am now happy to be enabled to add my testimonial to the great number already in the Doctor's possession, as to his scientific and successful mode of treatment, as he has shown in my case that skill and knowledge which have procured for him so great a reputation. I am so entirely restored to perfect health that I do most sincerely recommend all sufferers from CHRONIC CATARRH and SORE THROAT to apply at once to Dr. Von Eisenberg with a certainty of being cured."

FREDERICK WEBER No. 569 4th-st.

DR. VON EISENBERG'S OFFICE
NO. 816 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.

GRAY'S PATENT MOLDED COLLARS have now been before the public for nearly a year. They are universally pronounced the neatest and best fitting collars extant.

The upper edge presents a perfect curve, free from the angles noticed in all other collars.

The cravat causes no puckers on the inside of the turn-down collar; they are as smooth inside as outside, and therefore perfectly free and easy to the neck.

The Garotte Collar has a smooth and evenly finished edge on both sides.

These collars are not simply flat pieces of paper cut in the form of a collar, but are molded and shaped to fit the neck.

They are made in "Novelty" (or turn-down) style, in every half inch size from 12 to 17 inches, and in "Eureka" or Garotte) from 13 to 17 inches, and packed in "odd sizes" in neat blue cartoons, containg 100 each; also, in smaller ones of 10 each—the latter a very handy package for travelers, army and navy officers.

Every collar is stamped
"GRAY'S PATENT MOLDED COLLARS."
The trade supplied by
J. S. LOWREY & CO.,
No. 37 Warren-st., New-York.

CLOTHING.
THE ATTENTION OF
WHOLESALE BUYERS
is requested to our superb assortment of
CLOTHING, SHIRTS
AND
FURNISHING GOODS
FOR
MEN AND BOYS.
DEVLIN & CO.,
BROADWAY, CORNER OF GRAND.

FRENCH CHINA DINNER SETS.
100 HANDSOME WHITE FRENCH CHINA DINNER SETS,
SECOND SELECTION,
which we offer at 35 PER CENT. DISCOUNT from the prices charged for best selected goods. For use, they are as good as the best, AND ARE A BARGAIN as regards the price.
E. V. HAUGHWOUT & CO.,
Nos. 488, 490 and 492 Broadway, cor. of Broome-st.

A SINGLE BOX OF BRANDRETH'S PILLS contains more valuable extractive matter than twenty boxes of any pills in the world beside. Fifty-five hundred physicians use them in their practice, to the exclusion of other purgatives. The first letter of their value is yet scarcely appreciated; when they are better known sudden death and continued sickness will be of the past. See B. BRANDRETH is on the Government stamp.

S. T.—1860.—X.

Persons of sedentary habits troubled with weakness, lassitude, palpitation of the heart, lack of appetite, distress after eating, torpid liver, constipation, &c., deserve to suffer if they will not try the celebrated
PLANTATION BITTERS,
which are now recommended by the highest medical authorities, and warranted to produce an *immediate* beneficial effect. They are exceedingly agreeable, perfectly pure, and must supersede all other tonics where a healthy, gentle stimulant is required.

They purify, strengthen and invigorate.
They create a healthy appetite.
They are an antidote to change of water and diet.
They overcome effects of dissipation and late hours.
They strengthen the system and enliven the mind.
They prevent miasmatic and intermittent fevers.
They purify the breath and acidity of the stomach.
They cure Dyspepsia and Constipation.
They cure Diarrhœa and Cholera Morbus.
They cure Liver Complaint and Nervous Headache.
They make the weak strong, the languid brilliant, and are exhausted nature's great restorer. They are composed of the celebrated Calisaya bark, wintergreen, sassafras, roots and herbs, all preserved in perfectly pure St. Croix rum. For particulars see circulars and testimonials around each bottle.

Beware of impostors. Examine every bottle. See that it has our private United States stamp unmutilated over the cork, with plantation scene, and our signature on a fine steel plate side label. See that our bottle is not refilled with spurious and deleterious stuff. Any person pretending to sell Plantation Bitters by the gallon or in bulk, is an impostor. Any person imitating this bottle, or selling any other material therein, whether called Plantation Bitters or not, is a criminal under the United States law, and will be so prosecuted by us. We already have our eye on several parties refilling our bottles, &c., who will succeed in getting themselves into close quarters. The demand for Drake's Plantation Bitters from ladies, clergymen, merchants, &c., is incredible. The simple trial of a bottle is the evidence we present of their worth and superiority. They are sold by all respectable druggists, grocers, physicians, hotels, saloons, steamboats and country stores.

P. H. DRAKE & CO.,
No. 202 Broadway, N. Y.

"HER MAJESTY" CHAMPAGNE.
THE ROYAL WINE OF ENGLAND.

A limited quantity of this superior Wine has been secured for the undersigned, and the first shipment of 500 cases has just arrived by the steamship *Olympus*, direct from the cellars of the well-known house of
MESSRS. DE VENOGE & CO.,
at Epernay, France. The present invoice will be introduced into this market at the very low price of
TWENTY DOLLARS PER CASE OF QUARTS,
payable in currency, which is much below its first cost.

The superior quality of this wine is guaranteed, and it is offered with confidence of its approval by connoisseurs.

Orders for one or more cases may be addressed by letter or otherwise, to the undersigned.

WM. HENRY WARD,
Wine and Fruit Dealer.
No. 7 Broad-st., near Wall, New-York.

PATENTS! PATENTS! PATENTS

MESSRS. MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS OF THE "SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN," continue to act as Attorneys for securing Patents for new Inventions in this and all foreign countries.

Messrs. MUNN & CO. have had seventeen years' experience in soliciting patents, and have acted as Attorneys for more than 20,000 inventors.

Pamphlets containing the Patent Laws and other important information for inventors, furnished free on application.

Consultation and advice free. Address
MUNN & CO.,
No. 37 Park-row, New-York, or corner F and 7th sts., Washington, D. C.

KENSETT'S
OCTOBER AFTERNOON ON LAKE GEORGE.
Now on exhibition at GOUPIL'S, No. 772 Broadway, from 9 A. M. until 6 P. M. Admission 25 cents.
Under the auspices of the
METROPOLITAN FAIR,
in aid of the
SANITARY FAIR.

METROPOLITAN FAIR.
TWENTY-SECOND REGIMENT ARMORY, 14TH-ST., NEAR 6TH-AV., ROOM NO. 1.

Company A, of the Twenty-second Regiment, have kindly placed their beautiful room at the disposal of the ladies of the Lingerie Department. The ladies of the committee will be at the room on and after WEDNESDAY, March 30, from 10 A. M. until 4 o'clock P. M., to receive any contributions which may be sent them. Ladies' and children's white clothing, laces and embroideries, gloves and parasols more especially come under the head of their department.

MRS. WILLIAM T. BLODGETT,
Chairman Lingerie Department.

MARVIN'S PATENT
FIRE AND BURGLAR SAFE.

Superior to any others in the following particulars:
They are more fire-proof.
They are more burglar-proof.
They are perfectly dry.
They do not lose their fire-proof qualities by age.
Manufactured only by
MARVIN & CO., No. 265 Broadway.
Send for a Descriptive Circular.

THE SPIRIT OF THE FAIR.

The first number will appear on the 5th of April, and will contain articles by Cooper, Mrs. Kemble and Bryant. The second number will contain papers by Gasparin, Cranch and R. H. Dana. Subscriptions received at Appleton's, No. 443 Broadway; Crowen's, No. 543 Broadway; Miller & Mathews, No. 767 Broadway; Randolph's, No. 683 Broadway; Low's, No. 523 Broadway; James Miller's, No. 522 Broadway; Root & Anthony's, corner Pine and Nassau sts.

CHILDREN'S DEPARTMENT OF THE METROPOLITAN FAIR FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE U. S. SANITARY COMMISSION.—The Children's Department will occupy the easterly wing of the buildings on Union-square, and will be contained in a hall ninety feet square, arranged with booths on the sides and a stage for performances. The object of this department is to afford daily entertainments for children, consisting of concerts, tableaux and exhibitions of various kinds, as well as to offer for sale articles particularly adapted to the wants of children.

There will be ten booths, as follows:
No. 1—Will contain a miniature skating-pond.
No. 2—Will embrace contributions from charitable institutions.
No. 3—Will be for the sale of fancy articles.
No. 4—Will be furnished by the Madison-av. Baptist Church.
No. 5—Will be provided with articles contributed by the public Schools.
No. 6—Will be for the sale of children's toys.
No. 7—Will be for refreshments and confectionery.
No. 8—Will be furnished by the ladies of Staten Island.
No. 9—Will be for the sale of books.
No. 10—Will be provided with articles contributed by the private schools.

It is hoped that every individual and institution, irrespective of locality, will manifest an especial interest in this department, by forwarding without delay contributions of all articles suitable for and calculated to interest children.

The Executive Committee will be happy to acknowledge the receipt of all donations sent to their rooms, No. 32 East 17th-st., Union-square.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

G. W. COTTERILL, Chairman.

Mrs. Thomas Phillips,	Edward Colgate,
Mrs. J. Graham,	Col. Charles W. Darling,
Miss E. O. Jay,	Maj. Alexander Ham

FINANCIAL.

THE MERCANTILE AND EXCHANGE BANK, LIMITED, OF LIVERPOOL, LONDON AND GLASGOW.—Subscribed Capital, two millions sterling, in 40,000 shares of £50 each.

DIRECTORS IN ENGLAND.

T. B. FORWOOD, Chairman, late of Leech, Harrison & Forwood, Liverpool.
R. W. RONALD, Deputy Chairman. R. W. Ronald & Son, Liverpool.
ARNOLD BARUCHSON, A. Baruchson & Co., Liverpool.
FRANCIS BOULT, Boult, English & Brandon, Liv'pool.
B. P. BOWRING, C. T. Bowring & Co., Liverpool.
JOHN CATER, Phelps & Co., London.
JOSEPH KITCHEN, Duncan & Kitchen, Liverpool.
J. T. LAWRENCE, Edward Lawrence & Co., Liverpool.
BERNHARDT LIEBERT, Manchester.
W. L. MERRY, W. L. Merry & Co., London.
WILLIAM SOUTHALL, Mellor & Southall, Liverpool.
JOHN WALKER, Walker, How & Co., London.
LIVERPOOL..GENERAL MANAGER..G. M. BROWN.
SUB-MANAGER.....WM. MATHISON.
LONDON.....MANAGER.....R. H. WILLIAMS.
GLASGOW.....MANAGER.....WM. BROWN.

The Mercantile and Exchange Bank, limited, having opened an Agency in New-York, under the management of Mr. GEORGE B. MOREWOOD, are now prepared to transact all descriptions of Exchange and Banking Business, between the United States and Great Britain, including purchases and sales of Bills of Exchange, Collections of Moneys, and of Dividends on Stocks and Bonds, and the conversion of Stocks and other Securities.

Credits will be granted for the purchase of goods in Europe, South America, and the East and West Indies. Also, circular letters of credit for the use of travelers.

Offices of the New-York Agency, on and after the 1st May next, will be at No. 67 William-st., up to which date the business will be carried on at the temporary offices, No. 64 Broad-st.

FIRST REPORT OF THE MERCANTILE AND EXCHANGE BANK, LIMITED, SUBMITTED AND APPROVED AT THE MEETING OF PROPRIETORS, 16TH FEBRUARY, 1864.

Liabilities and Assets, Dec. 31, 1863.

Dr.

To Capital account: £10 paid on 20,000 shares.....£200,000 Less calls not yet paid..... 1,524	£198,476	0 0
To premium received on reserved shares..	8,619	0 0
To amount due on Current, Deposit and other Accounts.....	778,296	8 8
To Profit and Loss Account.....	19,234	18 11
	£1,004,626	7 7

Cr.

By Cash at Head Office and Branches, at Bank of England and at Call.....	£140,323	11 8
By Bills of Exchange, Loans to Customers, other Securities, &c.....	847,202	15 4
By New Bank Premises, Fittings and Furniture at Liverpool, London and Glasgow, Stamps, &c.....	4,368	12 5
By Preliminary Expenses.....	5,617	8 8
By Current Expenses, bad and doubtful Debts, income Tax, &c.....	7,113	19 6
	£1,004,626	7 7

Profit and Loss Account, Dec. 31, 1863.

Dr.

To Current Expenses and Directors' Fees at the three Establishments, Bad and Doubtful Debts and Income Tax.....	£7,113	19 6
To Rebate on Bills not due, at 6 per cent..	6,200	8 3
To Dividend of 5s. per Share on 20,000 Shares, free of Income Tax.....	5,000	0 0
	£18,314	7 9
To Written off Preliminary Expenses.....	1,872	0 0
To transfer to Reserve Fund, viz.: Balance of Premium on Reserved Shares.....£6,747 Proportion of Surplus Profits, as provided by Deed of Settlement 504—	7,341	0 0
Balance of Profits carried to Profit and Loss, new Account.....	326	11 2
	£27,853	18 11

Cr.

By Profit to 31st December, 1863.....	£19,234	18 11
By Premium received on 2,873 Reserved Shares.....	8,619	0 0
	£27,853	18 11

E. and O. E. T. B. FORWOOD, Chairman.
R. W. RONALD, Deputy Chairman.
JOHN T. LAWRENCE, Director.

We have examined and audited the accounts, and find them correct.

HARMOOD W. BANNER, CHAS. SIDGREAVES, GEO. McGORQUODALE, } Auditors.

At the above-named meeting the following resolution was also proposed and carried, and subsequently ratified at a meeting extraordinary, on the 3d of March, 1864:

"That the capital of the company be increased from £1,000,000 to £2,000,000, by the creation of 20,000 new shares of £50 each, and that the same be issued at a premium of £2 per share, and on payment of a deposit of £5 per share."

GEORGE B. MOREWOOD,
Agent for the United States of the Mercantile and Exchange Bank, Limited.

OSWEGO COUNTY.

PROPOSALS FOR $310,500 SOLDIERS' BOUNTY FUND BONDS.

Sealed proposals will be received by either of the undersigned until TUESDAY, the 12th day of April next, at 2 P. M., for the purchase of the whole or any part of the sum of $310,500 Soldiers' Bounty Fund Bonds, authorized by a resolution of the Board of Supervisors of Oswego County, passed Dec. 3, 1863, and by an act of the Legislature of the State of New-York, passed Feb. 9, 1864. The said bonds will bear interest at the rate of seven per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually on the 1st day of April and October in each year, and the principal will be redeemable in successive annual instalments of fifteen thousand five hundred dollars each, commencing on the 1st day of April, 1865, and ending April 1, 1884, at the Atlantic Bank, New-York City. The proposals will state the amount and time of maturity of the bonds desired, and the price per one hundred dollars thereof; and the persons whose proposals are accepted will therefore be required to deposit with the County Treasurer, at Mexico, or the Mariner Bank at Oswego, the sums awarded them respectively, together with the accrued interest from April 1, the date of the bonds. Each proposition should be sealed and indorsed "Proposals for Soldiers' Bounty Fund Bonds" and inclosed in a secured envelope, addressed to either of the undersigned.

The right is reserved to reject any or all of the bids, if considered necessary, to protect or promote the interests of the county.

The bids will be publicly opened at the Court-house, in the City of Oswego, on the 13th day of April, at 12 M.

L. R. CONKLIN, County Treasurer, Mexico, N. Y.
ELIAS ROOT, Oswego.
D. L. COUCH, Oswego.
J. H. WOODIN, Fulton.
A. W. SEVERANCE, New-Haven.

MEXICO, March 15, 1864.

NOTICE TO THE FIRST AND SECOND MORTGAGE BONDHOLDERS OF THE PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY COMPANY.—The Board of Directors of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Company have requested the undersigned to call meetings of the First Mortgage and Second Mortgage Bondholders, in pursuance of the provisions of the deeds of trust, for the purpose of considering certain modifications of the present financial system of the company, to which the assent of a majority in interest of each of those classes of bondholders by a vote at a meeting is necessary. The principle of the proposed measures was submitted to the annual meeting of the corporation held at Pittsburgh on the 16th inst., at which over two-thirds in amount of the stockholders and of each class of the bondholders, and was unanimously approved.

The undersigned, therefore, in exercise of the authority conferred upon them by Article 12 of the First and Second Deeds of Trust, give notice that

THE FIRST AND SECOND MORTGAGE BONDHOLDERS

MEETINGS OF THE

will be held at the banking house of Winslow, Lanier & Co., No. 52 Wall-st., in the City of New-York, on THURSDAY, the 7th day of April, 1864, at 11 A. M., for the purpose of considering the aforesaid measures.

At such meetings the bondholders, if registered, may vote in person or by proxy.

Registration on the Voting Register can be made by any holder at the office or agency of the company, at the banking house of Winslow, Lanier & Co., where the books will be open for that purpose, on presentation by *the holder of his bonds, or on his filing the written order of the person last registered as the holder.*

The registration was originally in the names of the persons to whom the bonds were issued. In cases in which the bonds have since changed hands, the present holder can vote only by registering himself, or upon the proxy of the person last registered.

A general attendance of the bondholders is earnestly requested, as well to act on the questions aforesaid, as to perfect the organization contemplated in Article 12 of the Deeds of Trust.

The meetings of the First and Second Mortgage Bondholders will be held separately, but at the same time and place, and the holders of the Third Mortgage Bonds are invited to be present, though their action is not required by the Trust Deeds.

The resolutions adopted at the annual meeting, and the resolution of the Board of Directors requesting a call of meetings of the bondholders, are subjoined.

JOHN FERGUSON, } Trustees for the First and
SAMUEL J. TILDEN, } Second Mtge Bondholders.

RESOLUTIONS

Recommended by the Board of Directors to the Stockholders for adoption at the Annual Meeting, March 16, 1864

Resolved, That it is expedient that expenditures for construction, equipment and objects pertinent thereto, involving new capital, should in the main be provided for by an increase of capital stock of the company.

Resolved, That the increase of capital stock should be made solely for the purpose of building and completing a double track, or such part thereof as may be expedient, and for equipping the road and providing such additional rolling stock, machinery, appurtenances and other facilities as may be necessary to properly do all the business which may offer, and for no other purpose, and should only be issued from year to year in such amounts as the stockholders at the annual meetings may decide upon. Their decision shall be based upon detailed estimate, made by the Board of Directors, of the amount of money necessary for the work of the year, and that the new issue of stock shall only be sold after public notice.

Resolved, That the increase of capital for 1864 shall not exceed $3,500,000.

Resolved, That the stockholders hereby recommend, and, as far as may be necessary, authorize the Board of Directors to make such agreement or arrangement with the holders of the bonds under the trust deeds as will enable them to increase the capital stock, as indicated in the preceding resolutions.

Adopted unanimously by vote of $4,563,000 out of $5,500,000 of stock; $5,728,500 out of $5,250,000 of first mortgage bonds; $3,796,000 out of $3,150,000 of second mortgage bonds, and $1,526,000 out of $2,000,000 of third mortgage bonds, $400,000 not voting because not registered.

Resolution adopted by the Board of Directors this day:

"*Resolved*, That the Trustees under the mortgages, Samuel J. Tilden and John Ferguson, be and they are hereby requested to call, at the earliest moment possible, a meeting of the bondholders, in the City of New-York, to act upon the resolutions adopted by the stockholders at their Annual Meeting in the city of Pittsburgh, on the 16th day of March, 1864, and to obtain, if possible, the assent of the bondholders thereto.

Offered by L. H. Meyer, Esq.

Attest: W. H. BARNES, Secretary.

NEW-YORK, March 29, 1864.

THE COUPONS OF THE FIRST MORTGAGE Bonds of the St. Louis, Alton and Terre Haute Railroad Company, series B, due on the 1st April, 1864, will be paid on presentation at Bank of North America.

CHARLES BUTLER, President pro tem.

COMMISSIONER FOR NEW-JERSEY and other States—No. 5 Beekman-st., Room No. 5, front room, upon Park Row.

FINANCIAL.

HOPE GOLD COMPANY.

MINES—"GOLD DIRT LODE," GILPIN COUNTY, COLORADO.

Capital 80,000 shares, $25 each.

TRUSTEES.

JOHN EVANS, Colorado. GEO. W. GRAFFLIN, Balti're,
F. H. JUDD, New-York. HERMANN FUNKE, N. Y.
H. S. CONE, New-York. R. CORNELL WHITE, N. Y.
WM. MÖLLER, New-York. M. C. TYLER, New-York.
S. G. ARNOLD, Providence, R. I.

President—His Excellency JOHN EVANS, Governor of Colorado Territory.
Vice-Presidents—Hon. S. G. ARNOLD, Dr. F. H. JUDD.
Treasurer—WALTER E. LAWTON.
Secretary—J. P. DAVIES.
Office No. 25 Cliff-st., New-York.

FISK & HATCH.

BANKERS AND DEALERS IN

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

No. 38 WALL-ST,

BUY AND SELL AT MARKET RATES

U. S. 5-20 BONDS.

U. S. COUPON AND REGISTERED BONDS of '81.
U. S. 7.30 TREASURY NOTES.
U. S. ONE YEAR CERTIFICATES.
U. S. QUARTERMASTERS' CHECKS.
U. S. QUARTERMASTERS' AND ORDNANCE VOUCHERS, the NEW U. S. FIVE PER CENT. LEGAL TENDER NOTES, and all GOVERNMENT issues.

BANKS, SAVINGS BANKS and investors will find us prepared at all times to furnish desirable lots of these Securities in large or small amounts.

DEPOSITS received and COLLECTIONS made of favorable terms. STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD bought and sold on commission.

U. S. 7.30 TREASURY NOTES converted into the 6 PER CENT. BONDS of 1881 on favorable terms.

FISK & HATCH,
BANKERS and DEALERS
In GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
NO. 38 WALL-ST.

OFFICE OF VERMILYE & CO., BANKERS,

NO. 44 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK.

We are prepared to convert the U. S. 7.30 TREASURY NOTES into the 6 per cent. BONDS of 1881, with promptness, and on favorable terms.

Also, BUY and SELL, at market rates, all kinds of GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, including

U. S. 5.20 BONDS.
U. S. 7.30 TREASURY NOTES.
U. S. 12 MOS. CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS.
U. S. QUARTERMASTERS' CHECKS.
U. S. Two Year 5 per cent. LEGAL TENDER NOTES.
U. S. 6 per cent. COUPON and REGISTERED, of 1881.

MATURING CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS collected or purchased. VERMILYE & CO.

DREXEL, WINTHROP & CO.

NO. 40 WALL-ST.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

DEALERS IN

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT SECURITIES AND GOLD.

Stocks and Bonds bought and sold at the Brokers' Board on commission. Mercantile collections made on all points in the United States and Canada.

TEN-FORTY LOAN.

SECOND NATIONAL BANK OF NEW-YORK, DESIGNATED DEPOSITORY OF THE UNITED STATES.

NEW-YORK, March 29, 1864.

By authority of the Secretary of the Treasury, this Bank will receive subscriptions on account of United States Bonds authorized by the act of March 3, 1864, bearing date March 1, 1864, redeemable at the pleasure of the Government after ten years, and payable forty years from date, bearing interest at five per centum a year, payable on bonds not over $100 annually, and on all other bonds semi-annually, in coin.

Subscribers will receive either registered or coupon bonds as they may prefer, and will be required to pay, in addition to the amount of the principal of the bonds, in lawful money, the accrued interest in coin, (or in United States notes, or the notes of National Banks, adding fifty per cent. for premium until further notice,) from the 1st day of March or September, as the case may be, until the day of subscription and payment.

It is expected that the first deliveries of coupon bonds will be made not later than the fourth (4th) of April.

A. G. ALLEN, Cashier.

HENRY A. HURLBUT, President.

MARION COUNTY, OHIO, BONDS.

Notice is hereby given to the holders of the Bonds of the County of Marion and State of Ohio, originally issued to the Bellefontaine and Indiana Railroad Company, to present them for payment at the Treasury of said County, in Marion, Ohio, on or before the first day of April, A. D. 1864, and that no interest accruing on said Bonds after April first, 1864, will be paid.

JNO. ROSENCRANS,
JACOB F. MARTIN,
W. R. MORRIS,
Commissioners of Marion County, Ohio.

COMMISSIONERS OFFICE, MARION COUNTY, Ohio, Dec. 19, 1863.

Attest: W. CRICKET, Auditor and Clerk of Board.

SIMONSON & BROWN

offer their services at the Board of Brokers, for the purchase or sale of Stocks, Bonds, Government Securities and Gold.

No. 39½ EXCHANGE-PLACE.

BROWN, BROTHERS & CO.,

NO. 59 WALL-ST.,

ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS FOR USE IN THE COUNTRY AND ABROAD.

SUBSCRIPTION BOOKS

To a limited number of Shares

OF THE

GUNNELL GOLD COMPANY,

are open at our Office.

Papers containing the report of Fitz John Porter, showing the enormous value of the property, can be had on application to us.

MORSE & CO.,
No. 24 William-st.

MINING STOCKS,

as well as all other kinds of securities, bought and sold at all the Stock Boards in New-York, Boston, Philadelphia, &c., or otherwise, on commission, by ALBERT H. NICOLAY, No. 52 William-st.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY,
WASHINGTON, Feb. 27, 1864.

WHEREAS, By satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that the Fourth National Bank of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the Act of Congress, entitled, "An Act to provide a national currency, secured by a pledge of United States bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved Feb. 25, 1863, and has complied with all the provisions of said act required to be complied with before commencing the business of banking.

Now, therefore, I, HUGH McCULLOCH, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the Fourth National Bank of the City of New-York, County of New-York, and State of New-York, is authorized to commence the business of banking under the act aforesaid.

In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of office this 27th day of February, 1864.

(L. S.) (Signed,) HUGH McCULLOCH,
Comptroller of the Currency.

PHILADELPHIA AND READING RAILROAD CO.,
Office No. 227 South 4th-st.,
PHILADELPHIA, March 17, 1864.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Transfer Books of the Common Stock of this company will be closed on the 31st inst., to be reopened on the 14th of April next, at which time the stockholders of this company who have New-York certificates are requested to return them to the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, No. 66 Wall-st., New-York, who will give a receipt for the same and furnish in a few days thereafter certificates from the Philadelphia office in exchange for said receipts.

The Transfer Office for the Preferred Stock of this company at New-York will be closed permanently on 31st inst. That for both the Preferred and Common Stock in Boston will be permanently closed on the 31st March.

S. BRADFORD, Treasurer.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE St. Louis, Jacksonville and Chicago Railroad Company will pay at the agency of the Company, No. 69 Exchange-place, in the City of New-York, on the 30th day of April, 1864, the bonds of the company bearing interest at 10 per cent., and secured by a mortgage to Chester D. Hubbard and Morris K. Jesup, Trustees, and that after that date interest on the said bonds will cease.

M. K. JESUP & CO.,
Agents St. Louis, Jacksonville and Chicago R. R. Co.

NEW-YORK, March 24, 1864.

OFFICE OF THE PANAMA RAILROAD COMPANY,
TONTINE BUILDINGS, No. 88 WALL-ST.
NEW-YORK, March 24, 1864.

TWENTY-EIGHTH DIVIDEND.—THE Board of Directors have this day declared a Dividend of Four (4) Per Cent. out of the earnings of the road for the three months ending 31st instant, and One (1) Per Cent. out of the earnings of steamers, sailing vessels, &c., payable to the stockholders or their legal representatives on and after the 8th day of April next.

The Transfer books will be closed from the evening of the 25th of March until the morning of the 7th of April next.

HENRY SMITH, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF JOLIET AND CHICAGO RAILROAD COMPANY,
CHICAGO, March 28, 1864.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS OF THE JOLIET AND CHICAGO RAILROAD COMPANY will be closed on Wednesday, the 30th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M. The quarterly dividend is payable on Monday, the 4th of April, by the United States Trust Company of New-York.

JOSEPH PRICE, Secretary.

QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, No. 6 STATE-ST.,
NEW-YORK, March 7, 1864.

PERSONS OWNING OR REPRESENTING steamers, ships, schooners, &c., are requested to send into this office daily the names of all such vessels as they may wish to charter to the Government or have freight for. Their tonnage, standing, rate of charter, &c., will be required.

STEWART VAN VLIET,
Major and Quartermaster.

FINANCIAL.

DENVER MINING COMPANY,

COLORADO.

50,000 shares.....$20 per share.

The amount of capital stock of the above company, authorized by the board of Trustees to be sold at $10 per share, or half its par value, having been disposed of, a limited amount at $12 50 per share can be had on application at the office of the undersigned.

JAMES WADSWORTH & CO.,
MARCH 30, 1864. No. 61 Cedar-st.

THE CONSOLIDATED GREGORY COMPANY.

President,
ELISHA RIGGS.
Trustees,
ELISHA RIGGS,
ROBERT D. CULLEN,
CHARLES H. MOORE,
PETER MARIE,
JAMES E. LYON,
THOMAS DENNY, JR.,
J. P. GIRAUD FOSTER.

Capital, 50,000 shares of $100 each.

Books of subscription for this stock at 40 per cent. will be opened at our office this day.

JEROME, RIGGS & CO.,
No. 46 Exchange-place.

MARCH 31, 1864.

LIVERMORE, CLEWS & CO.,

BANKERS AND U. S. GOVERNMENT LOAN AGENTS,

No. 32 Wall-st., New-York.

U. S. SECURITIES of all Descriptions, purchased and for Sale.

STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD bought and Sold on Commission.

COLLECTIONS MADE ON WASHINGTON and all other points of the United States and Canada at low rates and with quick returns.

7 3-10 TREASURY NOTES converted into 1881 Bonds.

4 PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS made by Banks, Bankers and individuals, subject to draft at sight.

CORYDON MINING COMPANY.

Capital.....$2,500,000
Shares.....$25 each.

The property of this Company is situated in Gilpin County, Colorado Territory, and consists of mining claims all developed and yielding largely, and all lying contiguous on the following rich gold veins in Nevada district, viz.: Corydon, Excelsior, Lyman, Cork and Newfoundland lodes. The Company also own ample water power claims on Clear Creek, 2 quartz mills, 2 steam engines, machine shop, with tools and machinery, boarding house, stable, &c., all in complete order and now being worked. Subscriptions for a limited number of shares will be received by

JEROME, RIGGS & CO., No. 46 Exchange-place.

NOTICE.

UNITED STATES TREASURY,
NEW-YORK, March 15, 1864.

Parties holding thirty (30) or more coupons on the three years seven and three-tenths bonds, maturing on the 1st of April, are requested to hand them in with schedules at any time before that date.

Holders complying with the above will have their coupons examined and checks given for them on the 31st inst., after 3 o'clock P. M.

Blank schedules will be furnished upon application at the Interest Department of this office.

JOHN J. CISCO, Assistant Treasurer.

U. S. 10-40 FIVE PER CENT. LOAN.

CHARNLEY & HATCH, BANKERS,
No. 34 Wall-st.,
SUBSCRIPTION AGENTS

for the above popular Loan, are prepared to receive subscriptions on the most favorable terms, and to furnish the Bonds and Certificates in the shortest possible time.

UNITED STATES SECURITIES of the various descriptions, BOUGHT AND SOLD.

STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD, BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

OFFICE OF THE FARMERS' LOAN AND TRUST CO.,
No. 66 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, March 28, 1864.

IN ORDER TO FACILITATE THE Exchange of New-York Certificates of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Co., for those issued in Philadelphia for the New-York Agency, all persons holding these certificates are requested to bring them to this office, between the 6th and 10th of April next, with the Treasurer of said company will be present to deliver the new certificates in exchange.

ROBERT U. BOYD, Register.

BANK DEPARTMENT, ALBANY, March 28, 1864.

THE SALT SPRINGS BANK, SYRACUSE has this day filed in this office a notice of the appointment of the Albany City Bank, in the City of Albany, as agent for the redemption of its circulating notes, together with a revocation of the appointment of the Metropolitan Bank as such agent, agreeable to the act entitled "An act to amend the several acts relating to Incorporated Banks, Banking Associations and Individual Bankers," passed April 17, 1851.

H. H. VAN DYCK, Superintendent.

THE SEMI-ANNUAL INTEREST DUE April 1, 1864, on the First Mortgage Preferred Bonds of the St. Louis, Jacksonville and Chicago Railroad Company, will be paid on and after that date, on presentation of the proper coupons at the office of Messrs. M. K. JESUP & CO., No. 69 Exchange-place, New-York.

JAMES BERDAN, Treasurer.

CHICAGO, Ill., March 19, 1864.

OFFICE OF THE PANAMA RAILROAD COMPANY,
TONTINE BUILDINGS, No. 88 WALL-ST.,
NEW-YORK, March 16, 1864

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR THIRTEEN Directors of the Panama Railroad Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 88 Wall-st. (Tontine Building), on MONDAY, the 4th day of April next. The polls will open at 12 M. and close at 2 P. M.

JOSEPH F. JOY, Secretary.

$500,000 TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE in sums to suit. No commissions charged. Applications in writing, with diagrams of premises, to be made to

WARREN G. BROWN,
Counsellor-at-Law,
No. 170 Broadway

OFFICE OF THE WASHINGTON LIFE INSURANCE CO.,
No. 88 Broadway,
NEW-YORK, March 21, 1864.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR SIXTEEN Directors of this company constituting the first class, will be held at this office on TUESDAY, the 5th of April prox., from 12 to 2 P. M.

W. A. BREWER, Jr., Secretary.

NEW-YORK AND NEW-HAVEN RAILROAD CO.,
Corner of 4th-av. and 27th-st.,
TREASURER'S OFFICE, March 21, 1864.

THE INTEREST ON THE MORTGAGE Bonds of this Company, due April 1, 1864, will be paid on and after that date, on presentation and surrender of the coupons, at this office, or at the Bank of the Republic.

W. BEMENT, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO AND GREAT EASTERN RAILWAY COMPANY, No. 37 WILLIAM-ST.,
NEW-YORK, March 23, 1864.

THE COUPONS OF THE FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS of this Company due 1st of April next, will be paid at the office of Messrs. SCHUCHARDT & GEBHARD, No. 21 Nassau-st., New-York.

L. H. WALKLEY, Secretary.

COLUMBIAN MINING COMPANY.—The annual meeting of Stockholders of the Columbian Mining Company for the choice of Directors, and the transaction of any other business that may come before them, will be held at the Company's office, No. 44 Exchange Place, on MONDAY, April 4th, 1864, at 3 P. M.

F. W. CAZPENTER, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO & ALTON R. R.,
CHICAGO, March 21, 1864.

THE COUPONS OF THE INCOME BONDS of this company, due 1st April next, will be paid, when due, at the office of Messrs. G. S. Robbins & Son, No. 54 William-st., New-York.

JOSEPH PRICE,
Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE BEDFORD COPPER COMPANY,
No. 49 EXCHANGE-PLACE, NEW-YORK, March 15, 1864.

NOTICE.—THE ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKholders of the Bedford Copper Company, for the election of officers for the ensuing year, &c., will be held at this office on THURSDAY, the 31st inst., at 12 o'clock A. M.

E. S. BOLLES, Secretary.

METROPOLITAN BANK, NO. 108 BROADWAY, New-York, March 18, 1864.—Election.—The annual election for Directors of the Metropolitan Bank, and for Inspectors of the next election, will be held at the Banking House, on Monday, 4th April prox., between the hours of 12 o'clock M. and 1 P. M.

GEORGE I. SENEY, Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE COLUMBIA FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
No. 161 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK,
March 29, 1864.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this company will be held at their office on MONDAY, the 11th of April, 1864. Polls open from 12 M. to 1 P. M.

EDWARD KEMEYS, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE SYRACUSE, BINGHAMTON AND NEW-YORK RAILROAD CO.,
SYRACUSE, March 28, 1864.

THE INTEREST DUE APRIL 1 ON THE Bonds of the Syracuse, Binghamton and New-York Railroad Company will be paid at the Continental Bank, New-York City, on presentation of the coupons

O. WELCH, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE MERCANTILE FIRE INSURANCE CO., No. 166 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.

NEW-YORK, March 22, 1864.

The BOARD OF DIRECTORS have this day appointed Mr. WILLIAM A. ANDERSON, (late of the Howard Insurance Company of New-York,) Secretary.

WILLIAM A. THOMSON, President.

ORIENTAL BANK,
NEW-YORK, March 26, 1864.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECtors and Inspectors for the next ensuing election will be held at the Banking-house, corner of Bowery and Grand sts., on MONDAY, April the 11th. Polls open from 12 M. to 1 P. M. By order,

W. A. HALL, Cashier.

HANNIBAL AND ST. JOSEPH RAILROAD COMPANY.—The coupons of the new Land Bonds of the Hannibal and St. Joseph Railroad Company, due 1st prox., will be paid on and after that date on presentation at our office.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.

SOMERSET IRON AND COAL COMPANY OF PENNSYLVANIA.—The subscription books to the capital stock of the above Company are now open at the office of the undersigned.

JAMES WADSWORTH & CO., No. 61 Cedar-st.

NATIONAL TEN-FORTY LOAN.—SUBSCRIPTIONS received to the United States Ten-forty Bonds, bearing 5 per cent. principal and interest, payable in gold. One-eighth commission allowed to bankers and brokers. McCREDY & ARMOUR, Bankers, No. 149 Pearl-st., corner of Wall.

COLLECTIONS IN NEW-JERSEY.—E. W. CRUNYON, Attorney and Counselor-at-Law, Plainfield, N. J. Special attention given to collecting claims in all parts of the State. Satisfaction guaranteed. Refers to D. J. Sprague, No. 21 Park-row; Thos. B. Shillard, No. 54 Wall-st.; Messrs. Hall, Hyatt & Co., No. 16 Wall-st.

FINANCIAL.

BRIGGS' GOLD COMPANY.

MINES—BRIGGS AND GREGORY LODES,

GILPIN COUNTY, COLORADO.

CAPITAL, $10,000; SHARES, $100 each

TRUSTEES.

J. SMITH BRIGGS, Colorado.
GEO. M. PULLMAN, Chicago.
ANTHONY ARNOUX, New-York.
HENRY COGGILL, New-York.
C. C. ALGER, Hudson, N. Y.
WM. G. ANGELL, Providence, R. I.
R. CORNELL WHITE.

President—J. SMITH BRIGGS.
Treasurer—WALKER E. LAWTON.
Secretary—D. LITTLEJOHN.
Counsel—J. S. WOODWARD.
Mining Superint't—CHAS. H. BRIGGS.

Office No. 25 CLIFF-ST., New-York.

FOURTH NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.

Capital.....$5,000,000

By the authority of the Secretary of the Treasury, this bank is prepared to receive subscriptions to the NATIONAL TEN-FORTY LOAN, issued under an act supplementary to an act entitled "An Act to provide ways and means for the support of the Government," approved March 3, 1863.

THIS LOAN IS redeemable after ten and payable forty years from date, with interest at the rate of five per cent. per annum. Interest and principal payable in coin. Subscriptions to the above must be made in lawful money of the United States, and the accrued interest paid in coin or in National currency, adding fifty per cent. premium until further notice.

GEORGE OPDYKE, President.
R. G. ROLSTON, Assistant Cashier.

ATLANTIC AND GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.—The Coupons of the Bonds of the Atlantic and Great Western Railway, due on the 1st April, will be paid at the office of McANDREW & WANN, No. 12 Pine-st.

AN ELECTION FOR THIRTEEN DIRECTors and three Inspectors of the next annual election of the NATIONAL UNION LIFE AND LIMB INSURANCE COMPANY will be held at the Banking-house of Livermore, Clews & Co., No. 32 Wall-st., on TUESDAY, April 5, 1864. Polls open from 12 M. till 2 P. M.

$25,000 TO LOAN ON BOND AND mortgage on property City property, at 6 per cent., in one or more sums. Address Box No. 1,470 Post-office.

DIVIDENDS.

SHOE AND LEATHER BANK, NEW-YORK,
March 25, 1864.

DIVIDEND.

A dividend of four per cent. has this day been declared out of the profits of the last six months, free from Government tax, payable on and after the 4th of April. The transfer book will be closed from the 1st to the 4th of April.

W. A. KISSAM, Cashier.

JOLIET AND CHICAGO RAILROAD CO.

NOTICE OF DIVIDEND.

Stockholders of the Joliet and Chicago Railroad Company are hereby notified that the dividends will be paid at the office of the United States Trust Company, No. 48 Wall-st., New-York, until further notice.

JOSEPH PRICE, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE GROCERS' FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 48 Wall-st.,
NEW-YORK, March 1, 1864.

TWENTY-SEVENTH DIVIDEND.—THE Board of Directors have this day declared a Semi-Annual Dividend of Five (5) Per Cent. on the Capital Stock of the Company, payable on demand, free of Government tax.

JAMES G. PLATT, Secretary

NEW-YORK, March 25, 1864.

TWENTIETH DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of the Bull's Head Bank have this day declared a Quarterly Dividend of three per cent., free of Government tax, out of the earnings of the past three months, payable on and after the first day of April next. The transfer books will be closed from this date to April 1st, inclusive.

G. W. WILLETT, Cashier.

CHICAGO AND ROCK ISLAND RAILROAD COMPANY.—A semi-annual dividend of Three per Cent. on the capital stock of this Company (and the United States Government tax on the same) has been declared, payable at the office of the Company, in the City of New-York, on and after the 11th day of April next, to the stockholders or their legal representatives, who shall be registered as such on the closing of the books of the Company on the 1st day of April prox. The Transfer books will be closed on the afternoon of FRIDAY, the 1st day of April, and reopened on SATURDAY, the 9th day of April prox.

FRANCIS H. TOWS, Secretary.

NEW-YORK, March 28, 1864.

INSURANCE.

MERCHANTS' RELIEF FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.—Books of subscription to the Capital Stock of $300,000 to the above Company are now open at the Banking House of Messrs. BROWN, BROTHERS & CO., No. 59 Wall-st. It is the intention of the Company to donate all profits over seven per cent. toward a fund for the relief of indigent merchants.

JAMES M. BROWN,
DAVID HOADLEY,
WM. H. APPLETON,
WM. A. BOOTH,
WILSON G. HUNT,
AMOS R. ENO,
FRANCIS SKIDDY,
WM. COXE DUSENBURY,

NEW-YORK, March 31, 1864. Commissioners.

INSURANCE—SPECIAL NOTICE.—PERSONS contemplating insuring their lives, and those already insured, should communicate immediately with the undersigned and obtain information of great importance to them. Address A. ANDREWS, Box No. 5,583 Post-Office, New-York.

SAVINGS BANKS.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST.—CITIZENS' SAVINGS BANK, corner of Bowery and Canal-st. Open every day from 9 to 3, and on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday evenings, from 5 to 7.

Interest commences on April 1, 1864.

Bank-books in English, German and French.

GEORGE FOLSOM, President.
SEYMOUR A. BUNCE, Secretary.

MARKET SAVINGS BANK—NO. 82 NASSAU-st., near Fulton.

Open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on Mondays and Tuesdays from 5 to 7 P. M.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED.

Money deposited on or before April 1 will draw interest from that date.

LUTHER C. CARTER, President.
JAMES C. STONEALL, CHARLES COOPER, } Vice Presidents.
HENRY R. CONKLIN, Secretary.
THOMAS W. COWDEN, Treasurer.

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK.

No. 427 AND 429 CANAL-ST., corner of Varick-st. Open daily from 10 A. M. to 2 and from 5 to 7 P. M.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST allowed on sums of $500 and under, and FIVE PER CENT. on larger sums. Money deposited before April 1 will bear interest from that date.

A. V. HAUGHWOUT, President.
G. S. CHAPIN, Secretary.

MECHANICS AND TRADERS' SAVINGS INSTITUTION.—No. 283 Bowery.—Six Per Cent. interest allowed on sums of $1,000 and under; Five Per Cent. allowed on larger sums. Deposits made on or before April 1, will draw interest from that date. Open daily from 10 A. M. to 7 P. M.

CHAS. PECK, President.
HENRY C. FISHER, Secretary.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

OYSTER SALOON FOR SALE—WITH FIXtures and dwelling attached, No. 99 Henry-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—A BUSINESS WHICH CAN BE established in any city or large town, West, South or East; it is protected by letters patent; has been in successful operation in New-York for three years, where it can be seen and any amount of reference obtained in its favor; it requires but little capital to carry it on; is attended with none of those outside expenses and perplexities of ordinary business; it is strictly cash and connected with the more wealthy class of people. Any person looking for business upon which to locate cannot find anything which, for the capital invested, begins to compete with it. Address, with real signature, E. S., Box No. 114 *Times* Office.

IMPORTANT.—HAVE YOU HEARD OF THE "Compromise Washing Machine?" The best invented; does the entire washing; understood at

PROPOSALS.

ORDNANCE OFFICE, WAR DEPARTMENT, } WASHINGTON, D. C., March 25, 1864.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office until WEDNESDAY, April 27, at 4 P. M., for 100,000 sets of Infantry Accoutrements, calibre 58, to be delivered in the following quantities at the undernamed Arsenals, viz.:

20,000 sets at the New-York Arsenal, Governor's Island.
20,000 sets at the Frankford Arsenal, Bridesburgh, Pa.
20,000 sets at the Alleghany Arsenal, Pittsburgh, Pa.
20,000 sets at the St. Louis Arsenal, St. Louis, Mo.

These accoutrements are to be made in strict conformity with the new pattern sets to be seen at the Allegheny, New-York, Frankford, St. Louis, Watervliet, Watertown and Washington Arsenals, and the Springfield Armory. They are to be subject to inspection at the Arsenal where delivered, before being received for the Government. None are to be accepted or paid for but such as are approved upon inspection. The belts to be of grained leather, and all the stock to be the best oak tanned. The shoulder belt will be included in the set.

Deliveries must be made in lots of not less than one-fifteenth (1-15) per week of the whole number contracted for; the first delivery to be made on the 21st day of May.

Failure to make deliveries at a specified time will subject the contractor to a forfeiture of the number he may fail to deliver at that time.

The accoutrements must be boxed in the usual manner; the boxes to be charged at cost, to be determined by the inspector.

Bidders will state explicitly the Arsenal, or Arsenals, where they propose to deliver, and the number of sets they propose to deliver at each place, if for more than one.

No bids will be considered from parties other than regular manufacturers, and such as are known to this Department to be fully competent to execute in their own shops the work proposed for. Should any party obtaining a contract offer accoutrements other than those made in his own shops, they will be rejected, and the contract rendered null and void. The name and place of manufacture of each party obtaining a contract must be stamped on each part of each set of accoutrements.

Bidders will inclose with their bids the written acknowledgments of their sureties, over their own signatures.

Each party obtaining a contract will be obliged to enter into bond, with approved sureties, for its faithful execution.

Upon the award being made, successful bidders will be notified, and furnished with forms of contract and bond.

The Department reserves the right to reject any or all bids, if not deemed satisfactory.

Proposals will be addressed to "Brigadier-General George D. Ramsay, Chief of Ordnance, Washington, D. C." indorsed "Proposals for Infantry Accoutrements."

GEORGE D. RAMSAY,
Brig.-Gen., Chief of Ordnance.

MEDICAL.

☞ ASTHMA CURED. ☜

Immediate relief afforded, and a permanent cure effected. Apply personally or by letter to
Dr. BOURDMAN, No. 914 Broadway.

PRIVATE DISEASES CURED IN THE shortest possible time, by DR. WARD & CO., No. 50 Lispenard-st., near Broadway, without the use of Mercury, loss of time or change of diet. Dr. WARD, from the hospitals of London, Paris and Edinburgh, is the discoverer of the only certain and reliable remedies for diseases of a private character. In 28 years' practice he has cured more cases of Secret Diseases and Wrong Treatment than all others combined. I can and will cure you in less time and at less expense than any other can or will, and those who have been robbed of their money and health, call; it will take but little money and time to restore you. If you have been unfortunate, call at once. By his special experience in this much neglected branch of medical science, he is enabled to guarantee a cure in the most complicated cases. Recent cases of Gonorrhœa or Syphilis cured in a few days, without change of diet or hindrance from business. Secondary Syphilis—the last vestige eradicated without the use of Mercury. Involuntary emissions stopped in a short time. Sufferers from impotency, or loss of sexual power, restored to full vigor in a few weeks, permanently and speedily cured by a new treatment. Persons at a distance failing to receive prompt treatment elsewhere, may get a permanent cure effected by writing a full diagnosis of their case, addressed to Dr. WARD, No. 50 Lispenard-st. Call, send, or write.

$1,000 FORFEITED AND NO CHARGE IF DR. HUNTER'S RED DROP CURE.—Dr. Hunter's Red Drop cures venereal diseases when regular treatment and all other remedies fail; cures without dieting or restriction in the habits of the patient; cures without the disgusting and sickening effects of all other remedies; cures in new cases in less than six hours; cures without the dreadful consequent effects of mercury; has no essence or particle or property of annihilating the rank and poisonous taint that the blood is sure to absorb unless this remedy is used. This is what he claims for it; and what no other will accomplish. Its value in this respect has become so well known that scientific men, in every department of medical knowledge, begin to appreciate it; for hardly a week passes that he is not consulted by druggists, chemists and physicians in regard to some painful patient who has exhausted the whole field of the faculty, and still the disease will appear. It is $1 a vial, and cannot be obtained genuine anywhere but at the old office, No. 3 Division-s., New-York City, since 1836. Eight separate rooms, and a private entrance. A ten cent bill will secure the Monitor of Health by return mail.

ADVICE TO MARRIED OR SINGLE LADIES, who require a safe and certain remedy for removing obstructions, from whatever cause. Can rely upon the celebrated INFALLIBLE FRENCH FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS No. 1, three in a box to restore the monthly sickness in forty-eight hours, if of short standing; but obstinate cases, of long standing, may require No. 2, which are four degrees stronger than No. 1, and can never fail, are safe and healthy; price $5 a box. Sold at 127½ Liberty-st. or sent by mail, with full instructions, by addressing Box 2,359 N. Y. Post-office. N. B.—Those who prefer an infallible, certain and safe mode of treatment, without the use of medicine or instruments, can avail themselves of it by one interview, and be attended by one of their own sex.

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH regained in three days by Dr. POWERS' ESSENCE OF LIFE. This wonderful agent restores manhood to the most shattered constitution, radically curing Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to marriage generally; Nervousness, Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from self-abuse, &c. The time required to cure the most inveterate case is one week. Failure is impossible. This life-restoring remedy should be taken by all about to marry, as its effects are permanent. Young man, are you subject to that soul and body destroying disease, secret habits? Dr. POWERS' Invigorating Essence is a never-failing cure. Sold by WALTER POWERS, M. D., No. 50 Lispenard-st., between Broadway and Church-st., New-York.

IMPORTANT TO THE MARRIED AND THOSE ABOUT TO BE MARRIED.—Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, has just published the 100th edition of the valuable book entitled "THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION," strictly intended for those whose health or circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family. Price $1. Sold at his office, No. 129 Liberty-st., New-York; or can be sent by mail, free of postage, to any part of the United States and Canada, by inclosing $1, and addressing Box No. 1,224, New-York City. For sale by H. RICHARDSON, at No. 1 Vesey-st., (Astor House,) and 19 Ann-st.; FEDERHEN & CO., 13 Court-st., Boston.

A PHYSIOLOGICAL VIEW OF MARRIAGE.—Containing nearly 300 pages, and 150 fine plates and engravings of the anatomy of the sexual organs, in a state of health and disease, with a treatise on self-abuse, its deplorable consequences upon the mind and body, with the author's plan of treatment—the only natural and successful mode of cure, as shown by the report of cases treated. A truthful adviser to the married and those contemplating marriage, who entertain doubts of their physical condition. Sent, free of postage, to any address on receipt of 25 cents, in specie or postage-stamps. Address Dr. LA CROIX, No. 31 Maiden-lane, Albany, N. Y.

DR. POWERS' PERIODICAL DROPS are designed for both married and single ladies, and are the very best thing known for the purpose as they will bring on the monthly sickness in case of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain, expressly for obstinate cases. Warrant as represented in every respect, or the price will be refunded. ☞ Beware of imitations! Purchase directly of Dr. POWERS, 50 Lispenard-st. N. Y.

ONA NEW AND SUCCESSFUL METHOD FOR THE CURE OF SPERMATORRHŒA AND ITS RESULTS. Fourth Edition. Intended for Popular Use. By C. D. HAMMOND, M.D., formerly Professor of Special Anatomy in the Syracuse Medical College, N. Y. Price $1. WARNER, Publisher, No. 1 Vesey-st., N. Y.

The author may be consulted from 9 to 10, 1 to 3, and 7 to 9 evenings, at No. 31 East 27th-st.

SPERMATORRHŒA CURED FOR FIFTY CENTS.—Send 50 cents and a red stamp to my address, and receive by return mail the receipt. Medicines can be obtained at any drug-store. Also, receipts for any of the private diseases at the same price. By this way you know just what medicines you are taking, and your system is not drenched with poisons. Address Box No. 561 Schenectady, N. Y.

DR. JOHNSON, NO. 14 DUANE-ST., MAY be consulted with confidence on private diseases. Thirty years in one specialty enables him to guarantee speedy and permanent cures. N. B.—Those who may have been misled by quack advertisements, nostrums, &c., can call on Dr. J., with the certainty of a cure.

DR. POWERS, NO. 50 LISPENARD-ST., treats successfully all female complaints; afflictions from whatever cause removed; relief afforded the most anxious patient. Periodical Drops, $1 per bottle. Communications strictly confidential.

PRIVATE DISEASES CURED WITHOUT mercury, by Dr. WARD, at his old established office, No. 50 Lispenard-st. All unfortunates call at once. Consultation gratis. Persons at a distance cured by corresponding and inclosing postage stamp. Call or write.

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH REGAINED BY DR. POWERS' ESSENCE OF LIFE.—This great restorative remedy should be taken by all about to marry, and by young men subject to a soul and body destroying disease. No. 50 Lispenard-st.

SOMETHING FOR EVERY LADY.—DR. WARD'S great Regulating Pills for females, which remove all obstructions from whatever cause. Office, No. 50 Lispenard-st., where the doctor can be consulted, in strictest confidence, day or evening.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—THREE CERTIFICATES of STOCK in the Mississippi and Missouri Railroad Company, issued by said Company: one dated Jan. 5, 1857, for 27 shares, No. 60; one dated Jan. 26, 1858, for 8 shares, No. 370, and one dated Dec. 27, 1859, for 40 shares, No. 471, all in name of B. F. Carmichael, together with a power of attorney from the administrators of B. F. Carmichael, deceased, authorizing the transfer of said stock. Any person finding or having possession of said Stock or Power of Attorney, will be suitably rewarded by leaving the same with the subscriber. The transfer of all said stock has been stopped at the office of the said Railroad Company. Dated New-York, March 29, 1864.

JNO. C. DOMINICK,
Attorney for Administrators of B. F. Carmichael, deceased, No. 84 Nassau-st.

WATCH LOST.

A lady's GOLD WATCH, with gold face; dropped in getting out of the carriage between Madison-avenue and Bond-st. $10 reward will be paid if delivered at Nos. 19 and 21 Cliff-st.

TO PAINTERS.—A SUBSTITUTE FOR BOILED oil, costing one-half, may be found in Mouceli's patent Paint Oil. For painting roofs, iron and outside work, boats, &c., it is unequaled. RIDER & CLARK, General Agents, No. 61 Broad-st.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.
BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.
AND BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND CORK HARBOR.

ARABIA leaves Boston Wednesday, March 30.
CHINA leaves New-York Wednesday, April 6.
AFRICA leaves Boston Wednesday, April 13.
PERSIA leaves New-York Wednesday, April 20.
ASIA leaves Boston Wednesday, Apr
AUSTRALASIAN leaves New-York Wednesday, May 4.
ARABIA leaves Boston Wednesday, May 11.
SCOTIA leaves New-York Wednesday, May 18.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage.....$132 50
Second Cabin Passage.....80 00

FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage.....$112 50
Second Cabin Passage.....65 00
payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.

Berths not secured until paid for.
An experienced Surgeon on board.
The owners of these ships will not be accountable for Specie or Valuables unless bills of lading having the value expressed are signed therefor.
For freight or passage apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

NATIONAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

The undersigned will dispatch one of the undermentioned or other first-class full powered British built steamers from
NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL,
calling at Queenstown to land passengers and latest TELEGRAPHIC DISPATCHES.

Ship.	Tons.	Commander.	To sail.
VIRGINIA	2,978	Grace,	——
PENNSYLVANIA	3,000	Brooking,	——
LOUISIANA	2,876	Smellie,	——
IOWA	——	Milburne,	——

These steamers have been all built under the inspection of the Chief Surveyor to the Liverpool Underwriters' Registry of Iron Ships, they have extra water-tight compartments, and classed first-class for 22 years.

They are fitted up for first, second, and third-class passengers, which are charged at the following rates:

First Cabin.....{$100 / 85} Payable in Currency.
Steerage.....35

Dietary and accommodation unsurpassed by any other line of steamers.
For further particulars, apply to
WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 71 Wall-st.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS VIA HAVANA.
To sail on
SATURDAY, April 2, at 3 o'clock P. M.,
the United States side-wheel steamship
EVENING STAR,
WM. R. BELL, Commander,
will sail as above from Pier No. 46 N. R., foot of King-st.
For freight or passage, apply to
JAMES A. RAYNOR,
No. 161 Broadway.
N. B.—The MORNING STAR will follow, and sail on SATURDAY, April 16, 1864.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.
The elegant and fast United States Mail steamship
YAZOO,
GEORGE W. COUCH, Commander,
will leave Pier No. 13, North River, for New-Orleans direct, on WEDNESDAY, April 6, 1864, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely.
No freights received or bills of lading signed on the day of sailing.
For freight or passage apply to
LUDLAM, HEINEKEN & CO.,
No. 115 Broadway.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.
The United States Mail Steamship GEORGE CROMWELL, Capt. JOHN A. POST, will leave Pier No. 9 North River, on SATURDAY, April 9, at 3 P. M.
Passage, with unsurpassed accommodations, $60.
Apply to H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 85 West-st.

STEAM WEEKLY TO LIVERPOOL—Touching at QUEENSTOWN, (CORK HARBOR.) The well-known Steamers of the Liverpool, New-York and Philadelphia Steamship Company are intended to sail as follows:

CITY OF WASHINGTON...Saturday.....April 2
CITY OF MANCHESTER...Saturday.....April 9
CITY OF LONDON.....Saturday.....April 16
and every Succeeding Saturday, at Noon, from Pier No. 44 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE.
Payable in Gold, or its equivalent in Currency.
First Cabin.....$80 | Steerage.....$30
First Cabin to London.....85 | Steerage to London.....34
First Cabin to Paris.....95 | Steerage to Paris.....40
First Cabin to Hamburg.....90 | Steerage to Hamburg.....37
Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at equally low rates.
Fares from Liverpool or Queenstown: First Cabin, $75, $85, $105; Steerage, $35. Those who wish to send for their friends can buy tickets here at these rates.
For further information, apply at the Company's Offices.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

TAPSCOTT'S LONDON AND LIVERPOOL PASSAGE OFFICE, No. 86 South-st., New-York.
DRAFTS on ENGLAND, IRELAND, SCOTLAND and WALES.
TAPSCOTT'S CELEBRATED LINE OF LIVERPOOL PACKETS SAIL TWICE A WEEK.
LINE OF LONDON PACKETS SAIL EVERY TEN DAYS.
Parties wishing to take passage, send for their friends, or remit money to the old country, can do so at the lowest rates, by applying to TAPSCOTT BROTHERS & CO., No. 86 South-st.

STEAMER FOR SALE.—THE NEW, LIGHT-draft, stern-wheel steamer "WARWENOCK," length 110 feet by 19½ feet beam, 5 feet and 2 inches hold; 2 engines, 11-inch cylinder by 5 feet stroke; ordinary draft of water 30 inches. Apply to C. W. COPELAND, No. 122 Broadway.

PASSPORTS FOR TRAVELERS PROCURED from the Department of State by A. C. WILLMARTH, United States Court Buildings, No. 41 Chambers-st., third story.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU, No. 262 Broadway. Passports issued through J. B. NONES.

RAILROADS.

ATLANTIC AND GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY,
NEW BROAD GAUGE ROUTE.
Passenger trains leave New-York via the Erie Railway, from foot of Chambers-st., running through to Cleveland, Ohio, without change of cars, connecting with railroads for all principal cities in the West.
This Road is being extended, and will soon be in complete running order to Mansfield, Galion, Urbana, Dayton, Cincinnati and St. Louis, without break of gauge.
☞ SWEETZER, General Superintendent.
T. R. GOODMAN, General Ticket Agent, Meadville, Pa.

NEW-YORK & FLUSHING RAILROAD.
Leave New-York, at James-slip Ferry and 34th-st. Ferry, at 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 2, 4, 5, 6 and 7 P. M.
Leave Flushing at 6, 7, 8, 9, 11 A. M.; 1, 3, 5, 6 and 7¼ P. M.
N. B.—On TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS, a special night train leaves Flushing at 11 P. M., and from 34th-st. Ferry at 12 P. M.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD—WINTER ARRANGEMENT, commencing Nov. 12, 1863.—Leave James-slip and 34th-st., East River, at 9 A. M., and on FRIDAYS and SATURDAYS at 4 P. M. Also, for Greenport, Sag Harbor, Hamptons, &c., stopping at all stations. For Yaphank, at 9 A. M. and 4 P. M. For Syosset, at 9 A. M., 11 A. M. and 4 P. M. For Jamaica and Hempstead, at 9 and 11 A. M., and 4 and 5 P. M.
Sunday excursion trains to Yaphank, at 9:15 A. M., from 34th-st., stopping at all stations.
Fare for this train at excursion rates.
For Syosset, (on Sundays,) at 5:45 P. M., stopping at all stations.
A. REASONER, Superintendent.

ERIE RAILWAY.—PASSENGER TRAINS leave from foot of Chambers-st.
7 A. M.—Express for Buffalo.
8:30 A. M.—Milk, daily, for Otisville.
10 A. M.—Mail, for Buffalo and intermediate stations.
4:15 P. M.—Way, for Port Jervis and Newburgh.
5 P. M.—Night Express, daily, for Dunkirk, Buffalo, Rochester, Canandaigua, &c. The train of Saturday runs through to Buffalo, but does not run to Dunkirk.
CHAS. MINOT, General Superintendent.

RARITAN AND DELAWARE BAY RAILROAD.—The steamboat J. D. BEERS will leave the wharf foot of Murray-st. EVERY AFTERNOON, (except Sundays,) at 4 o'clock, connecting at Port Monmouth with trains for Middletown, Red Bank, Long Branch, Shark River, Farmingdale, Tom's River and intermediate stations. Returning, leave Manchester at 6:40 A. M., and Long Branch at 7:25 A. M., arriving in New-York at 10:15 A. M. A freight train, with passenger car attached, leaves Port Monmouth every morning for Camden. Freight received foot of Murray-st. till 3:30 P. M. B. S. SEYMOUR, General Superintendent.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD—FOR ALBANY, TROY, THE NORTH AND WEST.—Trains leave:

FROM CHAMBERS-ST.	FROM THIRTIETH-ST.
Express, 7 and 10 A. M., and 3:15 and 5 P. M.	7:22, 10:27 A. M. and 3:37 and 5:22 P. M.
Troy and Albany, (with sleeping car,) 10:40 P. M.	11:02 P. M.

On SUNDAYS, at 5:22 P. M., from 30th-st.

NEW-YORK, HARLEM AND ALBANY RAILROAD.—For Albany, Troy, North and West, leave 26th-st depot at 10 A. M. and 4:25 P. M. Sunday train, 4:25 P. M.

NORTHERN R. R. OF NEW-JERSEY.—Trains leave Jersey City for Piermont at 9:15 A. M., 12:35 P. M., 4:25 P. M., 6:05 P. M., and on Mondays only at 5:30 A. M. The 9:15 and 4:25 run through to Monsey.
THOS. W. DEMAREST, Sup't.

MORRIS AND ESSEX RAILROAD COMPANY, FOOT OF BARCLAY-STREET.—Through Mail trains for Hackettstown and intermediate stations leave New-York at 9 A. M., and 4 P. M. Morristown Express at 5 P. M. J. B. BASSINGER, Superintendent.

STEAMBOATS.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD AND SPRINGFIELD.—Steamers leave Peck-slip at 3:15 P. M. Passengers go north and east from New-Haven at 11 P. M. NIGHT LINE—Steamers leave at 11 P. M., arriving in New-Haven in time for all early morning trains

MACHINERY.

MARINE BOILERS FOR SALE.

2 marine drop-flue boilers, 11 feet wide by 30 feet long, in good condition.
1 marine return tubular, new, 6 feet 8 inches wide, 13½ feet long.
2 marine return tubular, in good condition, 15 feet wide, 11 feet long.
Inquire of C. W. COPELAND, No. 122 Broadway.

REYNOLDS TURBINE WATER-WHEELS.—These celebrated water saving and powerful wheels, of any power, furnished by TALLCOT & UNDERHILL, No. 170 Broadway, New-York.

BELGIUM.

TO THE GLASS TRADE AND IMPORTERS OF GLASS.

The Company Anonyme of Herbatte-Les, at Namur, Belgium, are patented manufacturers of crystals, half-crystal and globes for Petroleum lamps.

FAIRS.

METROPOLITAN FAIR
IN AID OF THE U. S. SANITARY COMMISSION.

The Committee on Jewelry, Silver and Plated Ware, Watches, &c. acknowledge the following donations:

Ball, Black & Co.	$5,000
Edward Matthews, Esq.	5,000
Tiffany & Co., in addition to contributions to other committees of $1,000	1,500
Schuyler, Hartley & Graham, in addition to $2,500 contributed to other committees	1,000
Robbins & Appleton	1,000
Charles Rubens	1,000
E. W. Burr	600
Baldwin & Co.	500
Meriden, Britania & Co.	500
Rogers, Smith & Co.	
Ira Richards	475
Fellows & Co	410
Paul A. Brez	360
Stazman, Jacot & Co.	350
Wm. Gale, Son	350
Osborne, Boardman & Townsend	340
Fellows & Schell, No. 21 Maiden-lane	330
Carter, Hale & Co.	300
Randall & Barmore	300
Jno. E. Hyde Sons	272
Baldwin, Sexton & Co.	265
Sackett, Davis & Co.	260
Jas. Monkanoon, Locle, Switzerland, through Mr. Quincke	252
Jno. Wilson & Co	250
Bailey & Co., Philadelphia	250
W. D. Maxwell	250
William Ruhl	248
Merrill, Finch & Allison	239
Philip Bissenger	225
Jules Bergeon, by John E. Hyde Sons	220
Henry Levy & Bros.	211
Lutz Bros	200
Freeman & Ryer	200
Falkman, Pollak & Co.	185
Andrews & Shulthies	185
Robert Relt	173
A. Rumrill & Co.	150
Arthur Rumrill & Co.	150
D. W. Wickham	150
Cooper & Fellows	141
Chatterjee & Spence	135
Benedict Bros	135
Amos Brainerd	120
Hunting & Earle	113
F. Thebault	110
Hiram Young	109
Mabie, Todd & Co.	105
F. L. Mathey	100
Clapp, Geoffroy & Co.	100
Louis Avet	100
Quinche & Krugler	100
Henry E. Droz	100
L. Strasburger	100
Pratt, South & Co.	100
J. B. Phillips	100
Henle, Brothers	100
G. S. Owen & Co	100
S. W. Chamberlain	100
Joseph Rudd	100
D. Bruhl	125
Lucius Hart & Co.	100
D. W. Chapman	65
Albert Coles & Co.	80
H. Heinstein & Son	53
Wood & Hughes	50
Building Lardin, through Read, Taylor & Co., from Switzerland	60
H. N. G. Soule	92
John Polhamus	85
Henry Salisbury & Co	83
A. Wallack	76
Hall, Dodd & Co.	75
A. M. Hayes & Co.	75
A. Cox & Sons	72
Hebbard & Moore	60
T. W. Adams & Co.	58
G. M. Bodine	60
Hunt & Owen	54
A Olmstead	50
L. Austen & Bro	50
J. A. Arey	35
Kahn & Limburger	50
Dinkunpiel & Oppenheimer	50
Hirsch Oppenheimer, Freund	50
J. T. Mauran	50
Grinnell & Goddard	50
Field & Co.	50
Hall, Keeping	50
Samuel I. Smith	50
W. H. Earle & Co.	50
A. Wallack & Co.	50
W. M. Smith	50
Culbert Bros	45
Brown, Cook & Co.	38
Cari & Co.	35
John Andrews	35
H. G. Borel & Co.	35
A. Bergstein	32
Samuel Christ	30
A. Berenbrock	30
W. Bogert, Esq	30
M. H. Cronin	25
Hayward & Hegg	25
S. M. Lewis & Co.	25
J. B. Mathewson & Co.	25
Alling Bros	25
Manzine, Lawson	25
Henry Grinnell	25
H. F. Blake	25
F. O. Pendexter	25
W. Gale's Employes	21
W. E. Rose	20
J. Riley	20
Piquet Bros.	20
Jeweler	15
J. A. Babcock	10
Joseph Scott	10
S. J. Voissard	10
Joseph Bachman	25
Spiess & Rogwog	40
	$28,631

(To be continued.)

METROPOLITAN FAIR
FOR THE
UNITED STATES SANITARY COMMISSION.

NEW-YORK, March 4, 1864.

TO HIDE AND LEATHER, AND BOOT AND SHOE MERCHANTS.

The undersigned have been appointed a committee to represent the above-mentioned trades in the great METROPOLITAN FAIR, to be held in this City, commencing on the 28th of March inst.

The object of the Fair is to raise funds for the UNITED STATES SANITARY COMMISSION.

You know the preëminent importance of the mission of mercy performed by this commission. Each battle-field, sadly but most earnestly, attests their invaluable services to the sick and wounded.

The return of Spring brings renewed action to our armies, and admonishes to omit no effort to cheer, cherish and sustain our gallant defenders.

The appeal of the U. S. SANITARY COMMISSION for aid comes commended by its truth.

With the patriotic and the humane no supporting argument is necessary.

Contributions will be received in money or merchandise.

Checks should be drawn to the order of Mrs. Ellen R. Strong, Treasurer, and may be sent to either of the committees.

Goods are received at the Twenty-second Regiment Armory, in 14th-st., near 6th av., where they will be receipted for. Each package should have its value marked on it, and also the name of the donor.

It is respectfully requested that contributors should inclose a memorandum of the nature and value of their gift to the Chairman of the Sub-Committee on their trade, which will thus secure due credit for the total amount of its subscription.

M. S. YOUNG,
Chairman Sub-Committee Hides and Leather.
J. E. BULKLEY,
SMITH ELY, JR.,
OLIVER HOYT.
STEPHEN PRATT,
Chairman Sub-Committee on Boots and Shoes.
WILLIAM A. HALL,
NATHANIEL FISHER,
JAMES M. BURT.
FRANCIS A. STOUT,
Chairman Committee on Leather, Boots and Shoes, of the Metropolitan Fair.

METROPOLITAN FAIR TICKETS.

The ticket department of the Fair will be (by permission of J. W Wallack, Esq.,) under the direction of Mr. THEODORE MOSS.

Tickets can now be obtained at the following places:
Box office of Wallack's Theatre.
C. J. Barker, Harnden Express office, No. 74 Broadway.
C. O. Jones, No. 78 Cedar-st.
No. 10 Astor House, of Mr. F. V. Rushton.

PRICES:
Season tickets, admitting to all departments, at all times except the opening night.....$5
Tickets for opening ceremonies, March 28.....$2
Tickets for Tuesday, day of exhibition, or Wednesday, first day of sales.....$1
Tickets for Thursday, Friday or Saturday of first week.....50c

The Fair will open on MONDAY EVENING, April 4, and continue for two weeks.

The committee reserve the right to change the rates of admission from time to time.

Prices for the second week will be announced after the opening of the Fair.

The same ticket admits to the 14th-st. and the Union-square departments.

GEORGE GRISWOLD GRAY,
Chairman of Committee of Arrangements.

FIREMEN.

NEW-YORK FIRE DEPARTMENT COMMITTEE OF THE METROPOLITAN FAIR IN AID OF THE U. S. SANITARY COMMISSION,
Office, No. 744 Broadway, New-York.

Fire Companies collecting articles to be disposed of at the Sanitary Fair, are requested to send the same to the office of the Committee, No. 744 Broadway, on or before THURSDAY EVENING, March 31.

Any expense incurred in forwarding goods to the office will, if desired, be paid by the Committee.

A complete inventory should accompany the articles sent, containing, if possible, the name of the donor and value.

All moneys collected should be handed over to Mr. A. J. DELATOUR, Treasurer, on or before April 1.

Companies contributing will also send a fire-cap to the office.

WM. H. WICKHAM,
Chairman General Committee.

LAWRENCE TAYLOR,
Secretary General Committee.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.
Hon. C. Godfrey Gunther, John Garcia,
John R. Platt, Alonzo Slote,
John Decker, John J. Gorman.
S. J. Macy.
JAMES L. MILLER, Chairman.
WILLIAM M. RANDELL, Secretary.

METROPOLITAN FAIR.

The Committee on Private and Public Schools will meet on MONDAY next, March 27, at the residence of the late Dr. Moffat, on 17th-st., between Broadway and 4th-av., to receive contributions for the Fair.

Donations in money from the Public Schools are to be sent to the Board of Education; from Private Schools to Mrs. ELLEN R. STRONG, Treasurer, at the Metropolitan Rooms. Articles for sale from the Public Schools to Mrs S. WEIR ROOSEVELT; from Private Schools to Mrs. Dr. ANTHON.

METROPOLITAN FAIR.

TO PLUMBERS, GAS FITTERS, AND MANUFACTURERS OF STOVES AND HEATERS.

Contributors are requested to send in their goods without delay to the Fair Buildings in 14th-st.

Checks should be drawn to the order of Mrs. ELLEN R. STRONG, Treasurer, and sent to the undersigned, at No. 31 East 12th-st. EDWARD DELANO,
Chairman Committee Plumbing, &c.

AMUSEMENTS.

CIRCUS—BROADWAY AMPHITHEATRE, No. 485 Broadway.
L. B. LENT.....Manager
THURSDAY EVENING, MARCH 31,
BENEFIT OF ROBERT STICKNEY,
THE CHAMPION SOMERSET RIDER,
on which occasion will appear the following
BRILLIANT ARRAY OF VOLUNTEERS:
ELLA ZOYARA,
ELLA ZOYARA,
ELLA ZOYARA,
(HER FIRST AND ONLY APPEARANCE)
MISS ELOUISE STICKNEY,
MISS EMMA STICKNEY,
SAM STICKNEY, Jr.,
SIG. A. M. HERNANDEZ.
MR. R ELLINGHAM.
In addition to which,
MADAME LOUISE TOURNAIRE
and the entire strength of the
MAMMOTH CIRCUS TROUPE
will take part in the performance, which will be, beyond all comparison,
THE BEST OF THE SEASON.
NEW ACTS, NEW ARTISTES,
A NEW PROGRAMME THROUGHOUT.
The whole to conclude with the feats of Wallace's TROUPE OF ACTING BEARS.
Doors open at 7; to commence at 7½.
WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY AFTERNOONS, Matinées for families, commencing at 2½.

WINTER GARDEN.
SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.

With intense satisfaction the Management takes pleasure in announcing that an engagement has been entered into by which the New-York public will be enabled to witness at this theatre, for the first time, the
RARE DRAMATIC CREATIONS
of the gifted young American tragic artiste,
MISS AVONIA JONES,
who will make her first appearance in this City on
MONDAY EVENING, APRIL 4, 1864,
IN
AN ORIGINAL CHARACTER.

Arrangements have also been made to materially augment the regular company, in order that the famous Standard Plays and several New and Original Dramas—which will be produced during the forthcoming engagement—may be presented with all those accompaniments of increased cast, scenery and costume which may charm a fastidious and gratify a critical audience.

Box-book open three days in advance.

WALLACK'S. THURSDAY.
106TH NIGHT OF
ROSEDALE.
Mr. LESTER WALLACK'S standard play,
In which the author will appear, also
Mr. Gilbert, Mr. Fisher, Mr. Holland, Mr. John Sefton, Mr. Daly, Mr. Browne, Mr. Parkes, Mr. Pope, Mrs. Hoey, Miss Gannon, Miss Morant, Mrs. Vernon, Mrs John Sefton, Miss Barrett, Miss Le Brun and Miss Carman.
TO-MORROW, (Friday,)
BENEFIT OF MRS. WILKINS.
Second time this season, Holcroft's celebrated and highly attractive comedy, THE ROAD TO RUIN, with the great cast that has stamped this play one of the standard attractions of the establishment.
Saturday—First time this season, THE HEIR-AT-LAW.

HOPE CHAPEL—NO. 718 BROADWAY.
TWENTY-SECOND WEEK
OF THE MAMMOTH
STEREOSCOPTICON,
Being a grand Tour of
THE WORLD.
The Tour new EVERY DAY for six successive days. To conclude with the
TWENTY-SEVENTH-STREET GHOST,
and other local scenes of thrilling interest.
With the following excellent cast:
Delineatorio.....Sig. Rosio
Operatorio.....Sig. Andersonio
Operatorio Pianofortio.....Sig. Carpiesonio
Cashierio.....Mons. Guestinio
Usherio.....Mons. Piercio
Ticket Takerio.....Mons. Berrenio
Solo Pianofortio.....Mme. Adamsonio
Doors open at 7; Tours begin at 8 o'clock. Tickets 25 cents; reserved seats 50 cents.
Grand Matinee EVERY DAY, at 3 o'clock.
H. B. MCKEON, Manager.

WINTER GARDEN.
THIS EVENING, THURSDAY, 31st,
M'LLE MAKIE METHUA SCHELLER
will appear in her charming role of
LORLIE,
in the new pastoral drama of
LORLIE'S WEDDING,
in which she has been received with the warmest demonstrations of delight.
FRIDAY, APRIL 1,
BENEFIT
OF M'LLE METHUA SCHELLER.
MONDAY, APRIL 4,
MISS AVONIA JONES
will make her first appearance in New-York.

NEW BOWERY THEATRE.
EXTRA CARD.
FRIDAY EVENING, April 1,
BENEFIT OF MRS. W. G. JONES,
on which occasion will be offered
POWERFUL ATTRACTIONS.
Cherry's comedy of
THE SOLDIER'S DAUGHTER
Mrs. W. G. Jones.....as.....Widow Cheerly
Mr. G. C. Boniface.....as.....Frank Heartall
The famous drama of
JERRY LEDREW,
with the drama of
SARAH, THE JEWESS.
Mrs. W. G. Jones.....as.....The Jewess
Box sheets open.

METROPOLITAN FAIR.
EXTRA CONCERT BY THE MEMBERS OF THE PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY OF NEW-YORK.
AT THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC,
ON SATURDAY EVENING, APRIL 2, 1864, AT EIGHT O'CLOCK.
The following orchestral pieces will be performed:
SYMPHONY, No. 5 in C minor, Beethoven.
OVERTURE TO "COLUMBUS," Bristow.
OVERTURE TO "HAIL COLUMBIA," Hohnstock.
Further particulars will be announced hereafter.
CONDUCTOR.....THEO. EISFELD.
TICKETS—$1 00 each; to be had at all the principal music stores.

FAIRS.

METROPOLITAN FAIR.

The Committee on Public Amusements have the pleasure of announcing that a Billiard Tournament in aid of the funds of this Fair has been organized at the suggestion of Mr. MICHAEL PHELAN, under whose superintendence it will take place at
IRVING HALL,
on the AFTERNOON and EVENING of WEDNESDAY, April 6.

In this tournament the following distinguished billiard players are expected to take part:
MR. PHILIP TIEMAN.
DUDLEY KAVANAGH,
JOHN SEGRIETER,
LOUIS FOX,
JOHN McDIVITT,
JOHN DEERY,
VICTOR ESTEPHE,
EDMUND NELUMS,
C

UNION LINCOLN CAMPAIGN CLUB.

MEETING AT COOPER INSTITUTE

ENTHUSIASTIC DEMONSTRATION.

SPEECH OF GENERAL JAMES H. LANE.

Hon. JAMES H. LANE, United States Senator from Kansas, addressed the Central Union Lincoln Campaign Club last evening, at the Cooper Institute. The meeting was large and exceedingly enthusiastic. On a table in front of the platform facing the audience, was a marble bust of ABRAHAM LINCOLN, and on either side the American flag was suspended.

Hon. CHAS. S. SPENCER, President of the Club, on calling the meeting to order, said that before introducing the distinguished gentleman who had been invited to address them, the Glee Club would favor them with a song. The Club then sang, "For Lincoln and Union we are marching along," with great acceptation.

Mr. SPENCER stated that that was the first regular meeting of the Union Lincoln Campaign Club of this City, which was an organization pledged to use every honorable means to renominate and re-elect ABRAHAM LINCOLN to the Presidential chair. [Great applause.] He then introduced Gen. LANE, who upon coming forward, was greeted with prolonged and hearty cheers. He said:

SPEECH OF GEN. JAMES H. LANE.

It is a distinguished honor to be permitted to address so large and intelligent an audience, at this important period in our country's history, at the Metropolis of the nation. We are here to review the political condition of the country, preparatory to the approaching Presidential election. This is the first meeting, as I learn from your President, of your organization, formed for the purpose of uniting the energies of the Union men of New-York for that election, the most important in the history of the country. We have had many important elections, but never one so important as that now approaching. In it is involved, in the opinion of your speaker, the very existence of our beloved country. If the nominees of the Union party are elected, our country will be restored, and a permanent peace secured, upon the basis of universal freedom. If we are defeated, a disgraceful compromise will be the result, as certain as night follows day, and we and our descendants compelled to mourn over a dissevered country and a decimated power. [Applause.] In this view how great the responsibility resting upon every voter, and how important that he should take *that* responsibility home to his heart and to his conscience, ere he makes up his election and the manner in which he will exercise his suffrage. At all times the right of suffrage is sacred to the true patriot, but at the coming election it should be exercised with more than usual caution, for your country is the stake. If any of you have heard of me at all, you had heard of me as an Anti-Slavery man. [Applause.] The speaker then related an incident that occurred twenty years ago, when he was going down the Mississippi to New-Orleans, which first opened his eyes to the enormity of Slavery. A young carpenter who was with him applied to a Slaveholder for work. The man, putting his thumbs in his vest, replied: "Young man, I would like to give you a job, but I bought a couple of house carpenters, yesterday." How would his Irish friends—and he had Irish blood in his veins,—when applying for work on a railroad like to be told that the one to whom they applied had bought two or three hundred railroad hands, yesterday? To aid you in coming to a correct conclusion in the exercise of this right, permit me to make a statement of matters that came within my personal knowledge. In April, 1861, I went to Wasnington City, whilst the hearts of men were failing them and perplexity overspread the land. I found there one party in favor of surrendering the Capital to the South, and moving the archives to Philadelphia; another party in favor of acknowledging the independence of the South, permitting the erring sisters to go in peace, hoping to retain the Capital for the time being. There was one man, however, who, cool and collected in the midst of universal excitement, resolved to retain the capital, even if it required an armed soldier to every foot of territory within the district, and resolved to assert the sovereignty of the Government over every inch of land in the Republic, and to recover every fortress so rurely and ruthlessly torn therefrom. That man, who has never faltered in this patriotic purpose, and who has labored to restore the Union by the exercise of skillful diplomacy and military power, with signal success, is ABRAHAM LINCOLN, of Illinois. [Loud and continued applause, and six cheers for President LINCOLN.] When Mr. LINCOLN was first elected to fill the place which he now holds, it was through mere party or political necessity, but subsequent events abundantly snow that a necessity greater than that of party now exists for continuing the reins of administration in his hands. Amongst the necessities for this continuance, we may enumerate the fact that more or less danger arises from disturbing the Executive Department in the midst of civil war, when precedent and former custom will justify Mr. LINCOLN's holding over for a second term. [Cheers.] Every reasonable man will admit that a change of Executive will most assuredly involve, and possibly change, the policy of the war, and may dangerously unsettle for a time the aggressive movements of our arms. If changes are required in the suoordinate departments, they can be made by a careful, prudent and judicious process under the hand of the present incumbent; for it requires no argument to satisfy the public mind, that Mr. LINCOLN earnestly desires to represent the will of the country in the recast of his Cabinet, which, in my opinion, should follow his reelection. Further, it would be unwise to disturb the friendly relations which exist between this Administration and foreign Governments; for all must admit that our foreign relations are of the most delicate character, and that we should not take upon ourselves the slightest risk in that direction. [Applause.] Again, so far as your speaker is concerned, he feels like compelling traitors to submit to the rule of him whom they have rejected in their treason and rebellion: and it is my opinion that this is no more than a just retribution, and one I believe Heaven would sanction; for a more wicked, causeless and infamous rebellion was never organized against man or government. Let us review the circumstances under which Mr. LINCOLN came into power, and learn therefrom his capacity and ability for Government. He was called to so high trust under circumstances the most exciting and trying. One half the country was in rebellion around him. The best military skill in the land of that rebellion flushed its instigators with all that confidence which military experience gives. JEFF. DAVIS and his associates appeared more than a match for the then inexperienced Executive of the country, called to the chair by a constituency confined to the Free States. The President's position was truly embarrassing, and rendered all the more so by the threatening aspect of the European Powers, who hailed our troubles as the opportune moment to strike the wedge in the fracture made in the Federal Union. Again, he came into power surrounded by many friends inexperienced in the management of public affairs. The ripe experience of the South had abandoned him; half the North had imbibed its political tenets from the arbitrary tutorship of a partisan Democracy. Thus but a fraction of the administrative mind of the country, disciplined in matters of State, and competent to breast the conflicting elements of civil and social disorganization were disposed to come to his aid. Is it strange that under the circumstances some fear for the consequences should have filled the hearts of many true men. When all this is considered, we are astonished that he has been able to hold such a steady helm in the midst of the storm that is raging around the ship of State, which in its fury has tried every timber, tested every spar, strained every rope and came well nigh sinking the noble craft. It was in that trying hour that the patriotism of STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS and the men who acted with him shone out in all its grandeur, and for which the country will long honor them. This view of the difficulties and embarrassments of President LINCOLN, and the skill with which he surmounted them, amply demonstrate his capacity for governing and show that the instincts of the people, which are always right, have fastened on the right man for the place. The popular desire being so conspicuously manifest, the fact of secondary organization within our political party, for the strange design of defeating this admitted favorite of the people, is a just object of reprobation. [A VOICE—How are you POMEROY?] The principal pretext upon which the enemies of Mr. LINCOLN excuse their attempts to thwart the popular will is that he does not come up to their standard of radicalism. To this I desire to call your especial attention, and I assert that the Emancipation Proclamation freeing every slave, striking the shackles from the limbs of every human being in the rebellious States, was issued at the earliest possible moment that prudence would justify. And he who criticises Mr. LINCOLN for not acting earlier upon this important question, betrays his ignorance of the situation and the danger that would have resulted from the premature issue of those papers inasmuch as the Northern mind moved slowly up to the point of preparation, and only attained that preparation by the quickening impulse of bloodshed and the thunder of cannon. These things should be remembered by those who would try him by partisan views, or murmur because he was not inclined to strike a premature blow at Slavery, when by so doing he would only jeopardize the restoration of the Union and the emancipation of the slave. We should withhold our censure at the deliberate movements of this sagacious man, when we realize that the issuing of the Emancipation Proclamation came nigh losing to us the political power of the country. [Applause.] These fault-finders complain that Mr. LINCOLN was slow in putting arms into the hands of the black man. On that question I assert, fearlessly assert, that he moved at the earliest moment public sentiment would permit. Had this order been issued at an earlier day, the white soldiers would have resented it by mutiny, for not till thousands of them had been slain, and other thousands wounded and maimed, did they give a reluctant consent to receive the aid of the black auxiliary; and even at this day there is a section in the Border States where we are not permitted to recruit colored soldiers. ["That's so."] Firm and immovable stands ABRAHAM LINCOLN on the Anti-Slavery platform, and yet these croakers continue their fault finding. [Applause.] Let a man be judged by his acts, and what has not Mr. LINCOLN done for the amelioration of the black man? If he has not declared himself in favor of the admixture of the two races, he honestly believes, as I do, that it is far better for both races that they should separate and live distinct under the protective care of the same Government. [A voice—"Would it hurt a Copperhead to mix him."] Mr. LANE—Well, I don't know exactly; they have been practicing it the last two hundred years. [Laughter.] I would be untrue to the political interests of the country and to the political party with which I act, if I did not utter a word of warning to those who are pushing forward the claims of any candidate or measure clearly beyond the point at which the Anti-Slavery mind of the country is disposed to rest in its efforts for the emancipation of the slave. We tell gentlemen that the movement to renominate him comes, not from the politicians of the country, but from the people; and the assumed leaders who attempt to thwart the will of the country will find to their sorrow that, at this date, they are not sufficiently powerful. The patriotic masses will have their own way this time, though politicians should go down. [Great applause.] This revolution means the entire abolition of the relation of master and slave, and establishes freedom in fact as well as in name, by fundamental enactment provided for by an amendment to the Constitution of the United States. It means the repeal of many laws which have disgraced the statutes of the country, but does not mean in any manner to invalidate the future peace of the nation or the dominancy of our race; it means a gradual and voluntary drifting of the black man into the semitropical belt of our country. [Applause.] There ne is needed to aid in the development and government of that magnificent country. On the return of peace he will not be so much needed here, and the law of necessity will govern his destiny, as it governs ours. Our forefathers came to this wilderness because they desired to escape from the oppression of class, because they desired to better their condition, and leave a patrimony for their children, in which their labor would be crowned with abundance. I may be mistaken in the signs of the times, but I think that so soon as the experiment now being tried to mingle the two races has finally failed, as fail it must, a stream of migration will set from the North to South that will solve this vexed question forever. Until then we should cherish the kindest feelings for our colored wards, and suppress the brutal passions that too often have disgraced the ruling race of the land. The fact that thousands of this people are being elevated to the position of the soldier is a guarantee to the advocates of the separation of the races that they have started on a career toward the tropics to return only as sojourners. With them will go enough of our brain and nerve and skill to guide and direct them to empire and dominion there. I am no judge of the instincts of our people, if this Southward armed move of their freedmen does not strike the public mind with favor, and will not be finally supported by the suffrages of the whole country. [Applause.] I am for giving them Western Texas to begin with, and the fee to the public lands therein under the Homestead law. If others can do better for them I will be happy to learn and cooperate. Mr. LINCOLN is irrevocably committed to the policy of emancipation and arming the slaves. [Loud cheers.] That party of which he is the respected leader, in their call for their Convention at Baltimore, have clearly committed the organization to crushing out the rebellion and the eradication of the cause thereof. What further is demanded at his hands? Shall we have a proclamation declaring the black man superior to the white, commanding the admixture of the races? Mr. President, I am called the radical of radicals, yet I never can and never will admit that there is any race superior to my own, nor will I ever consent that an act of treason to our race shall be deliberately perpetrated, nor to the dominion of any other race in this Republic. Nor will I ever consent to act with any party which advocates the admixture of the two races, as such admixtures would, I firmly believe, produce the deterioration of our own race, without benefitting the black race. I submit that agitation on this subject is mischievous, calculated to strengthen the bands of our political enemies, and to excite the jealousies of one race against the other. Give us Mr. LINCOLN as our standard-bearer upon such a platform as I have indicated, and we can carry every Congressional District in the loyal States. [Long continued cheering.] Fellow-citizens, I have heard no name mentioned in connection with the Presidency of the Union party, if nominated at the Baltimore Convention, but will receive my zealous support. The people will be there represented by faithful and competent delegates. In their decision I will cheerfully acquiesce. It is a duty, in my opinion, we owe our country. I do not envy the man or set of men who will encourage dissatisfaction in the decision of that convention, either before or after its meeting. The candidates of our party who fail to submit their claims to that convention will incur a grave responsibility. Never has a convention assembled, and never will one so important be held as that summoned to Baltimore. Should the nominee of that Convention fail, the shrieks of prostrate Freedom would resound throughout the civilized world, and woe be to the men who contribute to such a result. While in favor of the nomination of Mr. LINCOLN, I have not assailed and do not presume to assail the candidates of my own party. Their merits and popularity are the property of the party. To disparage their merits or weaken their influence is a crime against the organization. He who indulges in such a course is neither just nor politic. This battle to be fought with ballots in November is as important as any battle to be fought with bullets during the war. How would it sound if a portion of any command should stack their arms on the eve of battle, and refuse to fight because they disliked their General? We must not flatter ourselves that the battle is to be won without unity of action, for our enemies are active and united on the general ground of opposition, whatever else may be their differences. It is their policy to disparage our strong men, to underrate the noble deeds of our political friends, and overrate the qualities of their own; to scoff at our measures, which because of their magnitude and merit command the approval of the country. In short, to crush out the party of progress and Union by the old game of detraction—falsely called politics. We must learn the country to give that word a better meaning; hereafter let it mean true statesmanship; let men and measures be put upon their merits, and then let them stand or fall. There is one special cause of offence to our opponents both in the North and South—the Proclamation of Amnesty; the men in rebellion think it the concentration of all tyranny and oppression—humbling their pride, and, above all, calculated to weaken their armies by causing desertion. Judged by this standard it is good and worthy of support. May its clarion tones sound loud and clear through all the South, calling off the the guilty and deluded masses from their hopeless struggle. It can be no humiliation to swear fealty to the Government their fathers founded. [Applause.] But why should the men of the North who are in opposition to the Administration complain? Does it not preserve the fundamental laws of the Southern States, slavery excepted? Does it not leave the vexed question of the franchises of the negro to the restored States themselves? It does not propose to Africanize the territory in dispute unless the States located in that territory adopt the African population thereof as their citizens. What's the matter with Copperheads? Ah! the actual offence is, that Proclamation is second to no act of Mr. LINCOLN's life, except the acts of Sept. 22, 1862, and Jan. 1, 1863. Fellow-citizens, I am not one of those who fear that a military chieftain will be pitted against Mr. LINCOLN by our opponents, for there is an instinct in the American mind adverse to the elevation of a military hero to the Presidency in time of civil war. They fear a danger to the more delicate institutions of the country. The hand of the military chief is necessarily an iron hand, destitute of that delicate sensibility which characterizes the hand of the civilian. While the people are anxious that the crushing grasp of an iron hand should be placed on the rebellion, they are by no means anxious to place the nerves and arteries of Republican life in such a hand till after the war is closed. With Gen. GRANT in the field, and the remaining eminent military men, either in the active support of Mr. LINCOLN or passive to the event, there is but little doubt of our success. [Great Applause.] Shall it be said that this political support will be wanting at the hands of such Generals in the hour of the country's need? Will not those noble men who are ready to lay down their lives for their country, to spill their blood in her behalf, agree to hold their claims in abeyance four years longer, until returning peace strikes off their harness, the helmet is laid by, and the sword and spear repose on the rack, in mansion hall, as honored mementoes of the past—until their hand and nerves are again adjusted to the civilian's habit and the statesman's jealous care of constitutional provisions and statute law. In the estimation of men of clear judgment it is best for the people of the country to retain all the military talent in the field, and rely on the existing Executive for another term of four years. [Applause.] Again do I state the position, that it is my deliberate judgment, as well as that of thousands of our best men, that the country should now, if ever, avail itself of the precedent and custom which have established the usage of granting favored Executives a double term. Why should we tamper with the underpinning in an imperfect foundation just at the juncture when the fiercest storm ever experienced by the resident has broke on the trembling superstructure, threatening to bring the whole fabric tumbling in ruins about his head. Do not wisdom and policy dictate prudence and delay in regard to the proper time for change. [Cheering.] It has been said that others than Mr. LINCOLN will have the vote of the army—that others are the favorites of the soldier. I do not believe it. [Applause.] The army admire and love plain honesty. Mr. LINCOLN is a plain, honest man. The soldiers know that their wants have been his first care; that his chief attention has been their comfort and success. That while others have been plotting for the Presidency, the burden of his heart and the thoughts of his mind have been employed about military success. He has not suffered those in the field to remain without proper support. Call after call has been made for troops to sustain those already in the struggle, while money has been extended without stint to assure their success. No one can lay to his charge inattention to the wants of the rank and file of the army. And here may be the proper place for me to say that the rank and file, who now stand a living wall between us and our enemies, careless of life, careless of health, careful of nothing but the country's honor and approval, should be honored whilst they live and their memory, when they are gone, must be enshrined in the nation's heart. Whilst *relics* that remain of their families should be cared for to the utmost of the nation's ability, great is the debt the country owes these men, and not this nation alone—but the suffering masses in every clime and in every land owe a debt to these champions of human liberty, who are struggling this day to defend republicanism from the attacks of the aristocrats and imperialists at home and abroad, and the latter not less than the former. [Applause.] Imperialism has feared the rising power of a nation whose citizens are sovereigns, holding equal place in law and in society. Such a nation, rising in her silent grandeur, unarmed and indifferent to the decaying monarchies of the old world, desiring no privilege at their hands but to be let alone, was a source of alarm intimes of peace. But how do they now regard her when they see her quiet citizens, at the call of one of their number, transformed as if by magic into mail-clad soldiers, each one of those soldiers himself a captain, self-reliant, self-poised, endowed with individuality, which enters into the character of every true hero. What must the advocates of imperialism think in such a case? How do the suffering millions look with fear and dread lest in this struggle he should suffer defeat, or our leaders stumble to our fall? But one thing assures me that we shall suffer no final defeat, no overwhelming repulse; it is this, the God of our fathers and our God is committed to the support of liberty and justice. Let us place ourselves right on the record with Him, and keep ourselves there, and then, come what may, the issue will be well. There is a future before the Republic more glorious than we have yet conceived. Let us have faith in our destiny and in that future, for the time will come when the principles we now advocate and now defend, with life and fortune, will be the heritage of every nation under the sun. We may not be the chief amongst such nations, but we will have the gratification of knowing that we were amongst the first, in the providence of God, to assume a bold and decided stand for the great principles of civil and religious liberty. [Cheers.]

At the conclusion of Gen. LANE's address the Glee Club sang a patriotic song, and a band which was in attendance played a number of national airs. Mr. SPENCER announcad that the next meeting of the Club would be held two weeks from that evening, at their headquarters, corner of Broadway and Twenty-third-street, and the meeting closed with three times three thundering cheers for ABRAHAM LINCOLN, and three more for Gen. LANE.

THE GREAT GALE.

Heavy Storm Yesterday—Damage to Shipping—The Weather at other Points—Extent of the Storm.

During yesterday the wind was from east northeast and blew heavily with rain throughout the day. From pilots come in from sea we learn the gale was severe outside. The pilot-boat *M. E. Fish*, No. 4, when off the Highlands, picked up three barrels of kerosene marked No. 2, from a lot of about twenty barrels; saw no other wrecked stuff. Off Barnegat she saw a barkentine with all topmasts gone, and boarded a foreign bark with bulwarks and stancheons gone. The ship *No-way*, from Liverpool, is at anchor in the Lower Bay, with fore and mizzentopmasts gone, and enough of the mainmast standing for one yard only. The ship *City of Brooklyn*, while at anchor off Bedloe's Island, was fouled by another ship and somewhat chafed the other ship; lost jibboom; they were towed apart by tugs. The schooner *Union* arrived from Baltimore, and bound to Belfast, Me., encountered on March 26, when off Montauk, a severe gale from east to northeast, which continued with unabated fury until the 28th, driving her to the southward of Cape Henlopen, during which she had her sails torn badly, bulwarks and galley stove, carried away the bobstay, broke skylight, shifted cargo, filled the cabin, and done other damage.

The steamship *Olympus*, hence for Liverpool, is anchored in the Narrows, detained by the storm. The Eastern steamers, *Empire State* and *City of New-York*, departed at the usual hour, (5 P. M.,) but probably will not proceed through before the storm abates.

A large number of outward-bound vessels are anchored in the North River and Lower Bay, awaiting a favorable opportunity to proceed to sea. Both inward and outward-bound vessels find a check in the prevailing gale—those outward, unable to depart, and those inward, near our coast, compelled to keep off shore, to avoid being stranded. We expect to chronicle a series of disasters occasioned by the frequent heavy and fearful gales that have prevailed this month.

THE WEATHER AT OTHER POINTS.

BALTIMORE, Wednesday, March 30.

A heavy rain storm set in last night, accompanied with hail. The weather is moderating this forenoon, with some prospect of its clearing up.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Wind northwest. Snowing. Thermometer 38°.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn.—Wind northeast. Raining.

NEW-YORK.—Wind east; very fresh. Raining. Thermometer 39°.

BOSTON, Mass.—Wind east: fresh. Raining. Thermometer 36°.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—Wind northeast; fresh. Cloudy. Thermometer 38°.

PORTLAND, Me.—Wind northeast. Rain and sleet. Thermometer 32°.

HALIFAX, N. S.—Wind east; fresh. Cloudy. Thermometer 38°.

The Way Merchants are Robbed.

ANOTHER PORTER IN CUSTODY FOR THEFT—OVER $2,000 WORTH OF THE STOLEN GOODS RECOVERED—ARREST OF SEVERAL RECEIVERS.

A few days since, a member of the firm of Messrs. BELL & WHEELOCK, wholesale shoe dealers at No. 69 Worth-street, went to Capt. JOURDAN, of the Sixth Precinct, to whom he stated that for several months past large quantities of their goods had disappeared, in some mysterious manner, from time to time. The gentleman had suspicions that a porter in their employ, named JOHN FARLOW, was in some way connected with the theft, and he therefore desired that Capt. JOURDAN and his men, who have recently been quite successful in similar cases, should take charge of the matter, and, if possible, secure the guilty parties and recover the goods. Capt. JOURDAN and Officer GOLDEN accordingly set to work, and, for two or three nights and mornings they watched the premises very closely. They knew that the porter, FARLOW, not only carried the keys of the store, but he also had charge of the keys to the safe. Suspicion, therefore, rested more strongly on him than upon any other employe of the firm. Moreover, he had, upon several occasions, been seen to leave the premises, after closing the store at night, with packages under his arm. On Tuesday evening last, he closed the store as usual, and started across Broadway with a bulky parcel. Officer GOLDEN, who was watching on the opposite side of the street, followed FARLOW several blocks, until he became satisfied that he had the right man, when he took him into custody. The prisoner and parcel were taken to the station-house. On making an examination of the bundle there, twenty-eight pairs of ladies' shoes, valued at $75, were found therein. FARLOW was questioned by Capt. JOURDAN as to how he had come by them, and the prisoner stated that he had received express permission from the firm to take them away; also that he had never stolen an article from the store. In order to satisfy himself as to the right of the prisoner to take the shoes from the store, Capt. J. sent for one of the firm, when it was ascertained, beyond all question, that FARLOW's design was to steal the goods. He was locked in the station-house during the night, and the next morning he was willing to disclose something of his proceedings. He said that about three times each week, since June last, he had stolen goods from his employers, the great portion of which he had sold to one CONRAD UNDERMACH, a boot and shoe dealer at No. 115 Bowery. A search-warrant was then obtained, and several cases and boxes of ladies' and childrens' shoes and gaiters, all belonging to Messrs. BELL & WHEELOCK were found in the store of UNDERMACH. The value of the goods thus recovered is over $1,200. UNDERMACH stated to the officers that he had purchased them all from FARLOW. He was consequently arrested as a receiver of stolen property.

Upon making a further examination of FARLOW it was ascertained that one CHRISTIAN HOUSER, a salesman at No. 16 Bowery, had purchased large quantities of the stolen shoes. The officers who searched the latter store found over $250 worth of the purloined property. HOUSER said he had bought the shoes of FARLOW; he was, therefore, arrested as a receiver.

FARLOW's residence, No. 22 Catharine-street, was next visited, and ten pairs of fine ladies' gaiters were there found. A woman who gave her name as HANNAH FARLOW, the reputed wife of JOHN FARLOW, was taken into custody as an accomplice in these series of thefts. When examined, she stated that she had for a long time past been in the habit of going to the store of Messrs. BELL & WHEELOCK in the evening, and receiving from FARLOW quantities of shoes, and that after she had conveyed them to his house, he (FARLOW) would often go out in the night time to dispose of them. On this statement of the case, the prisoners were all taken before Justice DOWLING, at the Tombs Police Court, where, after a preliminary examination yesterday afternoon, they were committed. Capt. JOURDAN and Officer GOLDEN are entitled to credit for their efforts in the case.

The Firemen and the Metropolitan Fair.

Last evening, Excelsior Hose Company No. 14 held a reception at their house in West Thirteenth-street, to exhibit the goods they have collected for the fair, and entertain the ladies who have so liberally and promptly contributed to their collection. Owing, however, to the inclemency of the weather, the ladies were unable to attend, and it was therefore decided to have another reception for their benefit this evening. This company have worked well for the fair, and their efforts have been very successful. They have a large number of articles, some very handsome and valuable—several paintings, numerous articles of worsted and needle work, and a variety of articles of ladies' manufacture, are among them. They are working hard, and will endeavor to be second to none in their contributions to the grand collection to be made by the New-York Fire Department to the Metropolitan Fair.

A Splendid Ox to the Fair.

The Ladies of the Soldiers' Aid Societies of Livingston County presented to the Metropolitan Fair, yesterday, through their committee, Messrs. CHARLES H. CARROLL, JASPER BARBER and RICHARD PECK, a mammoth ox, yclept the "Pride of Livingston County." The animal is, literally, a splendid one; is a high-grade Durham, six years old, and weighs 2,600 pounds. His color is pure white, neither spot or blemish about him. He was raised by W. G. MERKLE, from whom he was purchased by the ladies for $1,000. It is claimed that this is the largest and finest ox ever seen in this City, and one of the largest in the world. It would be a good idea for the committee to whom he will be surrendered to place him on exhibition, at a trifling admittance fee. The ladies of Livingston County have, indeed, made a liberal and mammoth contribution.

GENERAL CITY NEWS.

A NEW SPECIES OF VILLANY.—Previous to the establishment of the depot for the reception of emigrants at Castle Garden, one of the evils complained of was the enticing of young girls, recently landed, to disreputable quarters. After the charge of emigrants was placed in the hands of the Commissioners of Emigration, the evil alluded to was abated. Recently, however, it has been renewed, but in a different form. The General Agent of the Commissioners of Emigration had yesterday the following facts brought to his notice: Two German girls, ELIZABETH LETTSING and MARIAH OTTO, arrived Monday on the steamer *America*, from Bremen. They were hired at that city, and their passage paid to this country by a man who represented he engaged them as servants for his brother in New-York. The "brotner" was probably notified of the arrangement by some faster vessel than the *America*, for, upon the arrival of that ship in this harbor, he presented himself on board the vessel and claimed the charge of the girls as their "friend." The police officer sent from Castle Garden to look out for such cases, refused to allow the girls to accompany their new-found friend, but took them before the agent, Mr. BERNARD CASSERLY, who, upon investigation, found that the brother was the keeper of one of the vilest dens in the City. Consequently, Mr. CASSERLY refused to let the claimant have the girls, but secured for them respectable employment in private families.

ARREST ON THE CHARGE OF ROBBERY.—JOHN CARSON was arrested on Tuesday evening by Officer HILLMAN of the Fifth Precinct, charged with being concerned in the robbery of EDWARD FITZGERALD, of No. 44 Greenwich-street. From the affidavit of Mr. FITZGERALD we learn that the latter was in a porter-house on the corner of Desbroses and Washington streets, in a partially intoxicated condition when CARSON and another man whose name is unknown, entered, and volunteered to see FITZGERALD home. About the time they started, the stranger thrust his hand suddenly into his victim's pocket, and stole therefrom $98 in bills, with which he made his escape, and has not been arrested. CARSON was committed to the Tombs by Justice DOWLING, in default of $500 bail.

CONTRIBUTIONS OF THE SEVENTH POLICE TO THE METROPOLITAN FAIR.—Table No. 9 having been assigned to the Seventh Police Precinct, by the Metropolitan Fair Committee of Arrangement, the members of the police of that district have been industriously engaged for several days, assisted by the citizens of the Seventh Ward, in preparing and purchasing articles to fit up their table in a manner worthy of their precinct. They have already a large variety of articles collected. Most of the contributions are very valuable, and evince a disposition on the part of the members of the Seventh Police Precinct to do all that lies in their power to promote the noble object of the Metropolitan Fair.

LIBERALITY FROM THE GAS WORKS.—ALFRED W. CRAVEN, Esq., Chairman of the Committee on Machinery, Metropolitan Fair, has received from the employes in the Manhattan Gas Company Works, at the foot of Eighteenth-street, North River, four hundred dollars as their contribution to the Fair. From the employes of the same Company, at the works foot of Fourteenth-street, East River, he has received three hundred and thirty-three. This handsome and creditable liberality is being emulated in a large number of workshops, factories, &c., and the aggregate amount from such sources will be very large. The committee have been organized but a short time, but great success is promised them.

A NOVEL SERENADE.—A few evenings since, a large delegation from the Newsboys' Lodging House assembled in front of the well-known establishment of KNOX, the hatter, and gave him a serenade. The musical instruments employed were voices given them by Nature, and the songs sung consisted of national and patriotic airs. The occasion of this novel entertainment, was in return for a handsome donation of hats and caps given to the institution by this gentleman, for which the boys desired to snow their gratitude. This incident proves that such donations are appreciated.

FIRE IN A CHURCH.—About twelve o'clock on Tuesday night a fire broke out in the chapel connected with the Fourth-avenue Presbyterian Church, situated at Nos. 288 and 290 Fourth avenue, corner of Twenty-second-street. Much difficulty was experienced by the firemen in getting water on the flames, and, before they could be extinguished, damage to the amount of about $6,000 was done to the premises. The fire originated around the register of the hot-air furnace, and burned through the flooring into several of the pews; it also burned the floors and beams considerably. The building is reported to be fully insured in City companies.

BAD LUCK.—Three weeks since, EDWARD SCHAFFER arrived in this country from Germany. Immediately after landing at Castle Garden, he was induced to enlist by a bounty broker. He received $25, but was swindled out of the balance of his money. After spending three days on Riker's Island, he joined a veteran regiment attached to the Army of the Potomac. Five days after his arrival with the army, he lost a leg and an arm in a skirmish. Yesterday, a letter was received from him at Castle Garden, saying that he would like to have his baggage sent to him at one of the Washington hospitals.

ANOTHER OFFICE.—The American Telegraph Company have opened an office at the St. James Hotel, in this City.

Court Calendar—This Day.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT.—*Part I.*—Calendar unchanged. *Part III.*—Nos. 1352, 1428, 1440, 1450, 1452, 1460, 1462, 1464, 1466, 1468, 1470, 1474, 1476, 1478, 1482, 1484, 1486, 1488, 1490, 1494.

SPECIAL TERM.—No. 13 on Demurred Calendar, Nos. 225, 328 on Calendar issues of law and fact.

Evening Exchange.

100	Erie R.	125¼	100	Rock Island R.	s3 125¾
200	do	125⅜	100	do	125⅜
300	do	s3 125¼	300	Fort Wayne	b3 145
200	do	s5 125¾	800	do	145
100	Erie Pref	s30 114	100	do	s60 139
100	do	114	100	do	144¾
100	do	s3 114	100	do	s3 144¾
400	do	113⅞	300	Chic. & N. W. R.	67
400	do	113¾	100	Mil. & Pr. Du C. R.	85¾
500	do	b3 113⅜	300	Chic. & Alt. P.	100¾
100	do	113½	100	Terre H. & Alt.	84
200	Hudson Riv. R.	160⅜	600	Wabash R.	69
100	do	160⅝	100	Miss & Mo. R.	62¾
200	do	160¾	10,000	Miss. & M. L. G. B	79¾
100	do	s3 160	10,000	do	79
300	do	160	10,000	O. & M. Cer.	66
100	do	s3 159¾	300	Pacific M. S. Co.	235
100	do	s3 159⅞	500	Am. Coal Co	b10 112
700	Harlem R.	122¾	300	Central Coal Co	13⅜
100	do	b2 122¾	100	Canada Cop. Co	11¾
200	do	122⅜	100	do	11¾
1600	do	s30 122	500	Quick. Min. Co.	89
200	Reading R.	151¾	3800	do	88
400	do	152¾	600	do	87¾
200	do	152¾	900	do	87
200	do	b3 152⅜	800	do	87¾
200	do	b2 152¾	50	do	87⅞
200	do	s3 153	3100	do	87¾
400	do	b3 152	100	do	b5 88¼
600	do	153	300	do	88¼
100	Mich. Cen. R.	149	200	do	b3 88⅜
200	Mich. So. R.	116⅞	500	do	83¾
500	do	117	200	do	s30 88
500	do	s3 117	500	do	b10 88¼
300	do	117⅛	500	do	88⅝
500	do	s3 117⅜	400	Maryland Cop. Co.	9
600	do	117¾	200	do	b3 2¼
600	Ill. Cen. R.	149	100	Burl. & Quin.	144
100	Gal. & Chi. R.	125¾			

Cudjo's Cave more than sustains the author's excellent reputation. Though a fiction, it is evidently true in all important particulars. The plot is thrillingly interesting.—*Boston Congregationalist.*

[Advertisement.]

VALUABLE AND CONVENIENT.—"*Brown's Bronchial Troches*" are widely known as an admirable remedy for Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Coughs, and other troubles of the throat and lungs. They are of great value for the purposes for which they are designed, and it should be known that while they are usually and pleasantly efficacious, they contain no hurtful ingredients, but may at all times be used with perfect safety.—*Boston Recorder.*

[Advertisement.]

SIGNS OF CHARACTER, AND HOW TO READ THEM.—Physiognomy, Phrenology, Psychology, Ethnology, with Portraits and Biography, given in the April Number *Illustrated Phrenological Journal.* Now ready. 15 cents, or $1 50 a year.

FOWLER & WELLS, No. 308 Broadway, N. Y.

[Advertisement.]

HERRING'S Patent Champion Fire-proof Safes, and HERRING & FLOYD'S Patent Crystallized Iron—the only material which cannot be drilled—at No. 251 Broadway New-York.

[Advertisement.]

A BAD BREATH THE GREATEST CURSE THE HUMAN FAMILY IS HEIR TO.—How many lovers it has separated—how many friends forever parted! The subject is so delicate your nearest friend will not mention it, and you are ignorant of the fact yourself. To effect a radical cure use the "Balm of a Thousand Flowers" as a dentifrice, night and morning. It also beautifies the complexion, removing all tan, pimples and freckles, leaving the skin soft and white. For sale by all druggists.

[Advertisement.]

E. H. CRAIGE'S Brooklyn Agency for Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing-Machine, No. 336 Fulton-st., up stairs, near City Hall.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises..... 5 47 | Sun sets..... 6 23 | Moon rises. 1 33

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook. 2 00 | Gov. Island.. 2 49 | Hell Gate.. 4 11

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....WEDNESDAY, March 30.

Cleared.

Steamships Baltimore, Lewis, Washington, J. Hand; Olympus, (Br.,) McMickan, Liverpool, E. Cunard; Potomac, Sherwood, Portland; Eagle, Adams, Havana, Spofford, Tileston & Co.

Steamers D. Uden, Phillips, Philadelphia, J. & N. Briggs; Benjamin, Pateh, Essport, Jed Frye & Co.

Ships Atlantic, (Swed.,) Broman, London, Funch, Meincke & Wendt; Missouri, Huges, Glasgow, W. & A. Nelson; Victory, Thomas, Liverpool, D. Ogden; Antonio Terry, (Brem.,) Lewis, Shanghai, Olyphant & Co.

Barks Voyager, (Br.,) Wiley, Montevideo and Buenos Ayres, J. Norton, Jr.; Gustemunde, (Han.,) Kuikin, Glasgow, Funch, Meincke & Wendt; Agnes, (Brem.,) Lemcke, Valparaiso and Calderas, Fabbri & Chauncey; N. H. Gaston, Parmalee, Barbados, Bishop & Brotner.

Brigs Eunomia, (Dan.,) Ezgers, Philadelphia, Funch, Meincke & Wendt; Robert Bruce, (Br.,) Crowell, Matanzas, O. K. King & Co.; William & Mary, Jordan, Asunwall, Thompson & Hunter.

Schooners Rachel Jane, Rooth, Philadelphia, Bentley, Smith & Co.; Harriet Newell, Gould, Philadelphia, T. M. Mayhew; Crusoe, Keller, New-Haven, T. M. Mayhew; Hannah E. Chase, Tryon, Hartford, H. S. Rackett & Son; Mary Cobb, Duncan, Port Royal, Buxley & Co; J. W. Lasley, Lewis, Hilton Head, L. Kenny; Uncle Joe, Shaler, Hartford, M. Briggs & Co.; Indus, (Br.,) Turner, St. Thomas, B. J. Wenberg; Kate, (Br.,) Goodsell, Dinsmore, W. I., A. E. Goodsell; Flying Fish, Thompson, Gloucester, J. H. Stetson; W. D. Mangum, Thatcher, Boston; Union, Pendleton, Portsmouth, J. V. Haviland; Francis, (Br.,) O'Donnell, Greytown, J.